

Converting Colors

RGB(179, 161, 173)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(179, 161, 173) contains.

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Color

RGB(179, 161, 173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3A1AD
RGB	179, 161, 173
RGB Percent	70%, 63%, 68%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3686, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.03, 0.30
HSL	320°, 11%, 67%
HSV	320°, 10%, 70%
XYZ	38.8781, 38.0906, 44.8383
YIQ	167.7500, 6.8760, 7.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

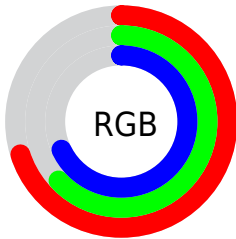
Format	Color
RYB	179, 161, 173
Decimal	11772333
CIELab	68.09, 8.71, -3.82
CIELCh	68, 9.513, 336.334
Yxy	38.0906, 0.3192, 0.3127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289962413 (0xFFB3A1AD)
YUV	167.7500, 2.5882, 9.8663
Hunter-Lab	61.7176, 4.4378, 0.1277

Details

The RGB color **179, 161, 173** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **161, 179, 167**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 216, 228**, and **126, 109, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 143, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 179, 179**.

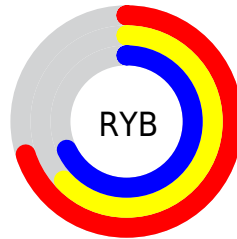
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (63%)

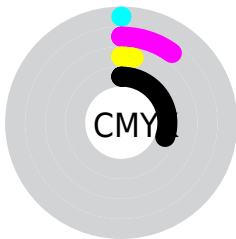
Blue (68%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (68%)

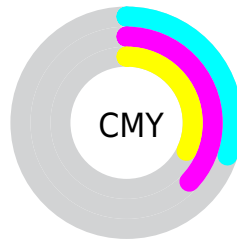


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 179, 161, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 179, 161, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 179, 161, 173


255, 255, 255

 235, 216, 228

 255, 244, 255

 179, 161, 173

 152, 135, 146

 126, 109, 121

 101, 85, 96

 77, 62, 72

 54, 40, 50

 33, 20, 29

 1, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 179, 161, 173

 179, 161, 173

 179, 143, 167

 179, 179, 179

 179, 125, 161


 179, 197, 185

 179, 107, 155


 179, 215, 191

 179, 89, 149


 179, 233, 197

 179, 72, 143


 179, 251, 203

 179, 54, 137

 179, 255, 209

 179, 36, 131

 179, 255, 215

 179, 18, 125

 179, 255, 221

 179, 0, 119

 179, 255, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170, 163, 180



179, 161, 173



184, 160, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 161, 173



171, 166, 149



145, 171, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 161, 173



161, 179, 167

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 171, 167



179, 161, 173



161, 169, 152

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 161, 173



179, 163, 150



152, 170, 159



150, 169, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 161, 173



185, 161, 159



152, 170, 159



145, 171, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 161, 173



232, 225, 230



167, 161, 179



117, 113, 116



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 161, 173



232, 204, 223



179, 161, 164



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 102



26, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 161, 173



232, 204, 223



161, 179, 176



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 102



26, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 161, 173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

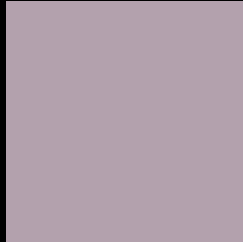
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 161, 173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

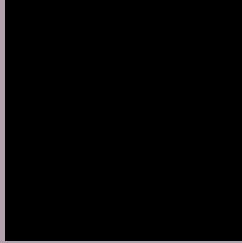
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 179, 161, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 161, 173.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 161, 173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


[179](#), [161](#), [173](#)

Protanopia

[166](#), [165](#), [175](#)

Deuteranopia

[179](#), [161](#), [173](#)



Tritanopia
179, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color

179, 161, 173

Protanomaly

171, 164, 174

Deuteranomaly

179, 161, 173

Tritanomaly

179, 161, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color

179, 161, 173

Achromatopsia

168, 168, 168

Achromatomaly

172, 165, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 179, 161, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(179, 161, 173) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 161, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 161, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 161, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 179, 161, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 161, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 161, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 161, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 161, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 161, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 161,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 179, 161, 173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 161, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
161, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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