

Converting Colors

RGB(183, 67, 155)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(183, 67, 155) contains.

RGB(183, 67, 155)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(183, 67, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7439B
RGB	183, 67, 155
RGB Percent	72%, 26%, 61%
CMY	0.2824, 0.7373, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.15, 0.28
HSL	314°, 46%, 49%
HSV	314°, 63%, 72%
XYZ	27.4520, 16.4481, 32.7383
YIQ	111.7160, 40.8880, 51.9600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

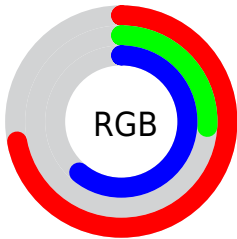
Format	Color
R_{YB}	183, 67, 155
Decimal	12010395
CIE _{Lab}	47.56, 56.56, -24.41
CIE _{LCh}	48, 61.596, 336.658
Yxy	16.4481, 0.3582, 0.2146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290200475 (0xFFB7439B)
YUV	111.7160, 21.3390, 62.5161
Hunter-Lab	40.5563, 49.8505, -19.4712

Details

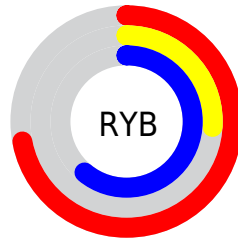
The RGB color **183, 67, 155** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **67, 183, 95**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242, 122, 210**, and **127, 0, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183, 49, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183, 85, 159**.

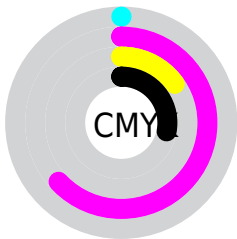
Distribution



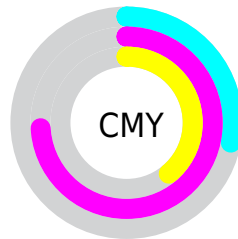
- Red (72%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 183, 67, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 183, 67, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



183, 67, 155



183, 67, 155

255, 255, 255



155, 37, 129



242, 122, 210



127, 0, 104



255, 150, 238



99, 0, 79



255, 178, 255



73, 0, 56



255, 207, 255



48, 0, 34



255, 236, 255



4, 0, 7



0, 0, 0



183, 67, 155



183, 67, 155



183, 49, 151



183, 85, 159


 183, 30, 146

 183, 104, 164

 183, 12, 142

 183, 122, 168

 183, 0, 139

 183, 140, 173

 183, 159, 177

 183, 177, 182

 183, 195, 186

 183, 213, 190

 183, 232, 195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127, 93, 197



183, 67, 155



204, 54, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183, 67, 155



126, 114, 0



0, 135, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183, 67, 155



67, 183, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 136, 123



183, 67, 155



70, 127, 11

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183, 67, 155



168, 95, 0



0, 133, 69



0, 129, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183, 67, 155



201, 63, 70



0, 133, 69



0, 136, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183, 67, 155



237, 192, 226



94, 67, 183



120, 92, 113



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183, 67, 155



237, 57, 194



183, 67, 98



92, 83, 90



156, 0, 118



28, 0, 21

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 67, 155



237, 57, 194



67, 183, 152



92, 83, 90



156, 0, 118



28, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 183, 67, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

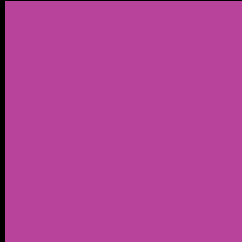
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 183, 67, 155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

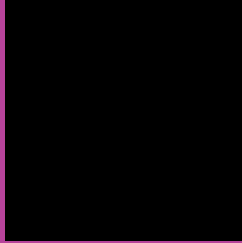
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 183, 67, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 183, 67, 155.

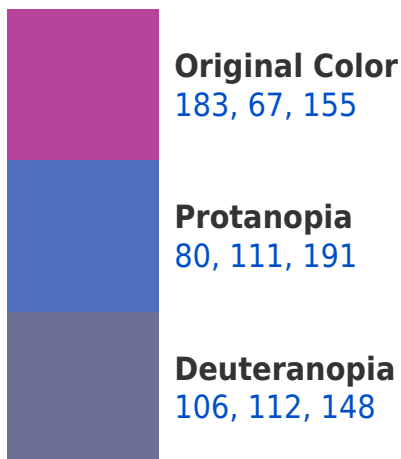


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 183, 67, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
177, 84, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

183, 67, 155



Protanomaly

117, 95, 178



Deuteranomaly

134, 96, 151



Tritanomaly

179, 78, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

183, 67, 155



Achromatopsia

112, 112, 112



Achromatomaly

138, 96, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 183, 67, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 67, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 67, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 67, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 67, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 183, 67, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 67, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 67, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 67, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 67, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 67, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 67,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 183, 67, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 67, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183, 67,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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