

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 178, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 178, 193) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 178, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B2C1
RGB	180, 178, 193
RGB Percent	71%, 70%, 76%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3020, 0.2431
CMYK	0.07, 0.08, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	248°, 11%, 73%
HSV	248°, 8%, 76%
XYZ	44.3684, 45.3943, 56.8756
YIQ	180.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

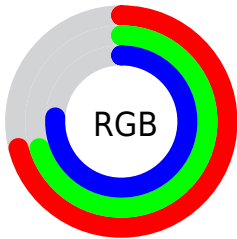
Format	Color
R_{YB}	180, 178, 193
Decimal	11842241
CIE Lab	73.15, 3.60, -7.36
CIE LCh	73, 8.194, 296.026
Yxy	45.3943, 0.3026, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032321 (0xFFB4B2C1)
YUV	180.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701
Hunter-Lab	67.3753, -0.3599, -2.8876

Details

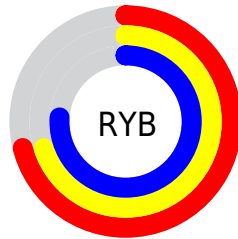
The RGB color **180, 178, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **191, 193, 178**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236, 234, 249**, and **127, 125, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 159, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 197, 193**.

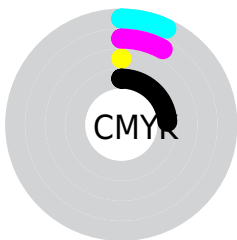
Distribution



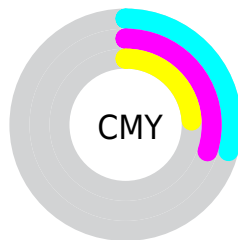
- Red (71%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 178, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 178, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 180, 178, 193

255, 255, 255

■ 236, 234, 249

■ 180, 178, 193

■ 153, 151, 166

■ 127, 125, 140

■ 102, 100, 114

■ 78, 77, 90

■ 55, 54, 66

■ 34, 33, 44

■ 12, 9, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 180, 178, 193

■ 180, 178, 193

■ 163, 159, 193

■ 197, 197, 193

■ 147, 139, 193

■ 213, 217, 193

■ 130, 120, 193

■ 230, 236, 193

■ 113, 101, 193

■ 247, 255, 193

■ 96, 82, 193

■ 255, 255, 193

■ 80, 62, 193

■ 63, 43, 193

■ 46, 24, 193

■ 29, 4, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 181, 194



180, 178, 193



189, 176, 188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 178, 193



193, 176, 167



164, 184, 178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 178, 193



191, 193, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170, 183, 171



180, 178, 193



187, 179, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 178, 193



196, 175, 173



179, 181, 166



161, 184, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 178, 193



193, 175, 183



179, 181, 166



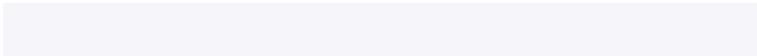
165, 184, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 178, 193



246, 245, 250



178, 191, 193



123, 122, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 178, 193



230, 227, 250



187, 178, 193



89, 87, 97



21, 0, 161



4, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 178, 191



250, 227, 247



183, 193, 178



97, 87, 96



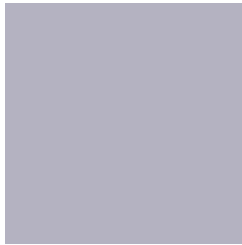
161, 0, 139



33, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 178, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

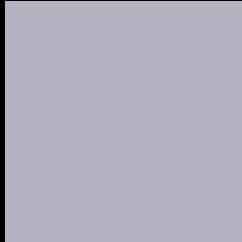
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 178, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

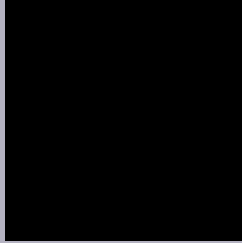
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

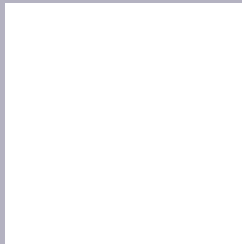
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 178, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 178, 193.

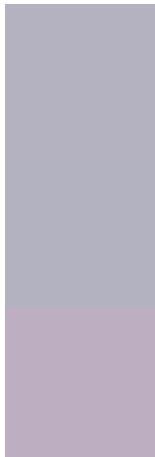


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 178, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
180, 178, 193

Protanopia
179, 178, 193

Deuteranopia
190, 174, 194



Tritanopia
180, 178, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color
180, 178, 193

Protanomaly
179, 178, 193

Deuteranomaly
186, 175, 194

Tritanomaly
180, 178, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color
180, 178, 193

Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly
180, 179, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 178, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(180, 178, 193) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 178, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 178, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 178, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 178, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 178, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 178, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 178, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 178, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 178, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 178,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 178, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 178, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
178, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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