

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 195, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 195, 204) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 195, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4C3CC
RGB	180, 195, 204
RGB Percent	71%, 76%, 80%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2353, 0.2000
CMYK	0.12, 0.04, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	203°, 19%, 75%
HSV	203°, 12%, 80%
XYZ	49.2366, 53.0931, 64.7797
YIQ	191.5410, -11.8290, -0.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

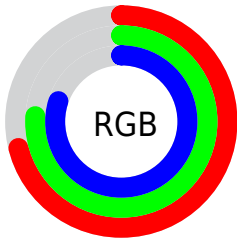
Format	Color
R _Y B	180, 189, 204
Decimal	11846604
CIE Lab	77.93, -3.31, -6.26
CIE LCh	78, 7.083, 242.160
Yxy	53.0931, 0.2946, 0.3177
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290036684 (0xFFB4C3CC)
YUV	191.5410, 6.1423, -10.1215
Hunter-Lab	72.8650, -6.8973, -1.7055

Details

The RGB color **180, 195, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **204, 189, 180**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236, 252, 255**, and **127, 141, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 187, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **200, 203, 204**.

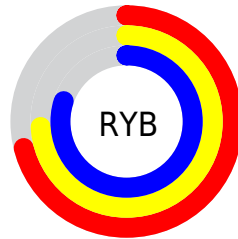
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (76%)

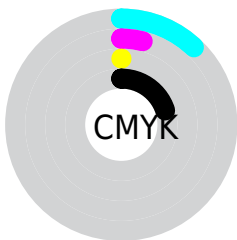
Blue (80%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (80%)

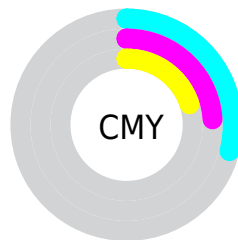


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 195, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 195, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 180, 195, 204

255, 255, 255

■ 236, 252, 255

■ 180, 195, 204

■ 153, 168, 177

■ 127, 141, 150

■ 102, 116, 124

■ 78, 91, 99

■ 55, 68, 75

■ 33, 46, 53

■ 12, 25, 31

■ 0, 0, 7

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 180, 195, 204

■ 180, 195, 204

■ 160, 187, 204

■ 200, 203, 204

■ 139, 180, 204

■ 221, 210, 204

■ 119, 172, 204

■ 241, 218, 204

■ 98, 164, 204

■ 255, 226, 204

■ 78, 157, 204

■ 255, 233, 204

■ 58, 149, 204

■ 255, 241, 204

■ 37, 141, 204

■ 255, 249, 204

■ 17, 134, 204

■ 255, 255, 204

■ 0, 127, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 196, 199



180, 195, 204



187, 193, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 195, 204



206, 188, 192



190, 194, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 195, 204



204, 189, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 192, 180



180, 195, 204



207, 189, 186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 195, 204



202, 189, 199



204, 190, 181



183, 196, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 195, 204



192, 192, 205



204, 190, 181



193, 194, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 195, 204



245, 251, 255



180, 204, 189



121, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



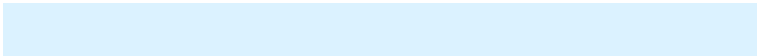
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 195, 204



219, 242, 255



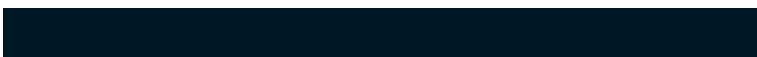
180, 183, 204



92, 98, 102



0, 104, 166



0, 24, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 180, 195



255, 219, 242



204, 201, 180



102, 92, 98



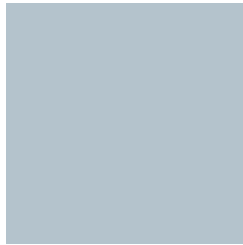
166, 0, 104



38, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 195, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 195, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

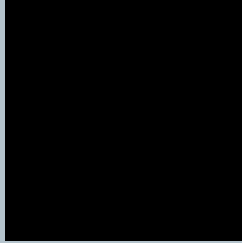
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

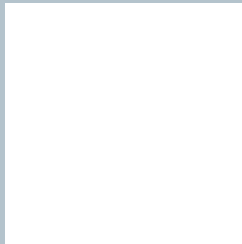
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 195, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 195, 204.

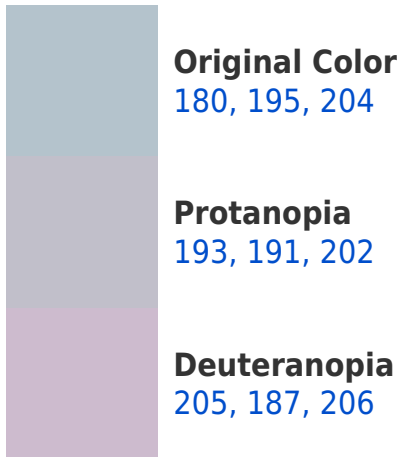


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 195, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
181, 194, 210

Trichromacy



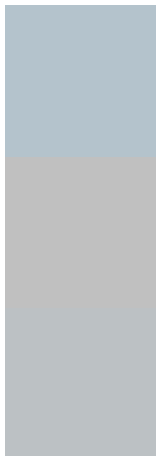
Original Color
180, 195, 204

Protanomaly
188, 192, 203

Deuteranomaly
196, 190, 205

Tritanomaly
181, 194, 208

Monochromacy



Original Color
180, 195, 204

Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192

Achromatomaly
188, 193, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 195, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 195, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 195, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 195, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 195, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 195, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 195, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 195, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 195, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 195, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 195, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 195,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 195, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 195, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
195, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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