

Converting Colors

RGB(183, 171, 237)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(183, 171, 237) contains.

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Color

RGB(183, 171, 237)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7ABED
RGB	183, 171, 237
RGB Percent	72%, 67%, 93%
CMY	0.2824, 0.3294, 0.0706
CMYK	0.23, 0.28, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	251°, 65%, 80%
HSV	251°, 28%, 93%
XYZ	49.3774, 45.3075, 86.2635
YIQ	182.1120, -14.0340, 23.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

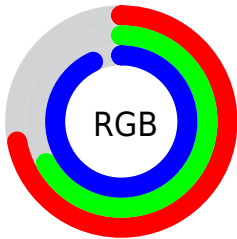
Format	Color
R_{YB}	183, 171, 237
Decimal	12037101
CIE _{Lab}	73.09, 17.92, -31.45
CIE _{LCh}	73, 36.199, 299.671
Yxy	45.3075, 0.2729, 0.2504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290227181 (0xFFB7ABED)
YUV	182.1120, 27.0598, 0.7788
Hunter-Lab	67.3109, 13.1487, -28.8666

Details

The RGB color **183, 171, 237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **225, 237, 171**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 226, 255**, and **129, 119, 181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 147, 237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 195, 237**.

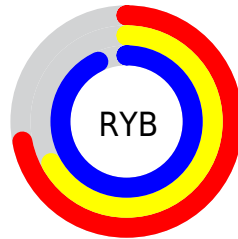
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (67%)

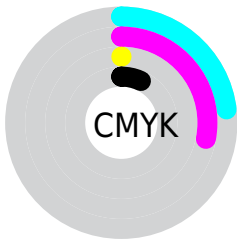
Blue (93%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (93%)

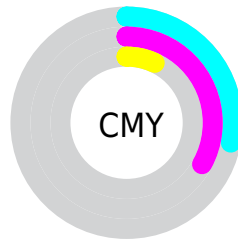


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 183, 171, 237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 183, 171, 237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 183, 171, 237

255, 255, 255

■ 240, 226, 255

■ 183, 171, 237

■ 156, 144, 209

■ 129, 119, 181

■ 103, 94, 154

■ 78, 70, 128

■ 53, 48, 102

■ 28, 27, 78

■ 4, 2, 55

■ 0, 2, 33

■ 0, 0, 6

■ 183, 171, 237

■ 183, 171, 237

■ 164, 147, 237

■ 202, 195, 237

■ 144, 124, 237

■ 222, 218, 237

■ 125, 100, 237

■ 241, 242, 237

■ 105, 76, 237

■ 255, 255, 237

■ 86, 52, 237

■ 67, 29, 237

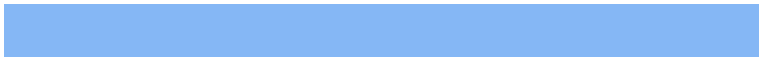
■ 47, 5, 237

■ 43, 0, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133, 183, 245



183, 171, 237



221, 160, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183, 171, 237



229, 166, 123



87, 197, 178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183, 171, 237



225, 237, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128, 194, 145



183, 171, 237



202, 177, 113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183, 171, 237



244, 157, 148



167, 187, 121



57, 197, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183, 171, 237



237, 155, 192



167, 187, 121



101, 197, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183, 171, 237



238, 235, 255



171, 226, 237



117, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183, 171, 237



186, 171, 255



215, 171, 237



108, 106, 117



33, 0, 181



10, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

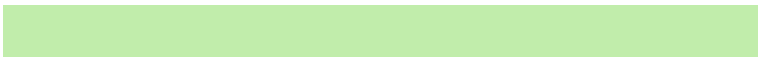
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 171, 225



255, 171, 240



193, 237, 171



117, 106, 115



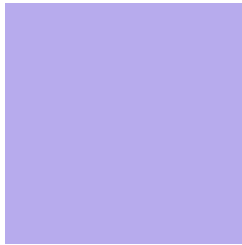
181, 0, 148



54, 0, 44

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 183, 171, 237 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

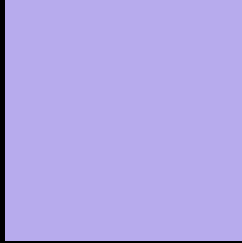
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 183, 171, 237 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

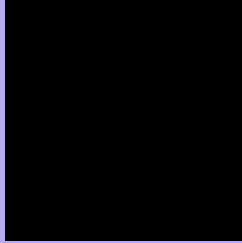
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 183, 171, 237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 183, 171, 237.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 183, 171, 237.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

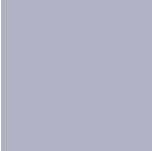
Dichromacy



Original Color
183, 171, 237

Protanopia
161, 177, 242

Deuteranopia
166, 176, 236



Tritanopia
175, 179, 193

Trichromacy



Original Color
183, 171, 237

Protanomaly
169, 175, 240

Deuteranomaly
172, 174, 236

Tritanomaly
178, 176, 209

Monochromacy



Original Color
183, 171, 237

Achromatopsia
182, 182, 182

Achromatomaly
182, 178, 202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 183, 171, 237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 171, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 171, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 171, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 171, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 183, 171, 237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 171, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 171, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 171, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 171, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 171, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 171,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 183, 171, 237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 171, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
171, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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