

Converting Colors

RGB(183, 168, 155)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(183, 168, 155) contains.

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Color

RGB(183, 168, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7A89B
RGB	183, 168, 155
RGB Percent	72%, 66%, 61%
CMY	0.2824, 0.3412, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.15, 0.28
HSL	28°, 16%, 66%
HSV	28°, 15%, 72%
XYZ	39.4475, 40.4391, 36.7368
YIQ	171.0030, 13.1130, -0.8630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

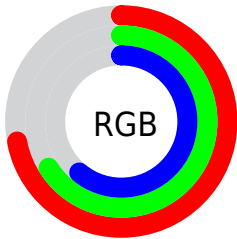
Format	Color
RYB	183, 179, 155
Decimal	12036251
CIELab	69.78, 3.21, 8.67
CIELCh	70, 9.242, 69.645
Yxy	40.4391, 0.3382, 0.3467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290226331 (0xFFB7A89B)
YUV	171.0030, -7.8895, 10.5214
Hunter-Lab	63.5917, -0.5578, 10.2626

Details

The RGB color **183, 168, 155** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **155, 170, 183**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239, 223, 209**, and **130, 116, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183, 158, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183, 178, 173**.

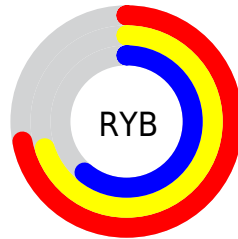
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (66%)

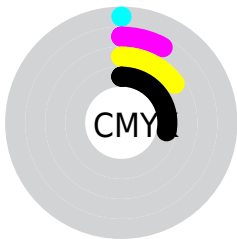
Blue (61%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (61%)

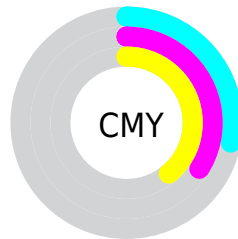


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 183, 168, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 183, 168, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 183, 168, 155


255, 255, 255


 239, 223, 209

 255, 252, 238

 183, 168, 155

 156, 142, 129

 130, 116, 104

 105, 91, 80

 80, 68, 57

 57, 46, 35

 35, 25, 14

 6, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 183, 168, 155


 183, 168, 155


 183, 158, 137


 183, 178, 173

 183, 148, 118


 183, 188, 192

 183, 139, 100


 183, 197, 210

 183, 129, 82

 183, 207, 228

 183, 119, 63

 183, 217, 246

 183, 109, 45

 183, 227, 255

 183, 99, 27

 183, 237, 255

 183, 90, 9

 183, 246, 255

 183, 85, 0

 183, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188, 166, 160



183, 168, 155



175, 171, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183, 168, 155



151, 176, 173



176, 168, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183, 168, 155



155, 170, 183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165, 170, 187



183, 168, 155



150, 175, 181

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183, 168, 155



156, 175, 164



156, 173, 186



184, 166, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183, 168, 155



168, 173, 156



156, 173, 186



172, 168, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183, 168, 155



237, 231, 225



183, 155, 170



120, 116, 113



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183, 168, 155



237, 214, 194



183, 182, 155



92, 87, 83



156, 72, 0



28, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 170, 183



194, 217, 237



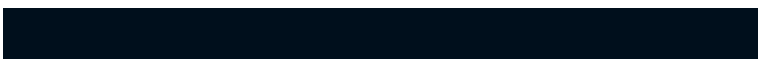
155, 156, 183



83, 88, 92



0, 83, 156



0, 15, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 183, 168, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

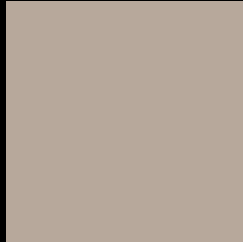
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 183, 168, 155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

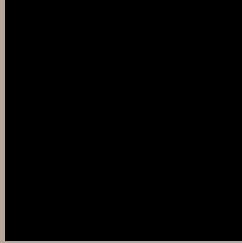
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 183, 168, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 183, 168, 155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 183, 168, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
183, 168, 155

Protanopia
177, 170, 156

Deuteranopia
192, 164, 156



Tritanopia
186, 165, 178

Trichromacy



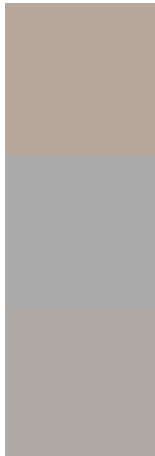
Original Color
183, 168, 155

Protanomaly
179, 169, 156

Deuteranomaly
189, 165, 156

Tritanomaly
185, 166, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color
183, 168, 155

Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171

Achromatomaly
175, 170, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 183, 168, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(183, 168, 155) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 168, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 168, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 168, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 183, 168, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 168, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 168, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 168, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 168, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 168, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 168,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 183, 168, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 168, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
168, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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