

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 72, 87)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 72, 87) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 72, 87)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B54857
RGB	181, 72, 87
RGB Percent	71%, 28%, 34%
CMY	0.2902, 0.7176, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.52, 0.29
HSL	352°, 43%, 50%
HSV	352°, 60%, 71%
XYZ	23.0937, 15.1466, 10.7232
YIQ	106.3010, 60.1490, 27.7730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

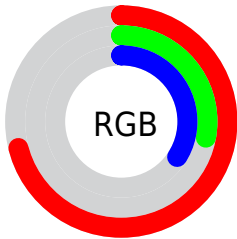
Format	Color
RYB	181, 72, 87
Decimal	11880535
CIELab	45.83, 45.47, 14.25
CIElCh	46, 47.654, 17.400
Yxy	15.1466, 0.4717, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290070615 (0xFFB54857)
YUV	106.3010, -9.5154, 65.5110
Hunter-Lab	38.9186, 37.8115, 10.9069

Details

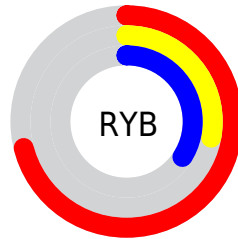
The RGB color **181, 72, 87** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **72, 181, 166**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 125, 137**, and **123, 14, 42** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 54, 71**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 90, 103**.

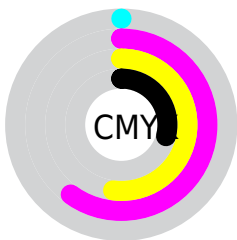
Distribution



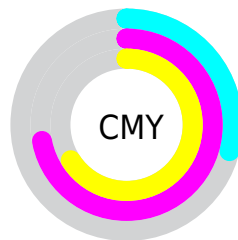
- Red (71%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 72, 87 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 72, 87 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



181, 72, 87



181, 72, 87

255, 255, 255



152, 45, 64



241, 125, 137



123, 14, 42



255, 152, 163



95, 0, 22



255, 180, 190



68, 0, 0



255, 208, 218



41, 0, 1



255, 237, 246



0, 0, 0



181, 72, 87



181, 72, 87



181, 54, 71




181, 90, 103





181, 36, 56





181, 108, 118


 181, 18, 40


 181, 126, 134

 181, 0, 25

 181, 144, 149

 181, 163, 165

 181, 181, 181

 181, 199, 196

 181, 217, 212

 181, 235, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 73, 127



181, 72, 87



170, 84, 51

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 72, 87



60, 122, 51



0, 118, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 72, 87



72, 181, 166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 125, 166



181, 72, 87



0, 127, 90

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 72, 87



107, 114, 23



0, 128, 131



77, 105, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 72, 87



153, 95, 32



0, 128, 131



0, 121, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 72, 87



235, 192, 198



165, 72, 181



117, 91, 95



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 72, 87



235, 66, 89



181, 110, 72



89, 80, 82



153, 0, 21



26, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 72, 87



235, 66, 89



72, 143, 181



89, 80, 82



153, 0, 21



26, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 72, 87 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

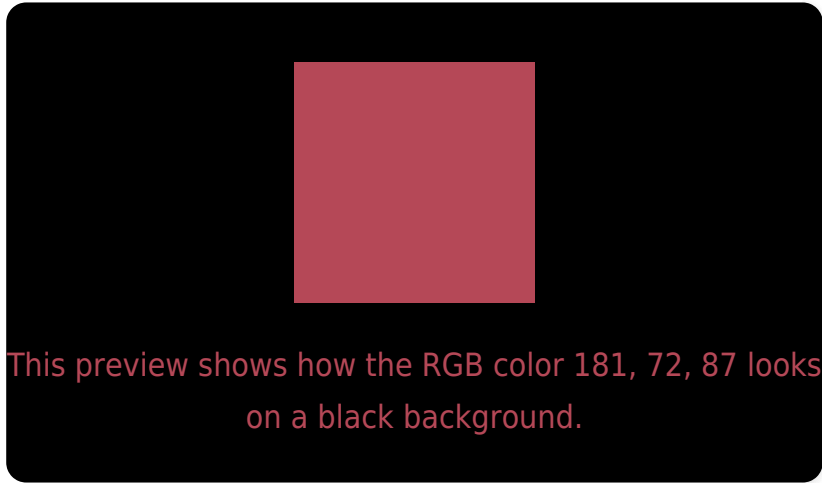
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 72, 87 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 72, 87.

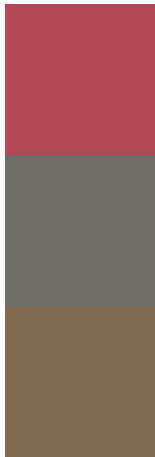


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 72, 87.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
181, 72, 87

Protanopia
112, 109, 105

Deuteranopia
129, 105, 82



Tritanopia

180, 74, 78

Trichromacy



Original Color

181, 72, 87

Protanomaly

137, 96, 98

Deuteranomaly

148, 93, 84

Tritanomaly

180, 73, 81

Monochromacy



Original Color

181, 72, 87

Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106

Achromatomaly

133, 94, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 72, 87 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 72, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 72, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 72, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 72, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 72, 87 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 72, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 72, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 72, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 72, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 72, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 72,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 72, 87 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 72, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 72,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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