

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 109, 150)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 109, 150) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 109, 150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B46D96
RGB	180, 109, 150
RGB Percent	71%, 43%, 59%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5725, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.17, 0.29
HSL	325°, 32%, 57%
HSV	325°, 39%, 71%
XYZ	29.7961, 22.8426, 31.6928
YIQ	134.9030, 29.1550, 27.8030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

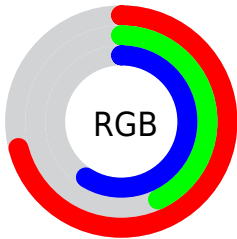
Format	Color
R_{YB}	180, 109, 150
Decimal	11824534
CIE _{Lab}	54.91, 34.01, -10.29
CIE _{LCh}	55, 35.535, 343.173
Yxy	22.8426, 0.3533, 0.2709
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290014614 (0xFFB46D96)
YUV	134.9030, 7.4428, 39.5501
Hunter-Lab	47.7939, 27.6425, -5.8603

Details

The RGB color **180, 109, 150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **109, 180, 139**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 162, 204**, and **126, 59, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180, 91, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180, 127, 158**.

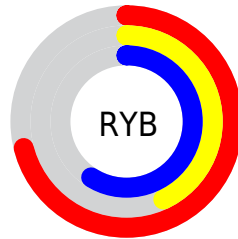
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (43%)

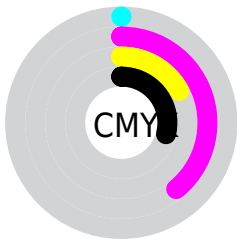
Blue (59%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (59%)

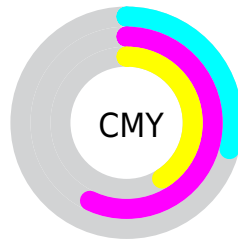


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)


Magenta (57%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 109, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 109, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 180, 109, 150


255, 255, 255

 237, 162, 204

 255, 189, 232

 255, 217, 255

 255, 246, 255

 180, 109, 150

 152, 84, 124

 126, 59, 99

 99, 35, 75

 74, 8, 53

 50, 0, 31


 24, 0, 4


 0, 0, 0

 180, 109, 150


 180, 91, 142


 180, 109, 150


 180, 127, 158

 180, 73, 135


 180, 145, 165


 180, 55, 127

 180, 163, 173

 180, 37, 120


 180, 181, 180

 180, 19, 112

 180, 199, 188

 180, 1, 104

 180, 217, 196

 180, 0, 104

 180, 235, 203

 180, 253, 211

 180, 255, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 118, 176



180, 109, 150



191, 107, 119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 109, 150



138, 134, 70



0, 145, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 109, 150



109, 180, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 148, 144



180, 109, 150



103, 142, 85

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 109, 150



166, 124, 72



62, 146, 113



44, 139, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 109, 150



188, 110, 99



62, 146, 113



0, 147, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 109, 150



235, 206, 223



139, 109, 180



117, 101, 110



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 109, 150



235, 124, 188



180, 109, 115



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 88



26, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 109, 150



235, 124, 188



109, 180, 174



89, 80, 85



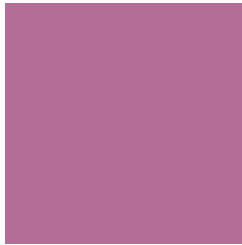
153, 0, 88



26, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 109, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

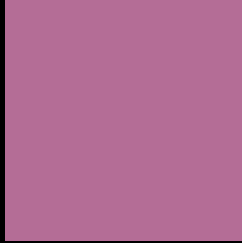
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 109, 150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

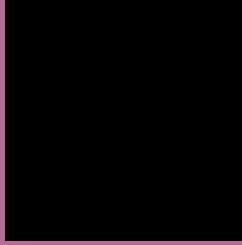
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 109, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 109, 150.

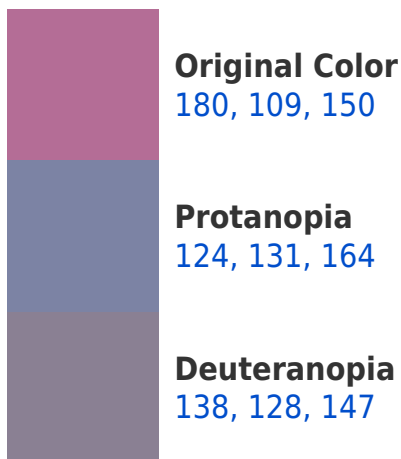


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 109, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
177, 114, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color
180, 109, 150

Protanomaly
144, 123, 159

Deuteranomaly
153, 121, 148

Tritanomaly
178, 112, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color
180, 109, 150

Achromatopsia
135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly
151, 126, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 109, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 109, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 109, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 109, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 109, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 109, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 109, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 109, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 109, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 109, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 109, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 109,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 109, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 109, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
109, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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