

Converting Colors

RGB(179, 191, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(179, 191, 179) contains.

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Color

RGB(179, 191, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3BFB3
RGB	179, 191, 179
RGB Percent	70%, 75%, 70%
CMY	0.2980, 0.2510, 0.2980
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.06, 0.25
HSL	120°, 9%, 73%
HSV	120°, 6%, 75%
XYZ	45.3579, 50.1000, 49.9275
YIQ	186.0440, -3.3000, -6.2760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

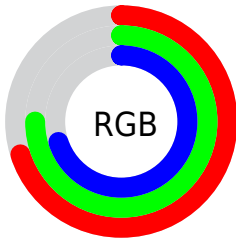
Format	Color
RYB	179, 191, 191
Decimal	11780019
CIELab	76.13, -6.39, 4.62
CIElCh	76, 7.882, 144.116
Yxy	50.1000, 0.3120, 0.3446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289970099 (0xFFB3BFB3)
YUV	186.0440, -3.4727, -6.1776
Hunter-Lab	70.7813, -9.4815, 7.7252

Details

The RGB color **179, 191, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **191, 179, 191**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 247, 235**, and **126, 138, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 191, 160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 191, 198**.

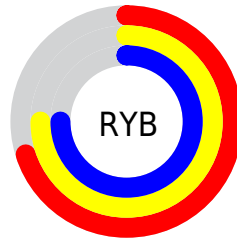
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (75%)

Blue (70%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

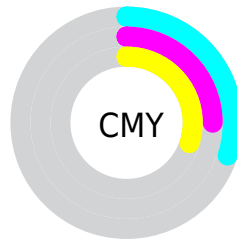


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 179, 191, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 179, 191, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179, 191, 179

255, 255, 255

■ 235, 247, 235

■ 179, 191, 179

■ 152, 164, 152

■ 126, 138, 126

■ 101, 112, 101

■ 77, 88, 77

■ 54, 64, 55


■ 33, 42, 33

■ 11, 22, 11


■ 0, 0, 0

■ 179, 191, 179


■ 179, 191, 179

 160, 191, 160

 198, 191, 198

 141, 191, 141

 217, 191, 217

 122, 191, 122

 236, 191, 236


 103, 191, 103


 255, 191, 255

 83, 191, 83

 64, 191, 64

 45, 191, 45

 26, 191, 26

 7, 191, 7

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 189, 174



179, 191, 179



173, 192, 186

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 191, 179



179, 189, 202



204, 183, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 191, 179



191, 179, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 183, 189



179, 191, 179



188, 186, 201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 191, 179



172, 191, 199



196, 184, 196



201, 184, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 191, 179



170, 192, 191



196, 184, 196



204, 183, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 191, 179



242, 247, 242



191, 191, 179



122, 125, 122



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 191, 179



228, 247, 228



179, 191, 185



85, 94, 85



0, 158, 0



0, 31, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 179, 191



247, 228, 247



191, 179, 185



94, 85, 94



158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 191, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

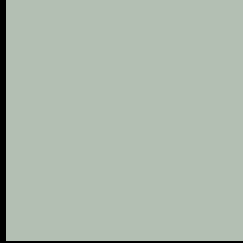
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 191, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

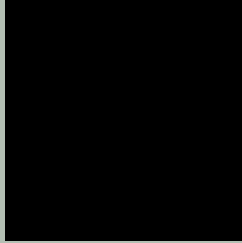
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

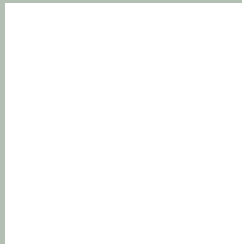
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 179, 191, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 191, 179.

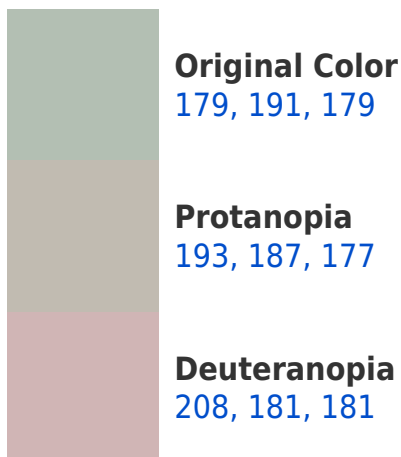


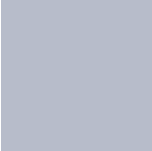
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 191, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
183, 188, 202

Trichromacy



Original Color

179, 191, 179

Protanomaly

188, 188, 178

Deuteranomaly

197, 185, 180

Tritanomaly

182, 189, 194

Monochromacy



Original Color

179, 191, 179

Achromatopsia

186, 186, 186

Achromatomaly

183, 188, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 179, 191, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 191, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 191, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 191, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 191, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 179, 191, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 191, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 191, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 191, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 191, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 191, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 191,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 179, 191, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 191, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
191, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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