

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 170, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 170, 125) contains.

RGB(181, 170, 125)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(181, 170, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5AA7D
RGB	181, 170, 125
RGB Percent	71%, 67%, 49%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3333, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.31, 0.29
HSL	48°, 27%, 60%
HSV	48°, 31%, 71%
XYZ	37.1325, 40.0539, 25.1761
YIQ	168.1590, 21.0010, -11.6630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

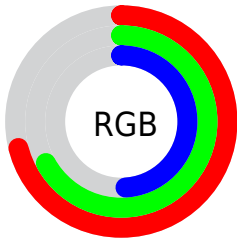
Format	Color
RYB	139, 181, 125
Decimal	11905661
CIELab	69.51, -3.05, 24.67
CIELCh	70, 24.860, 97.049
Yxy	40.0539, 0.3628, 0.3913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290095741 (0xFFB5AA7D)
YUV	168.1590, -21.2774, 11.2616
Hunter-Lab	63.2881, -6.0246, 20.7160

Details

The RGB color **181, 170, 125** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **125, 136, 181**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 225, 178**, and **127, 118, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 166, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 174, 143**.

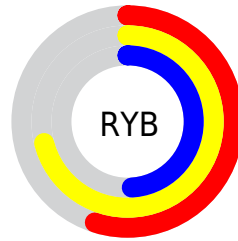
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (67%)

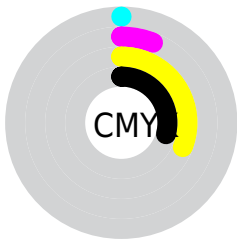
Blue (49%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (49%)

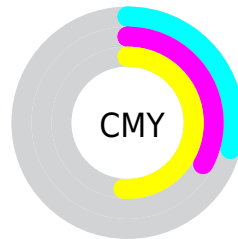


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)


Magenta (33%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 170, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 170, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 181, 170, 125


255, 255, 255

 237, 225, 178

 255, 254, 206

 255, 255, 234

 181, 170, 125


 154, 144, 100

 127, 118, 76


 102, 93, 52


 77, 70, 30


 53, 48, 7


 31, 27, 0

 0, 0, 0

 181, 170, 125

 181, 166, 107

 181, 170, 125

 181, 174, 143

■ 181, 163, 89

■ 181, 177, 161

■ 181, 159, 71

■ 181, 181, 179

■ 181, 156, 53

■ 181, 184, 197

■ 181, 152, 35

■ 181, 188, 216

■ 181, 149, 16

■ 181, 191, 234

■ 181, 145, 0

■ 181, 195, 252

■ 181, 198, 255

■ 181, 202, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 162, 129



181, 170, 125



156, 177, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 170, 125



104, 181, 196



203, 156, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 170, 125



125, 136, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180, 162, 206



181, 170, 125



120, 177, 211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 170, 125



110, 183, 174



150, 170, 214



215, 153, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 170, 125



139, 180, 145



150, 170, 214



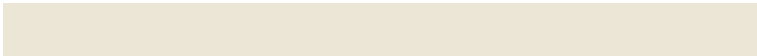
197, 158, 195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



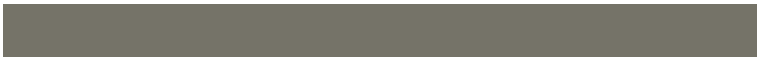
181, 170, 125



235, 230, 213



181, 125, 136



117, 115, 104



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 170, 125



235, 218, 148



164, 181, 125



89, 87, 80



153, 123, 0



26, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 136, 181



148, 165, 235



142, 125, 181



80, 82, 89



0, 30, 153



0, 5, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 170, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

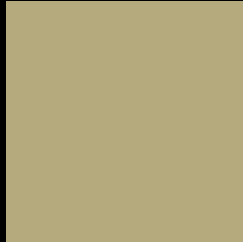
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 170, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

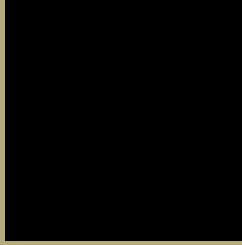
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 170, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 170, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 170, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


181, 170, 125

Protanopia

182, 170, 125

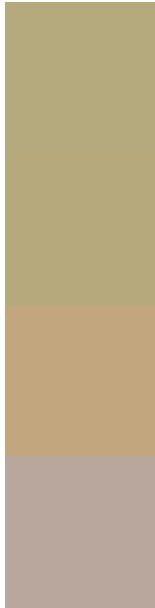
Deuteranopia

200, 163, 126



Tritanopia
187, 163, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color

181, 170, 125

Protanomaly

182, 170, 125

Deuteranomaly

193, 166, 126

Tritanomaly

185, 166, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color

181, 170, 125

Achromatopsia

168, 168, 168

Achromatomaly

173, 169, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 170, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 170, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 170, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 170, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 170, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 170, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 170, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 170, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 170, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 170, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 170, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 170,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 170, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 170, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
170, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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