

# Converting Colors

RGB(182, 155, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(182, 155, 193) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(182, 155, 193)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B69BC1
RGB	182, 155, 193
RGB Percent	71%, 61%, 76%
CMY	0.2863, 0.3922, 0.2431
CMYK	0.06, 0.20, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	283°, 23%, 68%
HSV	283°, 20%, 76%
XYZ	40.6384, 37.2380, 55.4979
YIQ	167.4050, 3.8940, 17.5420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

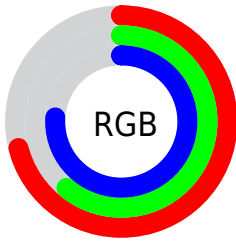
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	182, 155, 193
Decimal	11967425
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.46, 16.96, -15.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 23.226, 316.892
Yxy	37.2380, 0.3047, 0.2792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290157505 (0xFFB69BC1)
YUV	167.4050, 12.6183, 12.7998
Hunter-Lab	61.0230, 12.0823, -11.2057

# Details

The RGB color **182, 155, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **166, 193, 155**, and the grayscale version is **167, 167, 167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238, 210, 249**, and **129, 104, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176, 136, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 174, 193**.

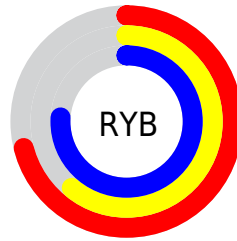
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (61%)

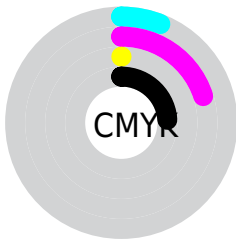
Blue (76%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (76%)

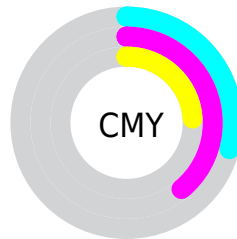


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 182, 155, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 182, 155, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 182, 155, 193

255, 255, 255


 238, 210, 249

 255, 238, 255

 182, 155, 193

 155, 129, 166

 129, 104, 139

 103, 79, 114

 79, 56, 89

 56, 35, 66

 34, 14, 44

 2, 0, 23


 0, 0, 0


 182, 155, 193

 182, 155, 193

 176, 136, 193


 188, 174, 193

 171, 116, 193


 193, 194, 193

 165, 97, 193


 199, 213, 193

 160, 78, 193


 204, 232, 193

 154, 58, 193

 210, 251, 193

 148, 39, 193

 216, 255, 193

 143, 20, 193

 221, 255, 193

 137, 1, 193

 227, 255, 193

 137, 0, 193

 232, 255, 193

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 162, 204



182, 155, 193



200, 150, 174

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 155, 193



188, 160, 124



106, 176, 176

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 155, 193



166, 193, 155

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121, 175, 154



182, 155, 193



167, 167, 124

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 155, 193



203, 153, 135



144, 172, 135



107, 174, 194

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 155, 193



206, 149, 160



144, 172, 135



109, 176, 168



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 155, 193



246, 235, 250



155, 166, 193



122, 116, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 155, 193



233, 190, 250



193, 155, 185



94, 87, 97



114, 0, 161



24, 0, 33



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 155, 166



250, 190, 207



155, 193, 163



97, 87, 90



161, 0, 47



33, 0, 10



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 155, 193 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

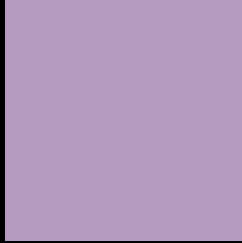
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 155, 193 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

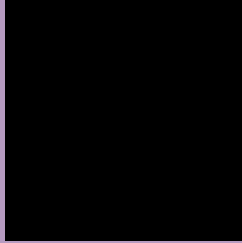
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 182, 155, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 155, 193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 155, 193.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
182, 155, 193

**Protanopia**  
157, 163, 198

**Deuteranopia**  
167, 160, 192



**Tritanopia**  
179, 159, 171

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
182, 155, 193

**Protanomaly**  
166, 160, 196

**Deuteranomaly**  
172, 158, 192

**Tritanomaly**  
180, 158, 179

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
182, 155, 193

**Achromatopsia**  
167, 167, 167

**Achromatomaly**  
172, 163, 176

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 182, 155, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 155, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 155, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 155, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 155, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 182, 155, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 155, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 155, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 155, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 155, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 155, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 155,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 182, 155, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 155, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
155, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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