

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 124, 238)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 124, 238) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 124, 238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B47CEE
RGB	180, 124, 238
RGB Percent	71%, 49%, 93%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5137, 0.0667
CMYK	0.24, 0.48, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	269°, 77%, 71%
HSV	269°, 48%, 93%
XYZ	41.4627, 30.2916, 84.5505
YIQ	153.7400, -3.2180, 47.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

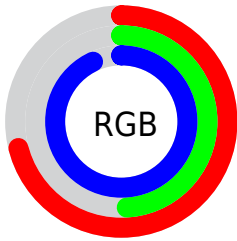
Format	Color
RYB	180, 124, 238
Decimal	11828462
CIELab	61.91, 43.41, -49.51
CIELCh	62, 65.846, 311.243
Yxy	30.2916, 0.2653, 0.1938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290018542 (0xFFB47CEE)
YUV	153.7400, 41.5402, 23.0300
Hunter-Lab	55.0378, 38.1564, -52.5562

Details

The RGB color **180, 124, 238** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **182, 238, 124**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238, 178, 255**, and **124, 73, 181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168, 100, 238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 148, 238**.

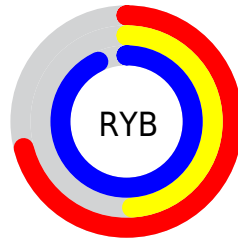
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (49%)

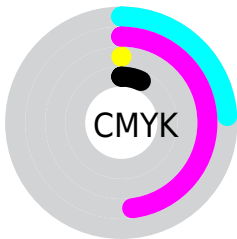
Blue (93%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (93%)

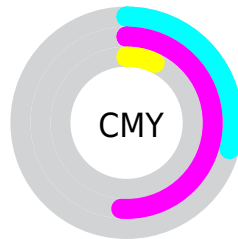


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (29%)


Magenta (51%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 124, 238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 124, 238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 180, 124, 238

255, 255, 255

 238, 178, 255

 255, 206, 255

 255, 234, 255

 180, 124, 238

 152, 98, 209

 124, 73, 181

 97, 49, 154

 70, 24, 128

 42, 0, 102

 15, 0, 77


 0, 0, 54


 0, 2, 31


 0, 0, 3

 180, 124, 238

 180, 124, 238

 168, 100, 238

 192, 148, 238

 156, 76, 238


 204, 172, 238


 144, 53, 238

 216, 195, 238

 132, 29, 238

 228, 219, 238

 119, 5, 238

 241, 243, 238

 117, 0, 238

 253, 255, 238

 255, 255, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60, 149, 255



180, 124, 238



235, 99, 188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 124, 238



208, 133, 27



0, 177, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 124, 238



182, 238, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 174, 110



180, 124, 238



158, 154, 4

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 124, 238



243, 108, 75



93, 167, 54



0, 175, 225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 124, 238



252, 91, 150



93, 167, 54



0, 177, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 124, 238



237, 219, 255



124, 183, 238



116, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 124, 238



181, 110, 255



236, 124, 238



114, 108, 120



90, 0, 184



28, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 124, 182



255, 110, 184



126, 238, 124



120, 108, 114



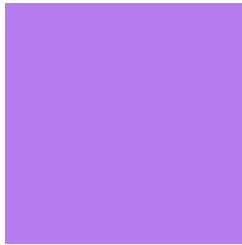
184, 0, 93



56, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 124, 238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

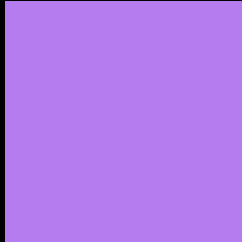
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 124, 238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

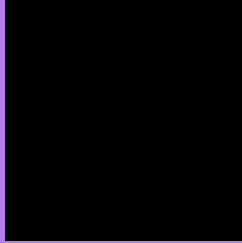
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 124, 238 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 124, 238.

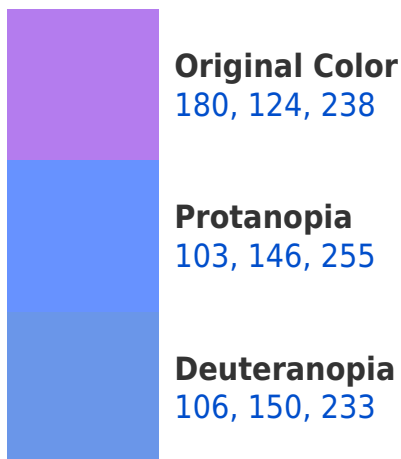


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 124, 238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
165, 144, 155

Trichromacy



Original Color

180, 124, 238



Protanomaly

131, 138, 249



Deuteranomaly

133, 141, 235



Tritanomaly

170, 137, 185

Monochromacy



Original Color

180, 124, 238



Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154



Achromatomaly

163, 143, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 124, 238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 124, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 124, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 124, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 124, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 124, 238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 124, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 124, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 124, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 124, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 124, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 124,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 124, 238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 124, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
124, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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