

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 205, 251)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 205, 251) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 205, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4CDFB
RGB	180, 205, 251
RGB Percent	71%, 80%, 98%
CMY	0.2941, 0.1961, 0.0157
CMYK	0.28, 0.18, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	219°, 90%, 85%
HSV	219°, 28%, 98%
XYZ	58.0663, 60.3310, 99.8514
YIQ	202.7690, -29.6660, 9.0060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

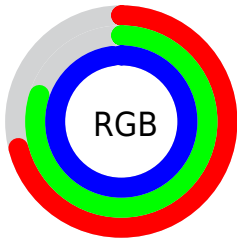
Format	Color
RYB	180, 198, 251
Decimal	11849211
CIELab	82.02, 1.77, -25.31
CIElCh	82, 25.375, 273.999
Yxy	60.3310, 0.2661, 0.2764
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290039291 (0xFFB4CDFB)
YUV	202.7690, 23.7779, -19.9684
Hunter-Lab	77.6730, -2.4859, -21.8483

Details

The RGB color **180, 205, 251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **251, 226, 180**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 255, 255**, and **126, 151, 194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 189, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 221, 251**.

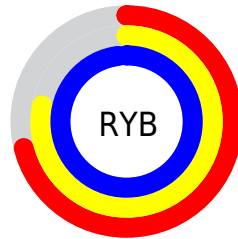
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (80%)

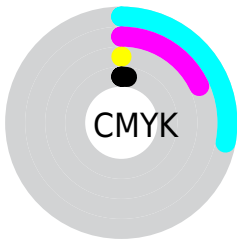
Blue (98%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (98%)

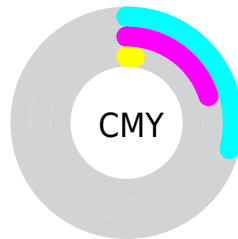


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 205, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 205, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 180, 205, 251


255, 255, 255


 237, 255, 255

 180, 205, 251


 152, 178, 222

 126, 151, 194

 99, 125, 167

 74, 100, 141

 48, 76, 115

 20, 54, 90

 0, 33, 67

 0, 9, 44

 0, 1, 23

■ 180, 205, 251

■ 180, 205, 251

■ 155, 189, 251

■ 205, 221, 251

■ 130, 172, 251

■ 230, 238, 251

■ 105, 156, 251

■ 255, 254, 251

■ 80, 140, 251

■ 255, 255, 251

■ 55, 124, 251

■ 29, 107, 251

■ 4, 91, 251

■ 0, 88, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 212, 246



180, 205, 251



212, 197, 243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 205, 251



252, 189, 178



166, 216, 182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 205, 251



251, 226, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192, 211, 164



180, 205, 251



240, 195, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 205, 251



251, 187, 202



219, 203, 157



144, 218, 206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 205, 251



230, 192, 232



219, 203, 157



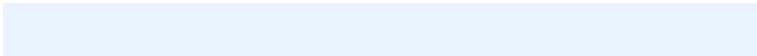
174, 214, 175

Sweetspot

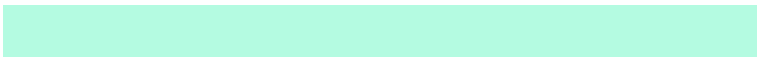
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 205, 251



235, 242, 255



180, 251, 225



115, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 205, 251



168, 199, 255



189, 180, 251



112, 117, 125



0, 66, 189



0, 22, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 180, 205



255, 168, 199



242, 251, 180



125, 112, 117



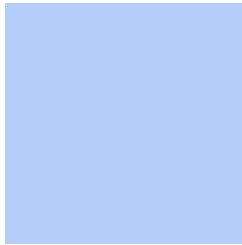
189, 0, 66



61, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 205, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

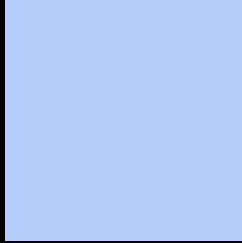
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 205, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

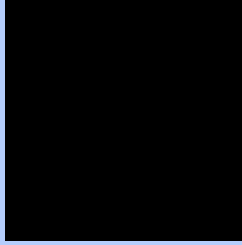
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

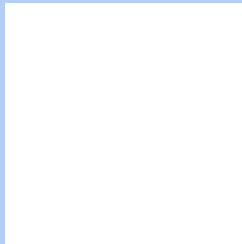
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 205, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 205, 251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 205, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
180, 205, 251

Protanopia
193, 202, 249

Deuteranopia
199, 199, 252

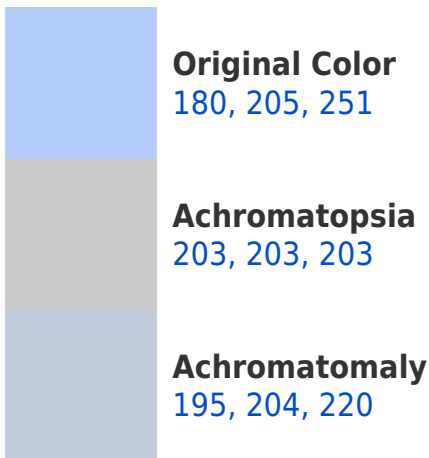


Tritanopia
175, 209, 226

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 205, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 205, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 205, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 205, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 205, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 205, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 205, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 205, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 205, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 205, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 205, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 205,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 205, 251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 205, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
205, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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