

Converting Colors

RGB(180, 41, 205)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(180, 41, 205) contains.

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Color

RGB(180, 41, 205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B429CD
RGB	180, 41, 205
RGB Percent	71%, 16%, 80%
CMY	0.2941, 0.8392, 0.1961
CMYK	0.12, 0.80, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	291°, 67%, 48%
HSV	291°, 80%, 80%
XYZ	30.6348, 15.6970, 59.1728
YIQ	101.2570, 30.2000, 80.4720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

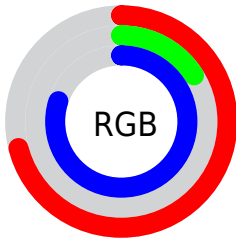
Format	Color
R_{YB}	180, 41, 205
Decimal	11807181
CIE _{Lab}	46.57, 73.10, -55.32
CIE _{LCh}	47, 91.675, 322.880
Yxy	15.6970, 0.2904, 0.1488
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289997261 (0xFFB429CD)
YUV	101.2570, 51.1453, 69.0576
Hunter-Lab	39.6194, 68.6871, -60.8179

Details

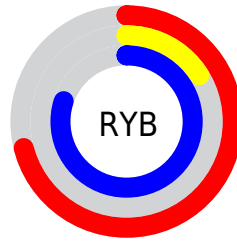
The RGB color **180, 41, 205** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **66, 205, 41**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 104, 255**, and **122, 0, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177, 20, 205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183, 62, 205**.

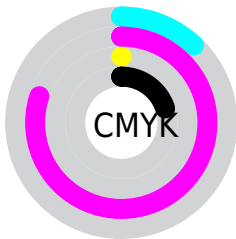
Distribution



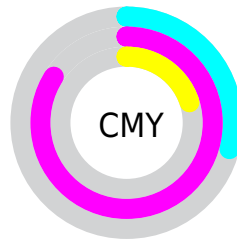
- Red (71%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 180, 41, 205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 180, 41, 205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 180, 41, 205

 180, 41, 205

255, 255, 255

 151, 0, 177

 239, 104, 255

 122, 0, 150

 255, 133, 255

 94, 0, 123

 255, 162, 255

 66, 0, 98

 255, 191, 255

 39, 0, 73

 255, 220, 255

 0, 0, 49

 255, 250, 255

 0, 1, 27

 0, 0, 0

 180, 41, 205

 180, 41, 205

■ 177, 20, 205

■ 183, 62, 205

■ 174, 0, 205

■ 186, 82, 205

■ 189, 103, 205

■ 193, 123, 205

■ 196, 144, 205

■ 199, 164, 205

■ 202, 185, 205

■ 205, 205, 205

■ 208, 226, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 99, 255



180, 41, 205



231, 0, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180, 41, 205



150, 101, 0



0, 141, 169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180, 41, 205



66, 205, 41

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 139, 89



180, 41, 205



77, 124, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180, 41, 205



204, 58, 0



0, 134, 0



0, 138, 234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180, 41, 205



238, 0, 82



0, 134, 0



0, 140, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180, 41, 205



246, 194, 255



41, 68, 205



122, 91, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180, 41, 205



218, 10, 255



205, 41, 150



100, 92, 102



140, 0, 166



32, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 41, 66



255, 10, 48



41, 205, 96



102, 92, 93



166, 0, 25



38, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 41, 205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

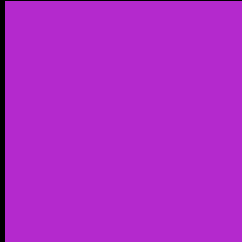
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 180, 41, 205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

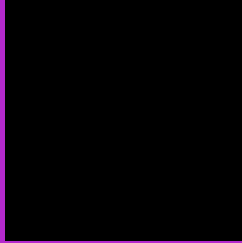
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 180, 41, 205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 41, 205.

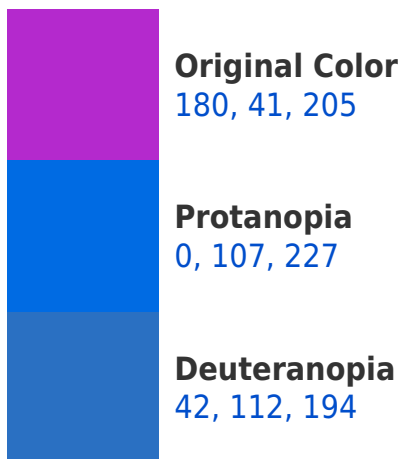


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 180, 41, 205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
165, 87, 93

Trichromacy



Original Color

180, 41, 205



Protanomaly

65, 83, 219



Deuteranomaly

92, 86, 198



Tritanomaly

170, 70, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

180, 41, 205



Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101



Achromatomaly

130, 79, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 180, 41, 205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 41, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 41, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 41, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 41, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 180, 41, 205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 41, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 41, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 41, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 41, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 41, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 41,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 180, 41, 205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 41, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 41,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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