

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 201, 150)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 201, 150) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 201, 150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5C996
RGB	181, 201, 150
RGB Percent	71%, 79%, 59%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2118, 0.4118
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.25, 0.21
HSL	84°, 32%, 69%
HSV	84°, 25%, 79%
XYZ	45.4477, 53.7991, 36.8431
YIQ	189.2060, 4.4510, -20.1010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

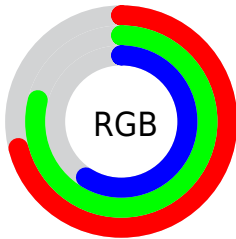
Format	Color
RYB	150, 201, 170
Decimal	11913622
CIELab	78.34, -15.67, 23.30
CIELCh	78, 28.076, 123.929
Yxy	53.7991, 0.3340, 0.3953
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290103702 (0xFFB5C996)
YUV	189.2060, -19.3286, -7.1967
Hunter-Lab	73.3478, -17.7567, 21.5618

Details

The RGB color **181, 201, 150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **170, 150, 201**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 255, 204**, and **128, 147, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 201, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 201, 170**.

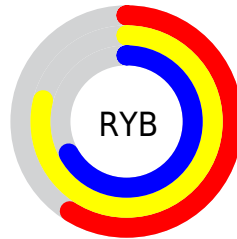
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (79%)

Blue (59%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (67%)

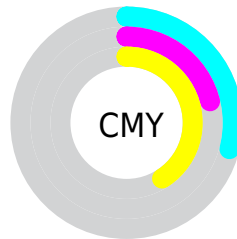


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 201, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 201, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 181, 201, 150

255, 255, 255


 237, 255, 204

 255, 255, 233

 181, 201, 150

 154, 174, 124

 128, 147, 99

 102, 121, 75

 78, 96, 51

 54, 73, 29

 32, 50, 6

 6, 29, 0

 0, 0, 0

 181, 201, 150

 181, 201, 150

■ 173, 201, 130

■ 189, 201, 170

■ 165, 201, 110

■ 197, 201, 190

■ 157, 201, 90

■ 205, 201, 210

■ 149, 201, 70

■ 213, 201, 230

■ 142, 201, 50

■ 220, 201, 251

■ 134, 201, 29

■ 228, 201, 255

■ 126, 201, 9

■ 236, 201, 255

■ 122, 201, 0

■ 244, 201, 255

■ 252, 201, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 193, 142



181, 201, 150



151, 206, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 201, 150



133, 203, 240



245, 175, 191

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 201, 150



170, 150, 201

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230, 178, 217



181, 201, 150



166, 195, 245

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 201, 150



117, 207, 222



202, 186, 237



245, 177, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 201, 150



133, 208, 187



202, 186, 237



242, 175, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 201, 150



247, 255, 235



201, 170, 150



123, 128, 115



0, 0, 0



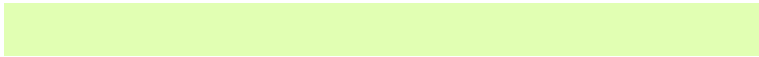
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 201, 150



225, 255, 179



156, 201, 150



96, 99, 90



99, 163, 0



22, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 150, 201



208, 179, 255



195, 150, 201



93, 90, 99



64, 0, 163



14, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 201, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

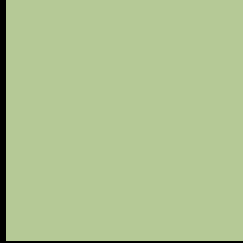
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 201, 150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

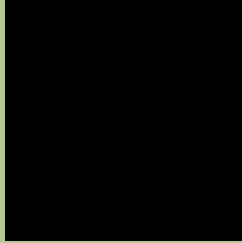
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 201, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 201, 150.

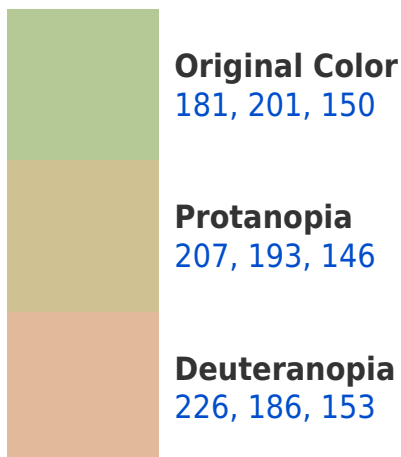


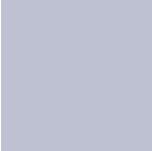
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 201, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
189, 193, 209

Trichromacy



Original Color
181, 201, 150

Protanomaly
198, 196, 147

Deuteranomaly
210, 191, 152

Tritanomaly
186, 196, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color
181, 201, 150

Achromatopsia
189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly
186, 193, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 201, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 201, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 201, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 201, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 201, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 201, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 201, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 201, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 201, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 201, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 201, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 201,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 201, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 201, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
201, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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