

Converting Colors

RGB(182, 242, 166)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(182, 242, 166) contains.

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Color

RGB(182, 242, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | B6F2A6 |
| RGB | 182, 242, 166 |
| RGB Percent | 71%, 95%, 65% |
| CMY | 0.2863, 0.0510, 0.3490 |
| CMYK | 0.25, 0.00, 0.31, 0.05 |
| HSL | 107°, 75%, 80% |
| HSV | 107°, 31%, 95% |
| XYZ | 57.9265, 76.2025, 47.7319 |
| YIQ | 215.3960, -11.3640, -36.3560 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

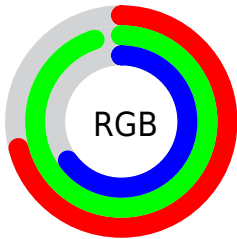
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 166, 242, 226 |
| Decimal | 11989670 |
| CIELab | 89.95, -32.78, 30.75 |
| CIELCh | 90, 44.941, 136.830 |
| Yxy | 76.2025, 0.3185, 0.4190 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290179750 (0xFFB6F2A6) |
| YUV | 215.3960, -24.3522, -29.2883 |
| Hunter-Lab | 87.2941, -34.3158, 28.6864 |

Details

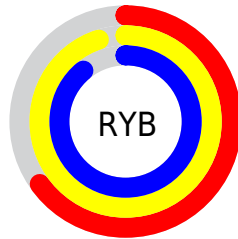
The RGB color **182, 242, 166** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **226, 166, 242**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 255, 222**, and **127, 186, 113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 242, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 242, 190**.

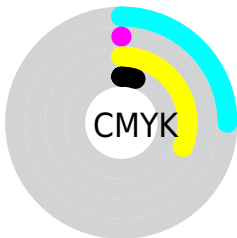
Distribution



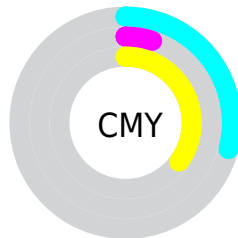
- Red (71%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 182, 242, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 182, 242, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 182, 242, 166

255, 255, 255


 239, 255, 222

 255, 255, 250

 182, 242, 166

 154, 213, 139

 127, 186, 113

 101, 158, 88

 75, 132, 64

 49, 106, 41

 22, 82, 17

 0, 58, 0

 0, 37, 0

 0, 0, 0

 182, 242, 166


 182, 242, 166

 163, 242, 142


 201, 242, 190

 144, 242, 118

 220, 242, 214

 125, 242, 93


 239, 242, 239

 106, 242, 69

 255, 242, 255

 86, 242, 45

 67, 242, 21

 51, 242, 0

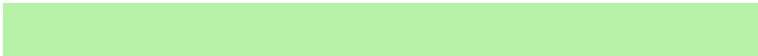
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231, 231, 143



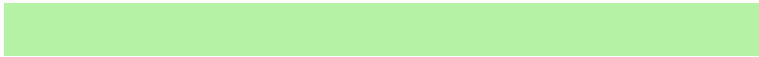
182, 242, 166



128, 248, 205

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182, 242, 166



133, 236, 255



255, 194, 203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182, 242, 166



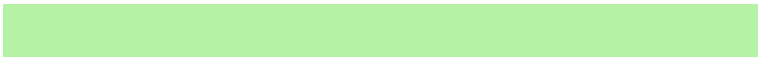
226, 166, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 195, 247



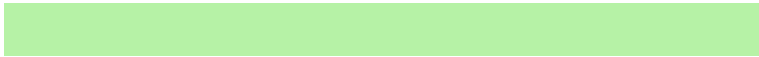
182, 242, 166



204, 222, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182, 242, 166



66, 245, 255



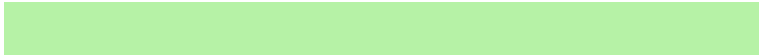
255, 206, 255



255, 203, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182, 242, 166



90, 249, 235



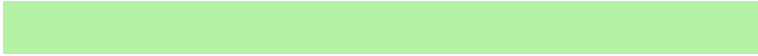
255, 206, 255



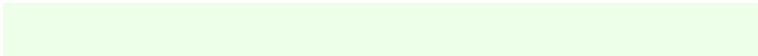
255, 193, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182, 242, 166



237, 255, 232



242, 226, 166



116, 128, 113



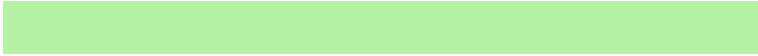
0, 0, 0



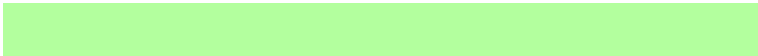
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182, 242, 166



179, 255, 158



166, 242, 188



110, 120, 108



39, 184, 0



12, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 166, 242



235, 158, 255



242, 166, 220



117, 108, 120



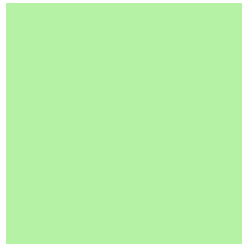
145, 0, 184



44, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 242, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 182, 242, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

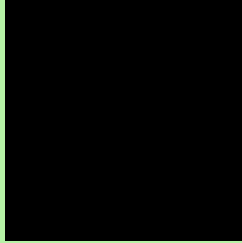
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 182, 242, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 242, 166.

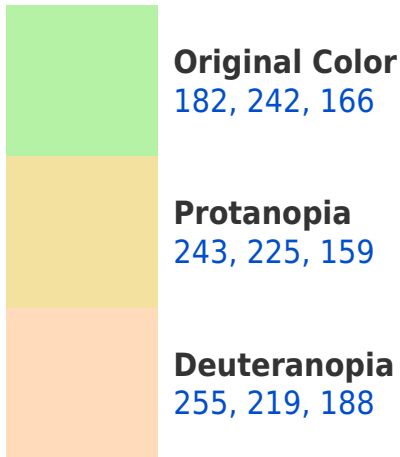


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 182, 242, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

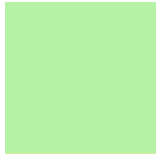
Dichromacy





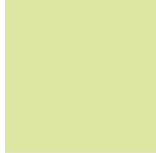
Tritanopia
196, 231, 250

Trichromacy



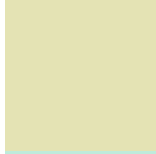
Original Color

182, 242, 166



Protanomaly

221, 231, 162



Deuteranomaly

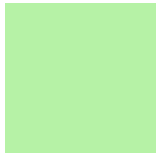
228, 227, 180



Tritanomaly

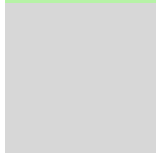
191, 235, 219

Monochromacy



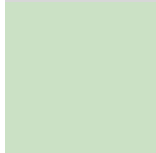
Original Color

182, 242, 166



Achromatopsia

215, 215, 215



Achromatomaly

203, 225, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 182, 242, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 242, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 242, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 242, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 242, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 182, 242, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 242, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 242, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 242, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 242, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 242, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 242,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 182, 242, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 242, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
242, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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