

Converting Colors

RGB(179, 137, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(179, 137, 142) contains.

RGB(179, 137, 142)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(179, 137, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3898E
RGB	179, 137, 142
RGB Percent	70%, 54%, 56%
CMY	0.2980, 0.4627, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.21, 0.30
HSL	353°, 22%, 62%
HSV	353°, 23%, 70%
XYZ	32.4186, 29.4280, 29.5627
YIQ	150.1280, 23.4270, 10.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

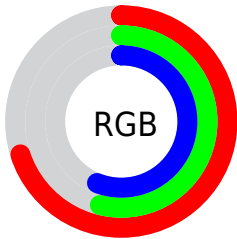
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 137, 142
Decimal	11766158
CIE Lab	61.16, 16.77, 3.52
CIE LCh	61, 17.136, 11.867
Yxy	29.4280, 0.3547, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289956238 (0xFFB3898E)
YUV	150.1280, -4.0071, 25.3207
Hunter-Lab	54.2476, 11.7389, 5.6627

Details

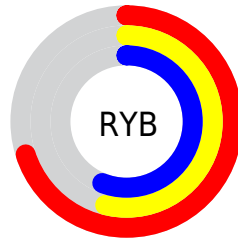
The RGB color **179, 137, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **137, 179, 174**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 191, 196**, and **125, 87, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 119, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 155, 158**.

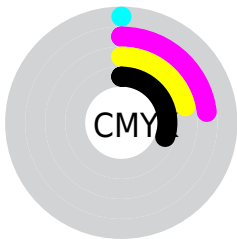
Distribution



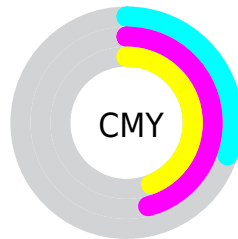
- Red (70%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 179, 137, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 179, 137, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 179, 137, 142


255, 255, 255

 235, 191, 196

 255, 218, 224

 255, 247, 252

 179, 137, 142

 152, 111, 116

 125, 87, 92

 100, 63, 68

 75, 41, 46


 52, 20, 26


 33, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 179, 137, 142

 179, 119, 126

 179, 137, 142

 179, 155, 158

 179, 101, 110

 179, 173, 174

 179, 83, 95

 179, 191, 189

 179, 65, 79

 179, 209, 205

 179, 48, 63

 179, 227, 221

 179, 30, 47

 179, 244, 237

 179, 12, 32

 179, 255, 252

 179, 0, 21

 179, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 138, 157



179, 137, 142



177, 139, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 137, 142



136, 153, 125



119, 152, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 137, 142



137, 179, 174

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 155, 167



179, 137, 142



119, 156, 138

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 137, 142



153, 149, 118



108, 156, 153



138, 147, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 137, 142



172, 142, 121



108, 156, 153



114, 153, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 137, 142



232, 216, 218



173, 137, 179



117, 108, 109



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 137, 142



232, 167, 175



179, 152, 137



89, 80, 81



153, 0, 18



26, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 137, 142



232, 167, 175



137, 164, 179



89, 80, 81



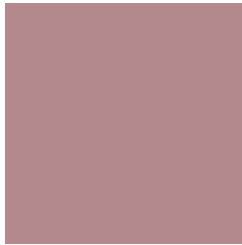
153, 0, 18



26, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 137, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

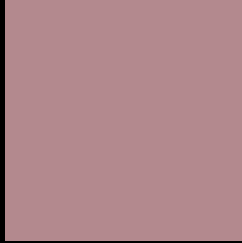
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 137, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 179, 137, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 137, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 137, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


179, 137, 142

Protanopia

150, 147, 148

Deuteranopia

165, 143, 141



Tritanopia
180, 136, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

179, 137, 142

Protanomaly

161, 143, 146

Deuteranomaly

170, 141, 141

Tritanomaly

180, 136, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

179, 137, 142

Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly

161, 145, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 179, 137, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(179, 137, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 137, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 137, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 137, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 179, 137, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 137, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 137, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 137, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 137, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 137, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 137,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 179, 137, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 137, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
137, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor