

Converting Colors

RGB(182, 133, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(182, 133, 135) contains.

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Color

RGB(182, 133, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B68587
RGB	182, 133, 135
RGB Percent	71%, 52%, 53%
CMY	0.2863, 0.4784, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.26, 0.29
HSL	358°, 25%, 62%
HSV	358°, 27%, 71%
XYZ	32.0521, 28.4694, 26.7275
YIQ	147.8790, 28.5620, 11.0100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

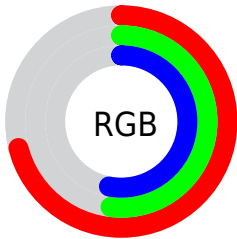
Format	Color
RYB	182, 133, 135
Decimal	11961735
CIELab	60.31, 19.10, 6.34
CIElCh	60, 20.126, 18.372
Yxy	28.4694, 0.3674, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290151815 (0xFFB68587)
YUV	147.8790, -6.3493, 29.9241
Hunter-Lab	53.3567, 13.8531, 7.6501

Details

The RGB color **182, 133, 135** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 182, 180**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 186, 188**, and **128, 83, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 115, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182, 151, 152**.

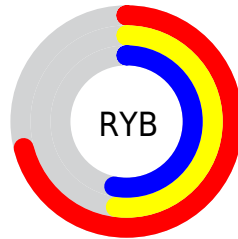
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (52%)

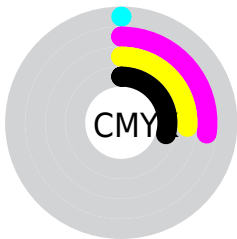
Blue (53%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (53%)

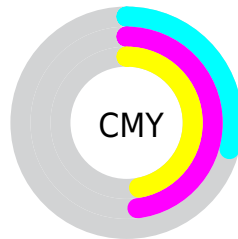


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)


Magenta (48%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 182, 133, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 182, 133, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 182, 133, 135


255, 255, 255

 239, 186, 188

 255, 214, 216

 255, 243, 244

 182, 133, 135

 155, 108, 110

 128, 83, 85

 102, 60, 62

 77, 37, 40

 53, 16, 20


 34, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 182, 133, 135

 182, 115, 118

 182, 133, 135

 182, 151, 152

■ 182, 97, 100

■ 182, 169, 170

■ 182, 78, 83

■ 182, 188, 187

■ 182, 60, 65

■ 182, 206, 205

■ 182, 42, 48

■ 182, 224, 222

■ 182, 24, 30

■ 182, 242, 240

■ 182, 6, 13

■ 182, 255, 255

■ 182, 0, 7

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 133, 153



182, 133, 135



178, 136, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 133, 135



127, 152, 121



115, 149, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 133, 135



133, 182, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98, 153, 171



182, 133, 135



108, 155, 138

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 133, 135



147, 148, 112



96, 155, 156



139, 143, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 133, 135



170, 140, 113



96, 155, 156



108, 151, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 133, 135



237, 218, 219



180, 133, 182



120, 108, 108



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 133, 135



237, 161, 164



182, 155, 133



92, 83, 83



156, 0, 6



28, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 133, 135



237, 161, 164



133, 160, 182



92, 83, 83



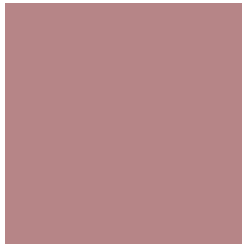
156, 0, 6



28, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 133, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

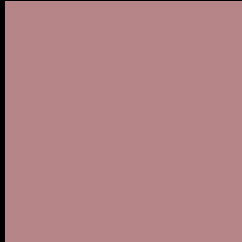
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 133, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 182, 133, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 133, 135.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 133, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
183, 132, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color

182, 133, 135

Protanomaly

161, 141, 139

Deuteranomaly

171, 138, 134

Tritanomaly

183, 132, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

182, 133, 135

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

160, 143, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 182, 133, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(182, 133, 135) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 133, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 133, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 133, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 182, 133, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 133, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 133, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 133, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 133, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 133, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 133,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 182, 133, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 133, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
133, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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