

Converting Colors

RGB(179, 227, 236)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(179, 227, 236) contains.

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Color

RGB(179, 227, 236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3E3EC
RGB	179, 227, 236
RGB Percent	70%, 89%, 93%
CMY	0.2980, 0.1098, 0.0745
CMYK	0.24, 0.04, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	189°, 60%, 81%
HSV	189°, 24%, 93%
XYZ	61.1998, 70.5780, 89.7542
YIQ	213.6740, -31.4970, -7.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

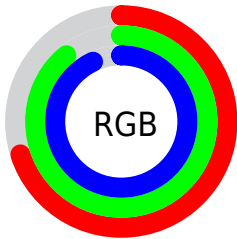
Format	Color
R_{YB}	179, 205, 236
Decimal	11789292
CIE _{Lab}	87.28, -13.41, -9.46
CIE _{LCh}	87, 16.412, 215.190
Yxy	70.5780, 0.2763, 0.3186
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289979372 (0xFFB3E3EC)
YUV	213.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091
Hunter-Lab	84.0107, -16.9857, -4.5359

Details

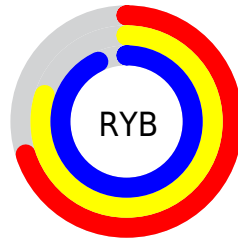
The RGB color `179, 227, 236` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `236, 188, 179`, and the grayscale version is `214, 214, 214`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `236, 255, 255`, and `125, 172, 180` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `155, 223, 236`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `203, 231, 236`.

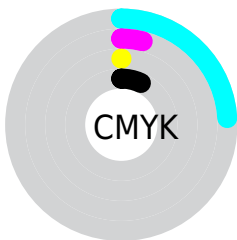
Distribution



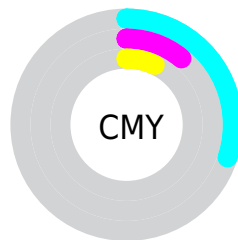
- Red (70%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 179, 227, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 179, 227, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179, 227, 236

255, 255, 255

■ 236, 255, 255

■ 179, 227, 236

■ 152, 199, 208

■ 125, 172, 180

■ 99, 145, 153

■ 73, 119, 127

■ 48, 94, 102

■ 21, 71, 78

■ 0, 48, 56

■ 0, 28, 34

■ 0, 0, 12

 179, 227, 236

 179, 227, 236

 155, 223, 236

 203, 231, 236

 132, 220, 236

 226, 234, 236

 108, 216, 236

 250, 238, 236

 85, 212, 236

 255, 242, 236

 61, 208, 236

 255, 246, 236

 37, 205, 236

 255, 249, 236

 14, 201, 236

 255, 253, 236

 0, 199, 236

 255, 255, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 228, 221



179, 227, 236



188, 224, 246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 227, 236



242, 210, 232



229, 218, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 227, 236



236, 188, 179

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243, 213, 191



179, 227, 236



251, 208, 216

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 227, 236



225, 214, 244



251, 209, 201



211, 223, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 227, 236



199, 221, 249



251, 209, 201



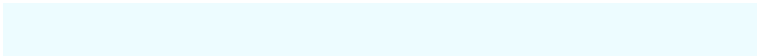
234, 217, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 227, 236



237, 252, 255



179, 236, 188



117, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 227, 236



181, 243, 255



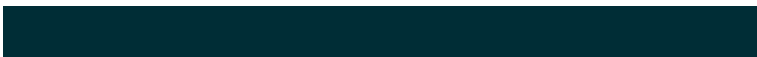
179, 199, 236



106, 115, 117



0, 152, 181



0, 45, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 179, 227



255, 181, 243



236, 216, 179



117, 106, 115



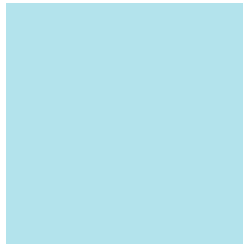
181, 0, 152



54, 0, 45

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 227, 236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

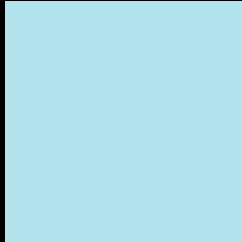
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 227, 236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

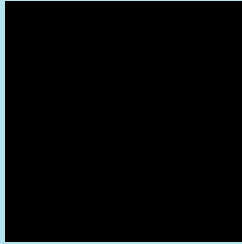
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 179, 227, 236 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 227, 236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 227, 236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

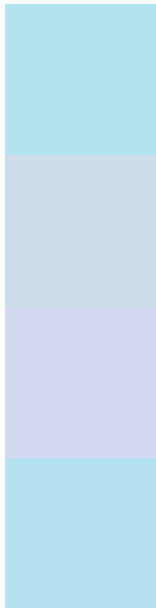
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
181, 226, 244

Trichromacy



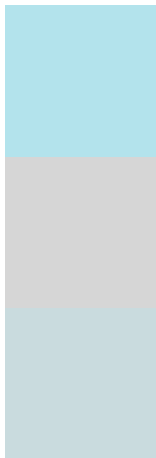
Original Color
179, 227, 236

Protanomaly
204, 221, 232

Deuteranomaly
211, 217, 238

Tritanomaly
180, 226, 241

Monochromacy



Original Color
179, 227, 236

Achromatopsia
214, 214, 214

Achromatomaly
201, 219, 222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 179, 227, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 227, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 227, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 227, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 227, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 179, 227, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 227, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 227, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 227, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 227, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 227, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 227,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 179, 227, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 227, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
227, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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