

Converting Colors

RGB(182, 142, 120)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(182, 142, 120) contains.

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Color

RGB(182, 142, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B68E78
RGB	182, 142, 120
RGB Percent	71%, 56%, 47%
CMY	0.2863, 0.4431, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.34, 0.29
HSL	21°, 30%, 59%
HSV	21°, 34%, 71%
XYZ	32.3546, 30.6472, 21.9795
YIQ	151.4520, 30.9020, 1.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

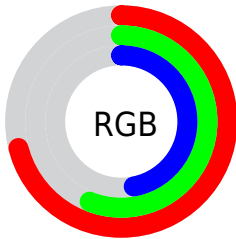
Format	Color
RYB	182, 154, 120
Decimal	11964024
CIELab	62.21, 12.01, 17.52
CIELCh	62, 21.241, 55.570
Yxy	30.6472, 0.3807, 0.3606
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290154104 (0xFFB68E78)
YUV	151.4520, -15.5058, 26.7906
Hunter-Lab	55.3599, 7.4429, 15.2120

Details

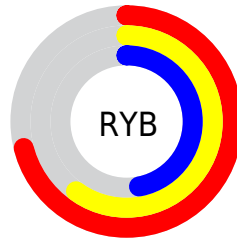
The RGB color **182, 142, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **120, 160, 182**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 196, 172**, and **128, 92, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 130, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182, 154, 138**.

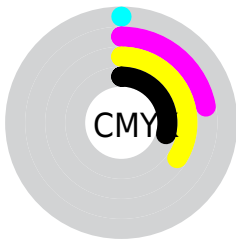
Distribution



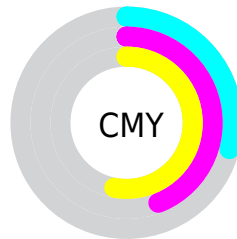
- Red (71%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 182, 142, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 182, 142, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 182, 142, 120

255, 255, 255

 239, 196, 172

 255, 224, 200

 255, 252, 228

 182, 142, 120

 155, 116, 95

 128, 92, 71


 102, 68, 49


 77, 46, 28


 53, 25, 2

 30, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 182, 142, 120

 182, 130, 102


 182, 142, 120

 182, 154, 138

 182, 119, 84

 182, 165, 156

 182, 107, 65

 182, 177, 175

 182, 95, 47

 182, 189, 193

 182, 83, 29

 182, 201, 211

 182, 72, 11

 182, 212, 229

 182, 65, 0

 182, 224, 247

 182, 236, 255

 182, 248, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189, 138, 135



182, 142, 120



167, 148, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 142, 120



106, 161, 147



150, 147, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 142, 120



120, 160, 182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124, 153, 187



182, 142, 120



96, 161, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 142, 120



126, 159, 129



103, 158, 181



172, 140, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 142, 120



154, 152, 114



103, 158, 181



141, 149, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 142, 120



237, 222, 213



182, 120, 160



120, 111, 105



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 142, 120



237, 174, 140



182, 173, 120



92, 86, 83



156, 55, 0



28, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 160, 182



140, 203, 237



120, 129, 182



83, 89, 92



0, 100, 156



0, 18, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 142, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

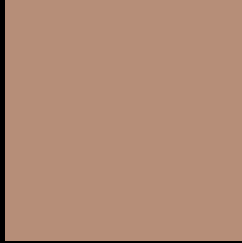
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 142, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

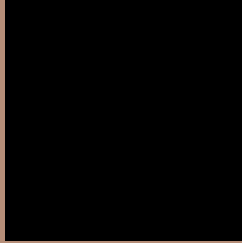
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 182, 142, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 142, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 142, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


182, 142, 120

Protanopia

159, 150, 124

Deuteranopia

176, 145, 119



Tritanopia
185, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

182, 142, 120

Protanomaly

167, 147, 123

Deuteranomaly

178, 144, 119

Tritanomaly

184, 139, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

182, 142, 120

Achromatopsia

151, 151, 151

Achromatomaly

162, 148, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 182, 142, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 142, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 142, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 142, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 142, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 182, 142, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 142, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 142, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 142, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 142, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 142, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 142,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 182, 142, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 142, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
142, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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