

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 165, 91)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 165, 91) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 165, 91)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5A55B
RGB	181, 165, 91
RGB Percent	71%, 65%, 36%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3529, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.50, 0.29
HSL	49°, 38%, 53%
HSV	49°, 50%, 71%
XYZ	34.3995, 37.4894, 15.3206
YIQ	161.3480, 33.2900, -19.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

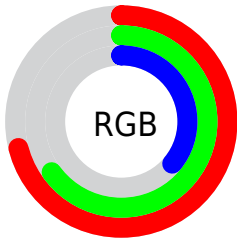
Format	Color
RYB	110, 181, 91
Decimal	11904347
CIELab	67.64, -4.21, 40.19
CIELCh	68, 40.406, 95.977
Yxy	37.4894, 0.3944, 0.4299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290094427 (0xFFB5A55B)
YUV	161.3480, -34.6816, 17.2348
Hunter-Lab	61.2286, -6.8648, 28.0244

Details

The RGB color **181, 165, 91** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **91, 107, 181**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238, 220, 143**, and **126, 113, 42** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 162, 73**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 168, 109**.

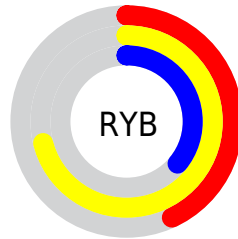
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (65%)

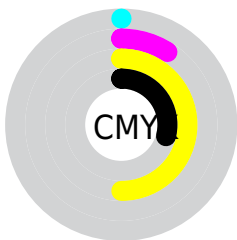
Blue (36%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (36%)

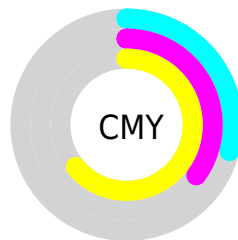


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 165, 91 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 165, 91 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



181, 165, 91



181, 165, 91

255, 255, 255



153, 139, 66



238, 220, 143



126, 113, 42



255, 248, 170



100, 89, 16



255, 255, 197



74, 66, 0



255, 255, 226



49, 44, 0

255, 255, 255



25, 24, 0



0, 0, 0



181, 165, 91



181, 165, 91



181, 162, 73



181, 168, 109

■ 181, 159, 55

■ 181, 171, 127

■ 181, 155, 37

■ 181, 175, 145

■ 181, 152, 19

■ 181, 178, 163

■ 181, 149, 1

■ 181, 181, 182

■ 181, 149, 0

■ 181, 184, 200

■ 181, 188, 218

■ 181, 191, 236

■ 181, 194, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 152, 99



181, 165, 91



142, 175, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 165, 91



0, 182, 206



216, 140, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 165, 91



91, 107, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178, 153, 224



181, 165, 91



43, 176, 231

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 165, 91



28, 184, 171



122, 166, 237



234, 136, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 165, 91



113, 180, 123



122, 166, 237



206, 144, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 165, 91



235, 228, 199



181, 91, 108



117, 114, 96



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 165, 91



235, 210, 94



153, 181, 91



89, 88, 80



153, 126, 0



26, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 107, 181



94, 119, 235



119, 91, 181



80, 82, 89



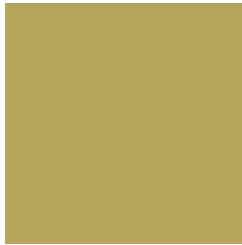
0, 27, 153



0, 5, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 165, 91 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

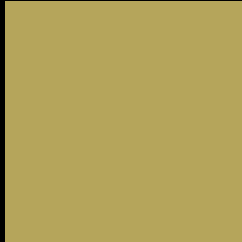
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 165, 91 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 165, 91 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 165, 91.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 165, 91.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


181, 165, 91

Protanopia

181, 165, 91

Deuteranopia

201, 157, 93



Tritanopia
189, 156, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color
181, 165, 91

Protanomaly
181, 165, 91

Deuteranomaly
194, 160, 92

Tritanomaly
186, 159, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
181, 165, 91

Achromatopsia
161, 161, 161

Achromatomaly
168, 162, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 165, 91 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 165, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 165, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 165, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 165, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 165, 91 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 165, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 165, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 165, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 165, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 165, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 165,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 165, 91 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 165, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
165, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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