

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 136, 131)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 136, 131) contains.

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Color

RGB(184, 136, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B88883
RGB	184, 136, 131
RGB Percent	72%, 53%, 51%
CMY	0.2784, 0.4667, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.29, 0.28
HSL	6°, 27%, 62%
HSV	6°, 29%, 72%
XYZ	32.6681, 29.4374, 25.4329
YIQ	149.7820, 30.2130, 8.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

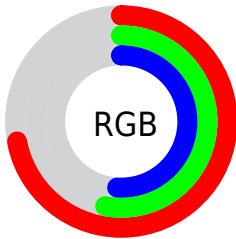
Format	Color
RYB	184, 137, 131
Decimal	12093571
CIELab	61.17, 17.63, 9.87
CIELCh	61, 20.205, 29.252
Yxy	29.4374, 0.3732, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290283651 (0xFFB88883)
YUV	149.7820, -9.2595, 30.0092
Hunter-Lab	54.2562, 12.5278, 10.1868

Details

The RGB color **184, 136, 131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **131, 179, 184**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 190, 184**, and **130, 86, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **184, 119, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184, 153, 149**.

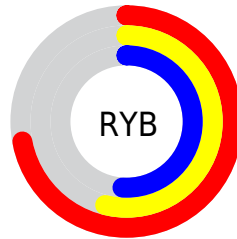
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (53%)

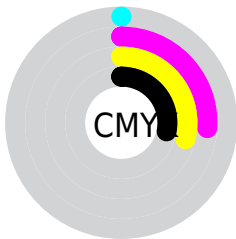
Blue (51%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (51%)

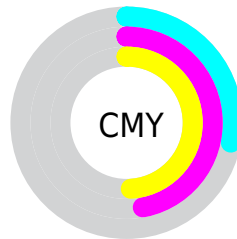


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 136, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 136, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 184, 136, 131

255, 255, 255

 241, 190, 184

 255, 217, 212

 255, 246, 240

 184, 136, 131

 157, 110, 106

 130, 86, 82


 104, 62, 59


 79, 40, 37


 54, 19, 16


 34, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 184, 136, 131

 184, 119, 113

 184, 136, 131

 184, 153, 149

 184, 103, 94

 184, 169, 168

 184, 86, 76

 184, 186, 186

 184, 69, 57

 184, 203, 205

 184, 53, 39

 184, 219, 223

 184, 36, 21

 184, 236, 241

 184, 19, 2

 184, 253, 255

 184, 17, 0

 184, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 135, 149



184, 136, 131



176, 140, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 136, 131



122, 156, 129



126, 149, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 136, 131



131, 179, 184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105, 154, 178



184, 136, 131



105, 158, 147

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 136, 131



142, 152, 116



97, 157, 164



150, 143, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 136, 131



167, 144, 113



97, 157, 164



118, 151, 182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 136, 131



240, 220, 218



184, 131, 180



120, 108, 107



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 136, 131



240, 164, 156



184, 162, 131



92, 83, 83



156, 15, 0



28, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 179, 184



156, 232, 240



131, 153, 184



83, 91, 92



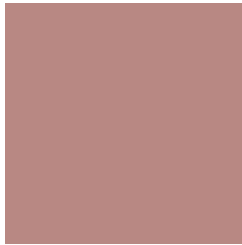
0, 141, 156



0, 25, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 136, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 136, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

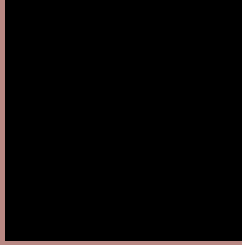
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 136, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 136, 131.

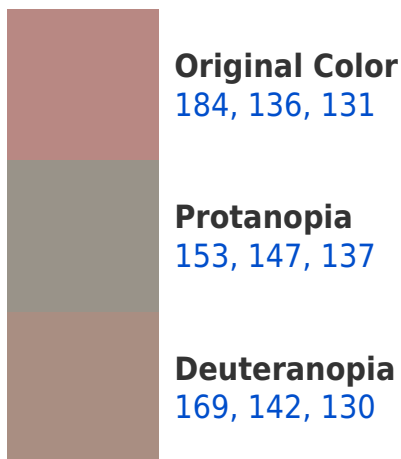



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 136, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
185, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

184, 136, 131

Protanomaly

164, 143, 135

Deuteranomaly

174, 140, 130

Tritanomaly

185, 135, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

184, 136, 131

Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly

162, 145, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 136, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 136, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 136, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 136, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 136, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 136, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 136, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 136, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 136, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 136, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 136, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 136,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 136, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 136, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
136, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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