

Converting Colors

RGB(182, 107, 70)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(182, 107, 70) contains.

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Color

RGB(182, 107, 70)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B66B46
RGB	182, 107, 70
RGB Percent	71%, 42%, 27%
CMY	0.2863, 0.5804, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.62, 0.29
HSL	20°, 44%, 49%
HSV	20°, 62%, 71%
XYZ	25.6546, 20.9027, 8.4768
YIQ	125.2070, 56.5770, 4.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

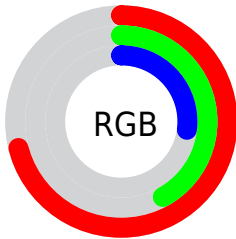
Format	Color
R_{YB}	182, 125, 70
Decimal	11955014
CIE Lab	52.84, 26.39, 33.30
CIE LCh	53, 42.488, 51.594
Yxy	20.9027, 0.4662, 0.3798
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290145094 (0xFFB66B46)
YUV	125.2070, -27.2171, 49.8075
Hunter-Lab	45.7194, 20.1529, 21.0107

Details

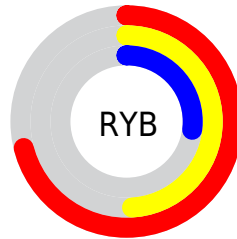
The RGB color **182, 107, 70** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **70, 145, 182**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 159, 119**, and **125, 58, 24** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 95, 52**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182, 119, 88**.

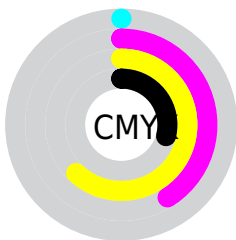
Distribution



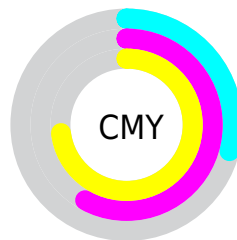
- Red (71%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 182, 107, 70 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 182, 107, 70 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 182, 107, 70  182, 107, 70

255, 255, 255  153, 82, 47

 241, 159, 119  125, 58, 24


 255, 186, 145  97, 35, 0


 255, 214, 172  70, 12, 0

 255, 243, 199  45, 0, 0

 255, 255, 228  0, 0, 0

 182, 107, 70  182, 107, 70


 182, 95, 52  182, 119, 88


 182, 83, 34  182, 131, 106


 182, 70, 15


 182, 144, 125

 182, 60, 0

 182, 156, 143

 182, 168, 161

 182, 180, 179

 182, 192, 197

 182, 205, 216

 182, 217, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194, 96, 101



182, 107, 70



156, 121, 52

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 107, 70



0, 144, 114



112, 121, 194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 107, 70



70, 145, 182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4, 133, 198



182, 107, 70



0, 144, 152

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 107, 70



78, 140, 79



0, 141, 183



161, 106, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 107, 70



134, 129, 51



0, 141, 183



89, 125, 198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 107, 70



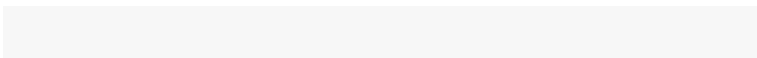
237, 209, 194



182, 70, 147



120, 102, 93



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 107, 70



237, 120, 62



182, 161, 70



92, 86, 83



156, 51, 0



28, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 145, 182



62, 179, 237



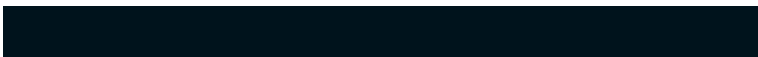
70, 91, 182



83, 89, 92



0, 104, 156



0, 19, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 107, 70 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

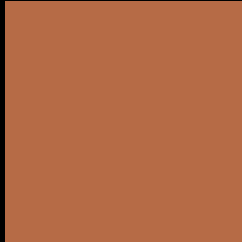
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 107, 70 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

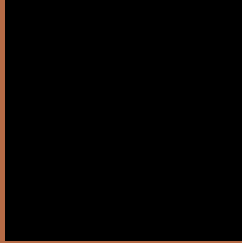
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 182, 107, 70 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 107, 70.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 107, 70.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

182, 107, 70

Protanopia

138, 127, 77

Deuteranopia

155, 121, 67



Tritanopia
185, 102, 110

Trichromacy



Original Color

182, 107, 70

Protanomaly

154, 120, 74

Deuteranomaly

165, 116, 68

Tritanomaly

184, 104, 95

Monochromacy



Original Color

182, 107, 70

Achromatopsia

125, 125, 125

Achromatomaly

146, 118, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 182, 107, 70 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 107, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 107, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 107, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 107, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 182, 107, 70 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 107, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 107, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 107, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 107, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 107, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 107,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 182, 107, 70 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 107, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
107, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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