

# Converting Colors

RGB(180, 120, 203)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(180, 120, 203) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(180, 120, 203)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B478CB
RGB	180, 120, 203
RGB Percent	71%, 47%, 80%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5294, 0.2039
CMYK	0.11, 0.41, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	283°, 44%, 63%
HSV	283°, 41%, 80%
XYZ	36.3184, 27.4480, 59.8837
YIQ	147.4020, 9.1170, 38.5330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

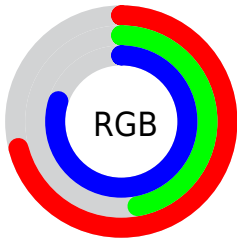
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 120, 203
Decimal	11827403
CIELab	59.39, 37.88, -33.89
CIELCh	59, 50.827, 318.189
Yxy	27.4480, 0.2937, 0.2220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290017483 (0xFFB478CB)
YUV	147.4020, 27.4098, 28.5884
Hunter-Lab	52.3909, 32.0556, -31.0959

# Details

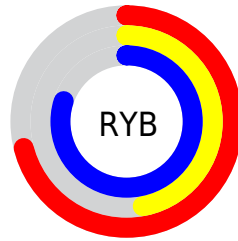
The RGB color **180, 120, 203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **143, 203, 120**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 173, 255**, and **126, 70, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 100, 203**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 140, 203**.

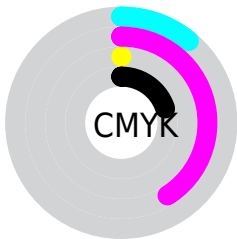
# Distribution



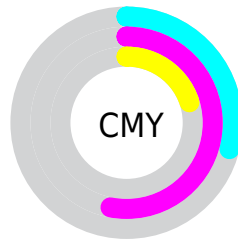
- Red (71%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 120, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 120, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 180, 120, 203

255, 255, 255

 237, 173, 255

 255, 201, 255

 255, 230, 255

 180, 120, 203

 152, 94, 175


 126, 70, 148

 99, 45, 122

 74, 20, 97

 49, 0, 73


 30, 0, 50

 0, 1, 28


 0, 0, 0


 180, 120, 203


 180, 120, 203

 174, 100, 203

 186, 140, 203

 169, 79, 203


 191, 161, 203

 163, 59, 203

 197, 181, 203

 157, 39, 203

 203, 201, 203

 152, 19, 203

 208, 222, 203

 147, 0, 203

 214, 242, 203

 219, 255, 203

 225, 255, 203

 231, 255, 203

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 138, 228



180, 120, 203



216, 106, 163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 120, 203



183, 134, 52



0, 165, 169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 120, 203



143, 203, 120

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 164, 123



180, 120, 203



142, 149, 52

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 120, 203



213, 117, 78



89, 159, 81



0, 162, 209

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 120, 203



225, 103, 132



89, 159, 81



0, 165, 154



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 120, 203



247, 224, 255



120, 144, 203



123, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 120, 203



220, 130, 255



203, 120, 185



99, 92, 102



120, 0, 166



28, 0, 38



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 120, 143



255, 130, 165



120, 203, 138



102, 92, 95



166, 0, 46

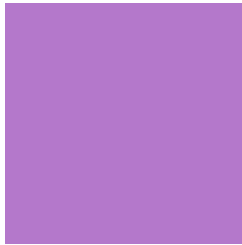


38, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 120, 203 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

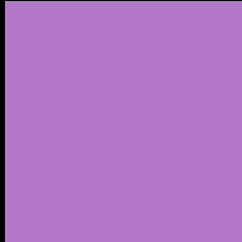
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 120, 203 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

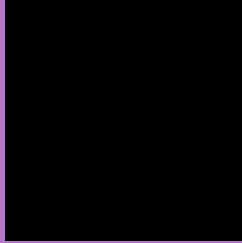
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 180, 120, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 120, 203.

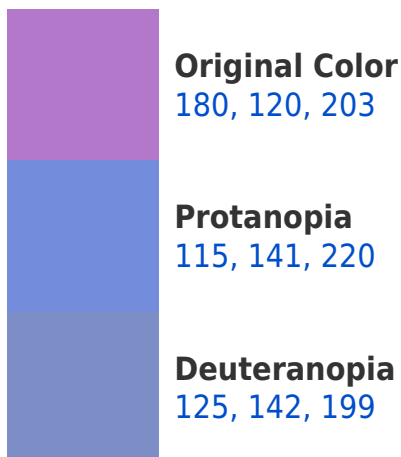



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 120, 203.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
171, 133, 143

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

180, 120, 203



**Protanomaly**

139, 133, 214



**Deuteranomaly**

145, 134, 200



**Tritanomaly**

174, 128, 165

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

180, 120, 203



**Achromatopsia**

147, 147, 147



**Achromatomaly**

159, 137, 167

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 120, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 120, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 120, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 120, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 120, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 120, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 120, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 120, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 120, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 120, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 120, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 120,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 120, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 120, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
120, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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