

Converting Colors

RGB(181, 78, 109)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(181, 78, 109) contains.

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Color

RGB(181, 78, 109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B54E6D
RGB	181, 78, 109
RGB Percent	71%, 31%, 43%
CMY	0.2902, 0.6941, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.40, 0.29
HSL	342°, 41%, 51%
HSV	342°, 57%, 71%
XYZ	24.5408, 16.3767, 16.3356
YIQ	112.3310, 51.4370, 31.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

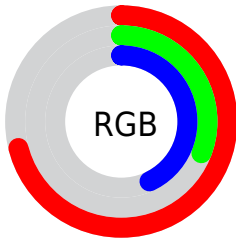
Format	Color
RYB	181, 78, 109
Decimal	11882093
CIELab	47.46, 44.83, 3.15
CIELCh	47, 44.941, 4.019
Yxy	16.3767, 0.4286, 0.2860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290072173 (0xFFB54E6D)
YUV	112.3310, -1.6422, 60.2227
Hunter-Lab	40.4681, 37.4273, 4.3943

Details

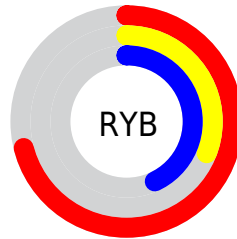
The RGB color **181, 78, 109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **78, 181, 150**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 131, 160**, and **124, 23, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181, 60, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181, 96, 122**.

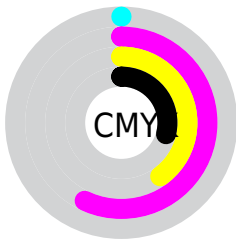
Distribution



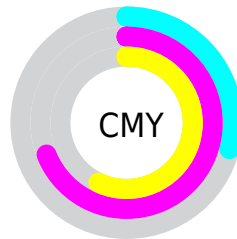
- Red (71%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 181, 78, 109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 181, 78, 109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 181, 78, 109  181, 78, 109

255, 255, 255  152, 52, 85

 240, 131, 160  124, 23, 62

 255, 158, 187  97, 0, 40

 255, 186, 215  70, 0, 20

 255, 214, 243  46, 0, 2

 255, 243, 255  0, 0, 0

 181, 78, 109  181, 78, 109

 181, 60, 96  181, 96, 122

 181, 42, 84  181, 114, 134

■ 181, 24, 71

■ 181, 132, 147

■ 181, 6, 58

■ 181, 150, 160

■ 181, 0, 54

■ 181, 169, 172

■ 181, 187, 185

■ 181, 205, 198

■ 181, 223, 210

■ 181, 241, 223

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 85, 146



181, 78, 109



178, 84, 72

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181, 78, 109



89, 123, 46



0, 125, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181, 78, 109



78, 181, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 130, 154



181, 78, 109



28, 129, 78

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181, 78, 109



128, 112, 31



0, 131, 117



40, 115, 188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181, 78, 109



167, 93, 52



0, 131, 117



0, 127, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181, 78, 109



235, 195, 207



148, 78, 181



117, 94, 101



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181, 78, 109



235, 75, 123



181, 97, 78



89, 80, 83



153, 0, 46



26, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 78, 109



235, 75, 123



78, 162, 181



89, 80, 83



153, 0, 46



26, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 78, 109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

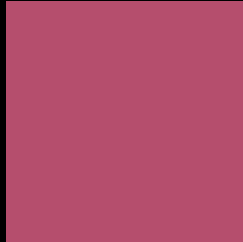
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 181, 78, 109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

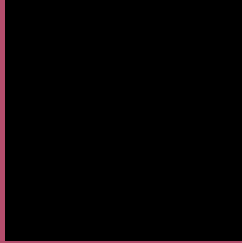
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 181, 78, 109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 78, 109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 181, 78, 109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
179, 82, 88

Trichromacy



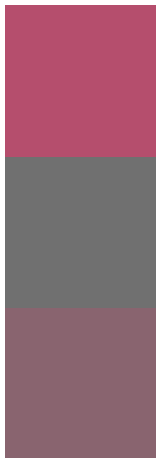
Original Color
181, 78, 109

Protanomaly
136, 100, 122

Deuteranomaly
147, 98, 106

Tritanomaly
180, 81, 96

Monochromacy



Original Color
181, 78, 109

Achromatopsia
112, 112, 112

Achromatomaly
137, 100, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 181, 78, 109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 78, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 78, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 78, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 78, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 181, 78, 109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 78, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 78, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 78, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 78, 109); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 78, 109); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 78, 109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 181, 78, 109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 78, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 78,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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