

# Converting Colors

RGB(184, 140, 189)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(184, 140, 189) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(184, 140, 189)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B88CBD
RGB	184, 140, 189
RGB Percent	72%, 55%, 74%
CMY	0.2784, 0.4510, 0.2588
CMYK	0.03, 0.26, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	294°, 27%, 65%
HSV	294°, 26%, 74%
XYZ	38.3306, 32.6206, 52.4203
YIQ	158.7420, 10.4950, 24.5670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

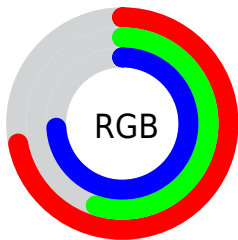
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 140, 189
Decimal	12094653
CIELab	63.85, 25.22, -19.07
CIELCh	64, 31.617, 322.895
Yxy	32.6206, 0.3107, 0.2644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290284733 (0xFFB88CBD)
YUV	158.7420, 14.9172, 22.1513
Hunter-Lab	57.1145, 19.8442, -14.4369

# Details

The RGB color **184, 140, 189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **145, 189, 140**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 194, 245**, and **130, 89, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 121, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 159, 189**.

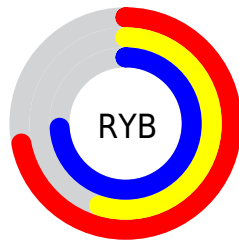
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (55%)

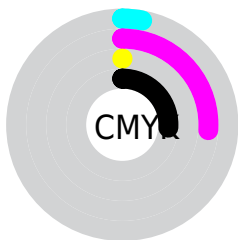
Blue (74%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (74%)

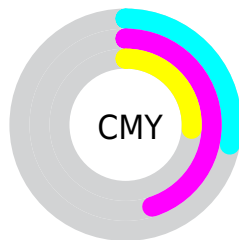


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 140, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 140, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 184, 140, 189

255, 255, 255

 240, 194, 245

 255, 222, 255

 255, 251, 255

 184, 140, 189

 157, 114, 162

 130, 89, 136

 105, 65, 110

 80, 42, 86


 56, 20, 62

 35, 0, 40

 0, 1, 18


 0, 0, 0

 184, 140, 189

 184, 140, 189


 182, 121, 189


 186, 159, 189

 180, 102, 189


 188, 178, 189

 178, 83, 189


 190, 197, 189

 176, 64, 189


 192, 216, 189

 174, 46, 189

 194, 235, 189

 172, 27, 189

 196, 253, 189

 171, 8, 189

 197, 255, 189

 170, 0, 189

 199, 255, 189

 201, 255, 189

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 150, 206



184, 140, 189



205, 134, 163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 140, 189



180, 151, 99



57, 170, 176

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 140, 189



145, 189, 140

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 170, 147



184, 140, 189



152, 160, 102

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 140, 189



201, 141, 111



119, 166, 120



64, 166, 199

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 140, 189



210, 133, 143



119, 166, 120



64, 170, 166



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 140, 189



243, 225, 245



140, 146, 189



121, 110, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 140, 189



237, 169, 245



189, 140, 170



93, 85, 94



142, 0, 158



27, 0, 31



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 140, 145



245, 169, 177



140, 189, 159



94, 85, 86



158, 0, 16



31, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 140, 189 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

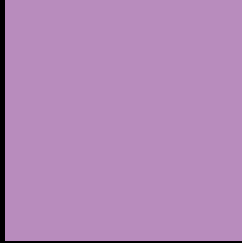
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 140, 189 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

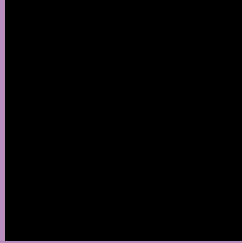
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 184, 140, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 140, 189.

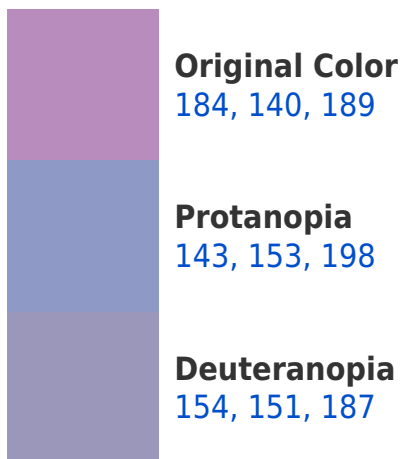


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 140, 189.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
179, 146, 157

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
184, 140, 189

**Protanomaly**  
158, 148, 195

**Deuteranomaly**  
165, 147, 188

**Tritanomaly**  
181, 144, 169

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
184, 140, 189

**Achromatopsia**  
159, 159, 159

**Achromatomaly**  
168, 152, 170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 140, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 140, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 140, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 140, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 140, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 140, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 140, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 140, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 140, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 140, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 140, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 140,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 140, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 140, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
140, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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