

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 101, 139)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 101, 139) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 101, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5658B
RGB	181, 101, 139
RGB Percent	71%, 40%, 55%
CMY	0.2902, 0.6039, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.23, 0.29
HSL	332°, 35%, 55%
HSV	332°, 44%, 71%
XYZ	28.3699, 20.9952, 26.9833
YIQ	129.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

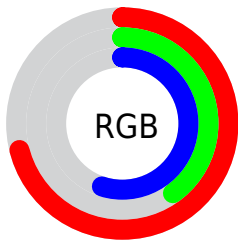
Format	Color
R_{YB}	181, 101, 139
Decimal	11888011
CIE Lab	52.94, 36.98, -6.76
CIE LCh	53, 37.590, 349.647
Yxy	20.9952, 0.3716, 0.2750
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290078091 (0xFFB5658B)
YUV	129.2520, 4.8058, 45.3830
Hunter-Lab	45.8205, 30.3330, -2.8410

Details

The RGB color **181, 101, 139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **101, 181, 143**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238, 154, 192**, and **126, 51, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 83, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 119, 149**.

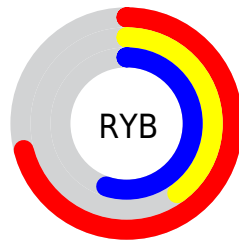
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (40%)

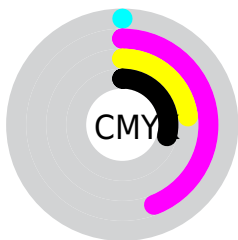
Blue (55%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (55%)

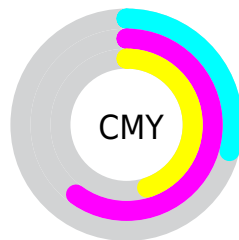


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)


Magenta (60%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 101, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 101, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 181, 101, 139

255, 255, 255


 238, 154, 192

 255, 181, 220

 255, 209, 249

 255, 238, 255

 181, 101, 139

 153, 76, 114

 126, 51, 89


 100, 25, 66


 74, 0, 44


 50, 0, 23

 16, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0


 181, 101, 139


 181, 83, 129


 181, 101, 139


 181, 119, 149


 181, 65, 120


 181, 137, 158


 181, 47, 110


 181, 155, 168

 181, 29, 101


 181, 173, 177


 181, 11, 91

 181, 192, 187

 181, 0, 86

 181, 210, 196

 181, 228, 206

 181, 246, 215

 181, 255, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 110, 169



181, 101, 139



188, 101, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 101, 139



125, 131, 64



0, 140, 175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 101, 139



101, 181, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 143, 147



181, 101, 139



88, 138, 83

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 101, 139



156, 121, 62



34, 142, 114



43, 133, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 101, 139



183, 106, 87



34, 142, 114



0, 141, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 101, 139



235, 204, 219



142, 101, 181



117, 99, 107



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 101, 139



235, 110, 169



181, 102, 101



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 73



26, 0, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 101, 139



235, 110, 169



101, 180, 181



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 73



26, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 101, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

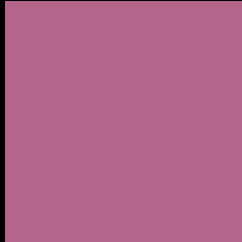
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 101, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

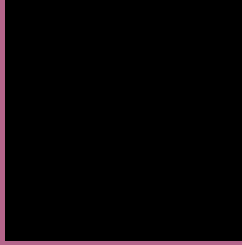
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 101, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 101, 139.

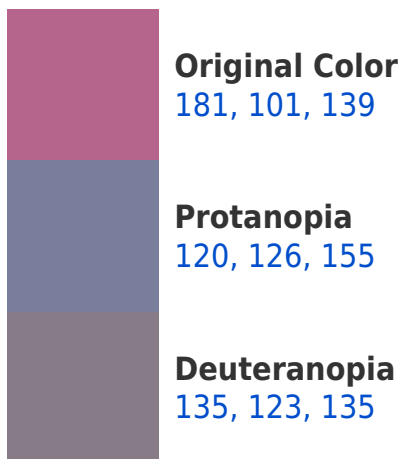



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 101, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

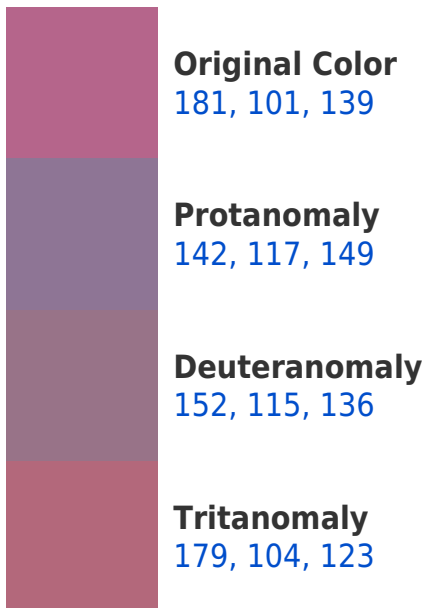
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
178, 106, 114

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 101, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 101, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 101, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 101, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 101, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 101, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 101, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 101, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 101, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 101, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 101, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 101,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 101, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 101, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
101, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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