

# Converting Colors

RGB(179, 65, 95)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(179, 65, 95) contains.

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**Color**

**RGB(179, 65, 95)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B3415F
RGB	179, 65, 95
RGB Percent	70%, 25%, 37%
CMY	0.2980, 0.7451, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.47, 0.30
HSL	344°, 47%, 48%
HSV	344°, 64%, 70%
XYZ	22.5463, 14.1905, 12.3772
YIQ	102.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

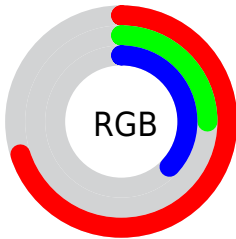
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	179, 65, 95
Decimal	11747679
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.50, 48.72, 7.44
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 49.282, 8.677
Yxy	14.1905, 0.4591, 0.2889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289937759 (0xFFB3415F)
YUV	102.5060, -3.7005, 67.0852
Hunter-Lab	37.6703, 40.9120, 6.8885

# Details

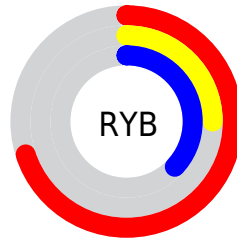
The RGB color **179, 65, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **65, 179, 149**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 119, 145**, and **121, 0, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 47, 82**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179, 83, 108**.

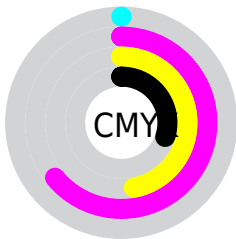
# Distribution



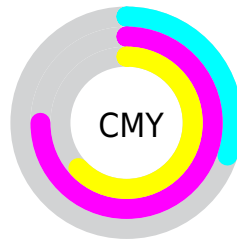
- Red (70%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 179, 65, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 179, 65, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





179, 65, 95



179, 65, 95

255, 255, 255



150, 37, 71



239, 119, 145



121, 0, 49



255, 146, 172



93, 0, 29



255, 174, 199



67, 0, 1



255, 202, 227



38, 0, 1



255, 231, 255



0, 0, 0



179, 65, 95



179, 65, 95



179, 47, 82



179, 83, 108



179, 29, 69





179, 101, 121

 179, 11, 55


 179, 119, 135

 179, 0, 47

 179, 137, 148

 179, 155, 161

 179, 172, 174

 179, 190, 187

 179, 208, 201

 179, 226, 214

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164, 72, 136



179, 65, 95



173, 75, 56

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179, 65, 95



71, 117, 36



0, 118, 181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179, 65, 95



65, 179, 149

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 123, 156



179, 65, 95



0, 123, 74

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179, 65, 95



115, 107, 9



0, 125, 116



32, 106, 187

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179, 65, 95



159, 87, 34



0, 125, 116



0, 120, 175



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179, 65, 95



232, 188, 200



149, 65, 179



117, 90, 97



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179, 65, 95



232, 56, 102



179, 92, 65



89, 80, 83



153, 0, 40



26, 0, 7



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 65, 95



232, 56, 102



65, 152, 179



89, 80, 83



153, 0, 40



26, 0, 7



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 179, 65, 95 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

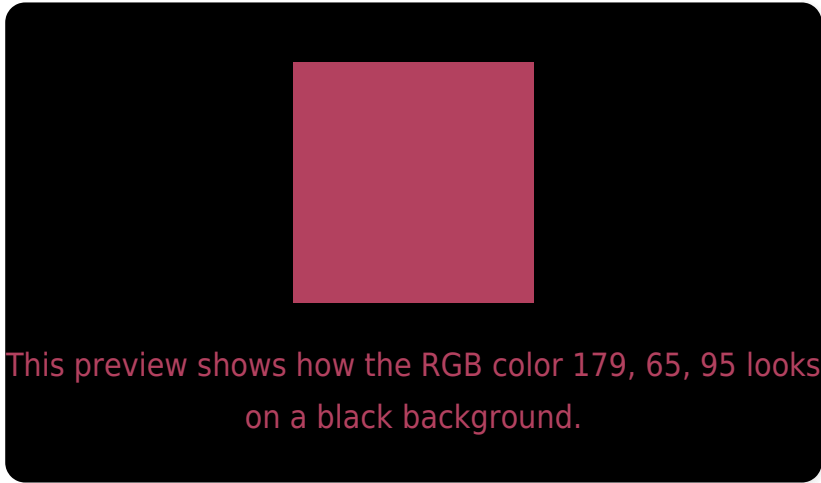
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 179, 65, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 65, 95.

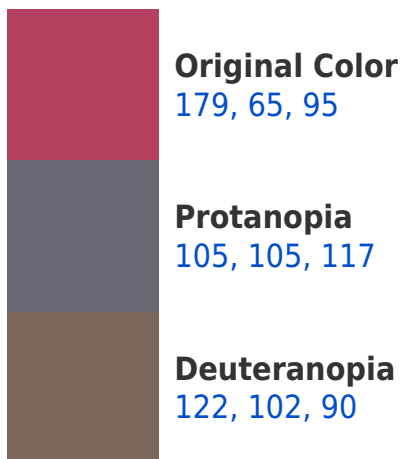


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 179, 65, 95.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
178, 69, 74

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

179, 65, 95

**Protanomaly**

132, 90, 109

**Deuteranomaly**

143, 89, 92

**Tritanomaly**

178, 68, 82

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

179, 65, 95

**Achromatopsia**

103, 103, 103

**Achromatomaly**

131, 89, 100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 179, 65, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 65, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 65, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 65, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 65, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 179, 65, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 65, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 65, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 65, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 65, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 65, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 65,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 179, 65, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 65, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179, 65,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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