

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 172, 172)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 172, 172) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 172, 172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5ACAC
RGB	181, 172, 172
RGB Percent	71%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3255, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.29
HSL	0°, 6%, 69%
HSV	0°, 5%, 71%
XYZ	41.2550, 42.3074, 45.0215
YIQ	174.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

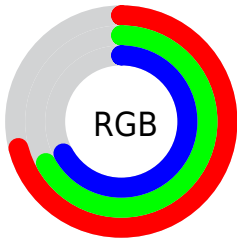
Format	Color
RYB	181, 172, 172
Decimal	11906220
CIELab	71.08, 3.22, 1.14
CIELCh	71, 3.415, 19.554
Yxy	42.3074, 0.3208, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290096300 (0xFFB5ACAC)
YUV	174.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	65.0441, -0.6115, 4.4922

Details

The RGB color **181, 172, 172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **172, 181, 181**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 227, 227**, and **128, 120, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 154, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 190, 190**.

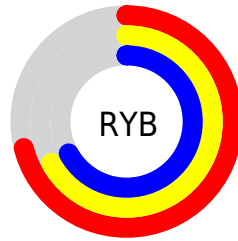
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (67%)

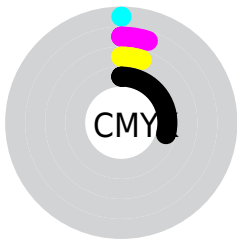
Blue (67%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (67%)

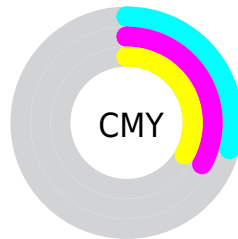


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 172, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 172, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 181, 172, 172

255, 255, 255

■ 237, 227, 227

■ 181, 172, 172

■ 154, 145, 145

■ 128, 120, 120

■ 103, 95, 95

■ 79, 71, 71

■ 56, 49, 49


■ 35, 28, 28


■ 13, 1, 1


■ 0, 0, 0


■ 181, 172, 172


■ 181, 172, 172

 181, 154, 154


 181, 190, 190


 181, 136, 136

 181, 208, 208

 181, 118, 118

 181, 226, 226

 181, 100, 100

 181, 244, 244

 181, 82, 82

 181, 255, 255

 181, 63, 63

 181, 45, 45

 181, 27, 27

 181, 9, 9

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180, 172, 175



181, 172, 172



180, 172, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 172, 172



171, 175, 170



170, 175, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 172, 172



172, 181, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 175, 179



181, 172, 172



168, 176, 173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 172, 172



174, 174, 168



167, 176, 176



173, 174, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 172, 172



179, 173, 168



167, 176, 176



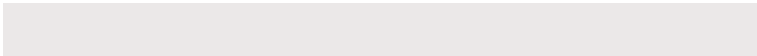
169, 175, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 172, 172



235, 232, 232



181, 172, 181



117, 116, 116



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 172, 172



235, 221, 221



181, 177, 172



89, 83, 83



153, 0, 0



26, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 181, 181



221, 235, 235



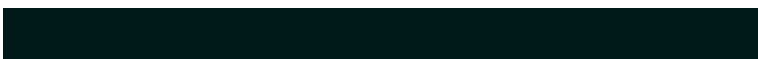
172, 177, 181



83, 89, 89



0, 153, 153



0, 26, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 172, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

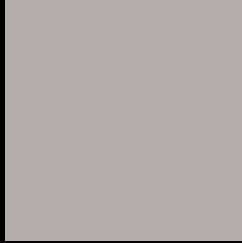
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 172, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

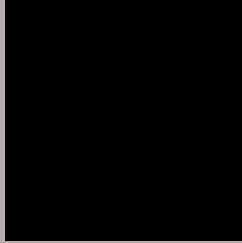
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 172, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 172, 172.

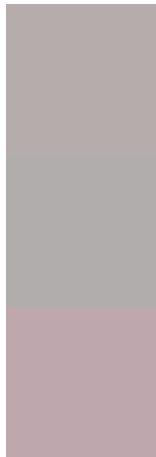


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 172, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
181, 172, 172

Protanopia
177, 173, 173

Deuteranopia
191, 168, 173



Tritanopia
183, 170, 184

Trichromacy



Original Color

181, 172, 172

Protanomaly

178, 173, 173

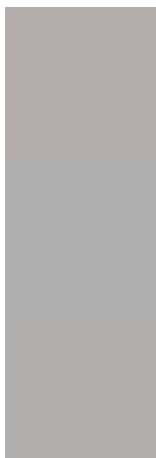
Deuteranomaly

187, 169, 173

Tritanomaly

182, 171, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

181, 172, 172

Achromatopsia

175, 175, 175

Achromatomaly

177, 174, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 172, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 172, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 172, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 172, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 172, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 172, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 172, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 172, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 172, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 172, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 172, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 172,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 172, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 172, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
172, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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