

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 130, 123)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 130, 123) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 130, 123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5827B
RGB	181, 130, 123
RGB Percent	71%, 51%, 48%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4902, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.32, 0.29
HSL	7°, 28%, 60%
HSV	7°, 32%, 71%
XYZ	30.6138, 27.2191, 22.3792
YIQ	144.4510, 32.6430, 8.6350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

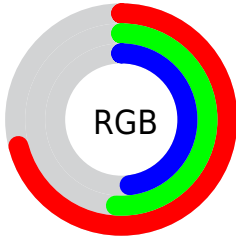
Format	Color
R _Y B	181, 131, 123
Decimal	11895419
CIE Lab	59.18, 18.70, 11.59
CIE LCh	59, 21.999, 31.777
Yxy	27.2191, 0.3817, 0.3393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290085499 (0xFFB5827B)
YUV	144.4510, -10.5753, 32.0535
Hunter-Lab	52.1719, 13.4408, 11.0879

Details

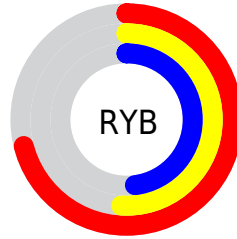
The RGB color **181, 130, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **123, 174, 181**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238, 183, 175**, and **127, 80, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 114, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 146, 141**.

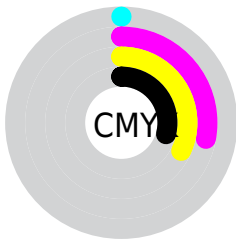
Distribution



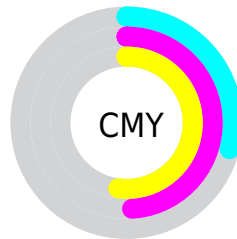
- Red (71%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 130, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 130, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 181, 130, 123


255, 255, 255

 238, 183, 175

 255, 211, 203

 255, 239, 231

 181, 130, 123

 153, 105, 98

 127, 80, 74


 101, 57, 52


 75, 35, 31

 51, 13, 6

 29, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0


 181, 130, 123


 181, 114, 105


 181, 130, 123

 181, 146, 141


 181, 98, 87

 181, 162, 159

 181, 82, 69

 181, 178, 177

 181, 66, 51


 181, 194, 195


 181, 50, 33


 181, 210, 214

 181, 35, 14

 181, 225, 232

 181, 22, 0

 181, 241, 250

 181, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180, 128, 142



181, 130, 123



172, 135, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 130, 123



112, 152, 124



120, 144, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 130, 123



123, 174, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96, 149, 176



181, 130, 123



93, 153, 143

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 130, 123



135, 147, 109



86, 153, 162



147, 137, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 130, 123



162, 139, 104



86, 153, 162



111, 146, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 130, 123



235, 214, 211



181, 123, 174



117, 105, 103



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 130, 123



235, 156, 145



181, 159, 123



89, 81, 80



153, 18, 0



26, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123, 174, 181



145, 224, 235



123, 145, 181



80, 88, 89



0, 135, 153



0, 22, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 130, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

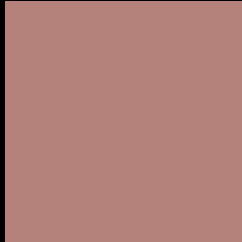
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 130, 123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 130, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 130, 123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 130, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

182, 128, 138

Trichromacy



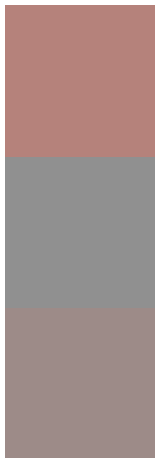
Original Color
181, 130, 123

Protanomaly
160, 138, 127

Deuteranomaly
170, 134, 122

Tritanomaly
182, 129, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color
181, 130, 123

Achromatopsia
144, 144, 144

Achromatomaly
157, 139, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 130, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 130, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(181, 130, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 130, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 130, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 130, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 130, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 130, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 130, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 130, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 130, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 130,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 130, 123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 130, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
130, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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