

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 218, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 218, 235) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 218, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4DAEB
RGB	180, 218, 235
RGB Percent	71%, 85%, 92%
CMY	0.2941, 0.1451, 0.0784
CMYK	0.23, 0.07, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	199°, 58%, 81%
HSV	199°, 23%, 92%
XYZ	58.8892, 65.8443, 88.2027
YIQ	208.5760, -28.1050, -2.7690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

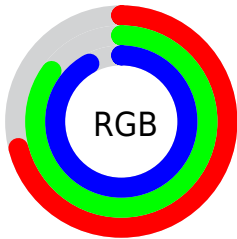
Format	Color
RYB	180, 202, 235
Decimal	11852523
CIELab	84.92, -8.73, -12.44
CIELCh	85, 15.203, 234.943
Yxy	65.8443, 0.2766, 0.3092
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290042603 (0xFFB4DAEB)
YUV	208.5760, 13.0270, -25.0612
Hunter-Lab	81.1445, -12.4596, -7.6461

Details

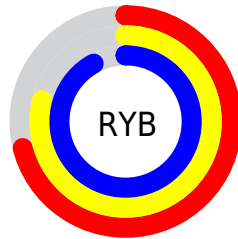
The RGB color **180, 218, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **235, 197, 180**, and the grayscale version is **208, 208, 208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 255, 255**, and **126, 163, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157, 211, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 225, 235**.

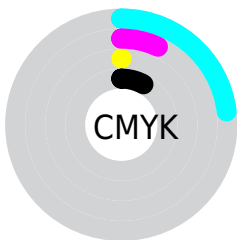
Distribution



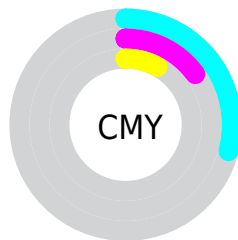
- Red (71%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 218, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 218, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 180, 218, 235


255, 255, 255


 237, 255, 255


 180, 218, 235

 153, 190, 207

 126, 163, 179

 100, 137, 152

 75, 111, 127

 50, 87, 102

 25, 64, 78

 0, 42, 55

 0, 22, 33

 0, 0, 9

 180, 218, 235


 180, 218, 235

 157, 211, 235


 204, 225, 235

 133, 203, 235


 227, 233, 235

 110, 196, 235


 251, 240, 235

 86, 189, 235


 255, 247, 235

 63, 182, 235

 255, 254, 235

 39, 174, 235

 255, 255, 235

 16, 167, 235

 0, 162, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 220, 224



180, 218, 235



194, 214, 240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 218, 235



240, 202, 215



211, 215, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 218, 235



235, 197, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



226, 210, 184



180, 218, 235



243, 203, 201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 218, 235



229, 205, 229



238, 206, 189



194, 219, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 218, 235



206, 211, 240



238, 206, 189



216, 213, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 218, 235



237, 249, 255



180, 235, 197



117, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



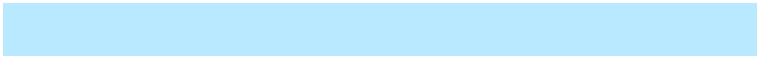
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 218, 235



184, 233, 255



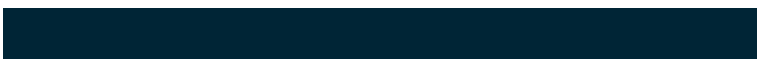
180, 191, 235



106, 114, 117



0, 125, 181



0, 37, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 180, 218



255, 184, 233



235, 224, 180



117, 106, 114



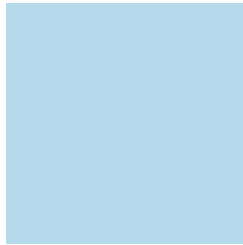
181, 0, 125



54, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 218, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

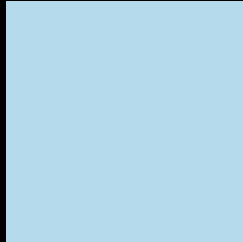
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 218, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

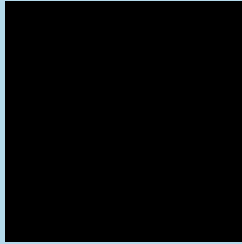
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

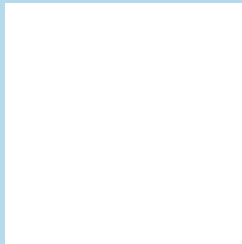
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 218, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 218, 235.

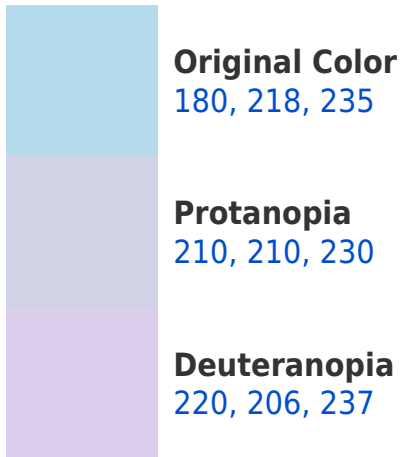


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 218, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



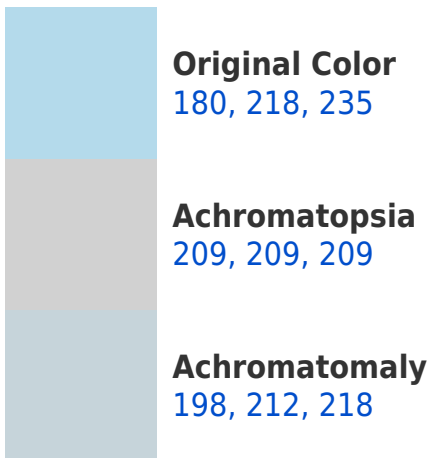


Tritanopia
180, 218, 235

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 218, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 218, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 218, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 218, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 218, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 218, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 218, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 218, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 218, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 218, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 218, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 218,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 218, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 218, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
218, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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