

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 192, 139)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 192, 139) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 192, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5C08B
RGB	181, 192, 139
RGB Percent	71%, 75%, 55%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2471, 0.4549
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.28, 0.25
HSL	72°, 30%, 65%
HSV	72°, 28%, 75%
XYZ	42.5659, 49.3871, 31.7153
YIQ	182.6690, 10.4570, -18.8150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

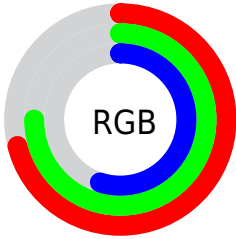
Format	Color
RYB	139, 192, 150
Decimal	11911307
CIELab	75.69, -12.68, 25.51
CIElCh	76, 28.490, 116.430
Yxy	49.3871, 0.3442, 0.3994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290101387 (0xFFB5C08B)
YUV	182.6690, -21.5288, -1.4637
Hunter-Lab	70.2760, -14.8661, 22.4358

Details

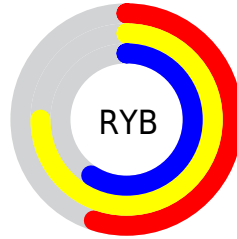
The RGB color **181, 192, 139** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **150, 139, 192**, and the grayscale version is **183, 183, 183**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 248, 193**, and **128, 139, 88** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177, 192, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 192, 158**.

Distribution



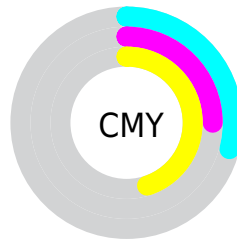
- Red (71%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 192, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 192, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 181, 192, 139


255, 255, 255

 237, 248, 193


 255, 255, 221

 255, 255, 249

 181, 192, 139

 154, 165, 113

 128, 139, 88

 102, 113, 65


 77, 89, 42


 54, 65, 20

 33, 43, 0

 0, 24, 0

 0, 0, 0

 181, 192, 139

 181, 192, 139

■ 177, 192, 120

■ 185, 192, 158

■ 173, 192, 101

■ 189, 192, 177

■ 169, 192, 81

■ 193, 192, 197

■ 165, 192, 62

■ 197, 192, 216

■ 161, 192, 43

■ 201, 192, 235

■ 157, 192, 24

■ 205, 192, 254

■ 153, 192, 5

■ 209, 192, 255

■ 152, 192, 0

■ 213, 192, 255

■ 217, 192, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 184, 134



181, 192, 139



151, 198, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 192, 139



117, 197, 229



236, 168, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 192, 139



150, 139, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



217, 172, 216



181, 192, 139



149, 190, 238

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 192, 139



107, 201, 209



186, 181, 233



240, 169, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 192, 139



131, 200, 173



186, 181, 233



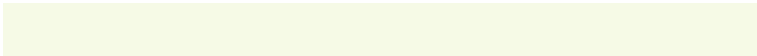
231, 169, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 192, 139



246, 250, 230



192, 150, 139



122, 125, 112



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 192, 139



233, 250, 167



155, 192, 139



95, 97, 87



127, 161, 0



26, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150, 139, 192



185, 167, 250



176, 139, 192



89, 87, 97



33, 0, 161



7, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 192, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

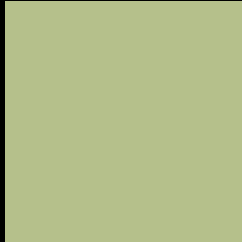
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 192, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

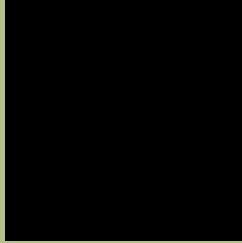
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 192, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 192, 139.

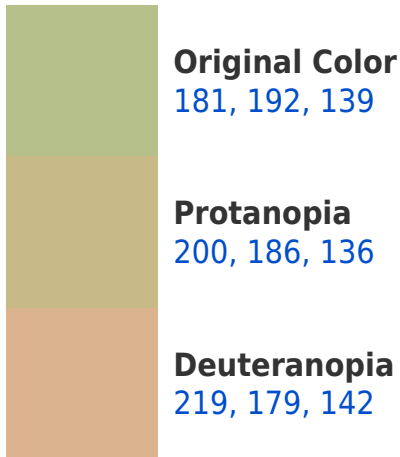



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 192, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

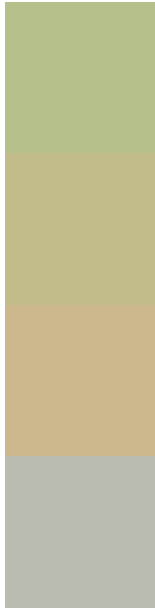




Tritanopia

189, 184, 199

Trichromacy



Original Color
181, 192, 139

Protanomaly
193, 188, 137

Deuteranomaly
205, 184, 141

Tritanomaly
186, 187, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color
181, 192, 139

Achromatopsia
183, 183, 183

Achromatomaly
182, 186, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 192, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 192, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 192, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 192, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 192, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 192, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

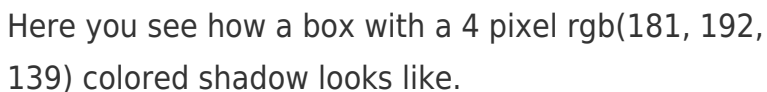
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 192, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 192, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 192, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 192, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 192, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 192, 139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 192, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 192, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
192, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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