

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 177, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 177, 194) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 177, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B1C2
RGB	180, 177, 194
RGB Percent	71%, 69%, 76%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3059, 0.2392
CMYK	0.07, 0.09, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	251°, 12%, 73%
HSV	251°, 9%, 76%
XYZ	44.2821, 45.0426, 57.3991
YIQ	179.8350, -3.6690, 5.9230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

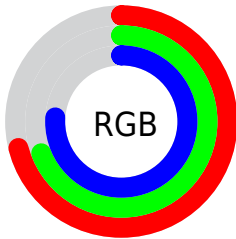
Format	Color
RYB	180, 177, 194
Decimal	11841986
CIELab	72.92, 4.34, -8.25
CIELCh	73, 9.325, 297.730
Yxy	45.0426, 0.3018, 0.3070
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032066 (0xFFB4B1C2)
YUV	179.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447
Hunter-Lab	67.1138, 0.3263, -3.7281

Details

The RGB color **180, 177, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **191, 194, 177**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236, 233, 250**, and **127, 124, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 158, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 196, 194**.

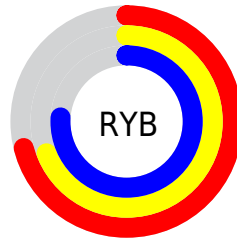
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (69%)

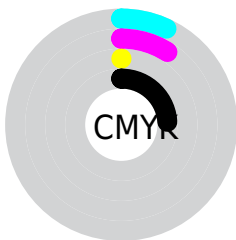
Blue (76%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (76%)

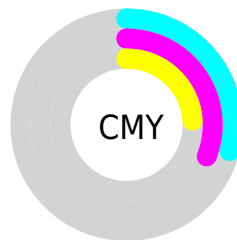


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 177, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 177, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 180, 177, 194

255, 255, 255

■ 236, 233, 250

■ 180, 177, 194

■ 153, 150, 167

■ 127, 124, 140

■ 102, 100, 115

■ 78, 76, 90

■ 55, 53, 67

■ 34, 32, 45

■ 12, 8, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 180, 177, 194

■ 180, 177, 194

■ 164, 158, 194

■ 196, 196, 194

■ 148, 138, 194

■ 212, 216, 194

■ 132, 119, 194

■ 228, 235, 194

■ 116, 99, 194

■ 244, 255, 194

■ 100, 80, 194

■ 255, 255, 194

■ 84, 61, 194

■ 68, 41, 194

■ 52, 22, 194

■ 36, 2, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169, 180, 196



180, 177, 194



190, 175, 188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 177, 194



194, 175, 165



160, 184, 178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 177, 194



191, 194, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168, 183, 170



180, 177, 194



187, 178, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 177, 194



198, 174, 171



177, 181, 164



158, 184, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 177, 194



194, 174, 183



177, 181, 164



162, 184, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 177, 194



246, 245, 252



177, 191, 194



123, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 177, 194



230, 225, 252



188, 177, 194



89, 87, 97



28, 0, 161



6, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 177, 191



252, 225, 248



183, 194, 177



97, 87, 95



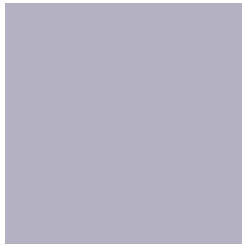
161, 0, 132



33, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 177, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

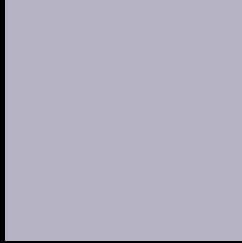
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 177, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

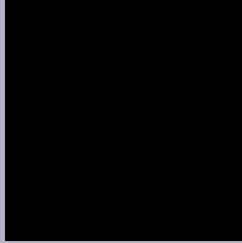
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

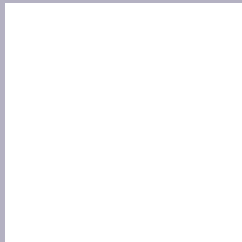
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 177, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 177, 194.

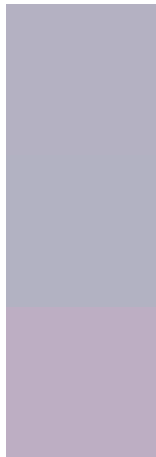


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 177, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
180, 177, 194

Protanopia
178, 178, 194

Deuteranopia
189, 174, 195



Tritanopia
180, 177, 191

Trichromacy



Original Color

180, 177, 194

Protanomaly

179, 178, 194

Deuteranomaly

186, 175, 195

Tritanomaly

180, 177, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color

180, 177, 194

Achromatopsia

180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly

180, 179, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 177, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(180, 177, 194) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 177, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 177, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 177, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 177, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 177, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 177, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 177, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 177, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 177, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 177,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 177, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 177, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
177, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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