

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 158, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 158, 153) contains.

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Color

RGB(184, 158, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B89E99
RGB	184, 158, 153
RGB Percent	72%, 62%, 60%
CMY	0.2784, 0.3804, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.17, 0.28
HSL	10°, 18%, 66%
HSV	10°, 17%, 72%
XYZ	37.7438, 36.9440, 35.2786
YIQ	165.2040, 17.1010, 3.9570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

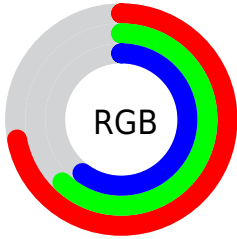
Format	Color
RYB	184, 159, 153
Decimal	12099225
CIELab	67.23, 8.74, 6.14
CIELCh	67, 10.683, 35.095
Yxy	36.9440, 0.3432, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290289305 (0xFFB89E99)
YUV	165.2040, -6.0166, 16.4841
Hunter-Lab	60.7816, 4.4762, 8.1342

Details

The RGB color **184, 158, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **153, 179, 184**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 213, 207**, and **131, 107, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **184, 143, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184, 173, 171**.

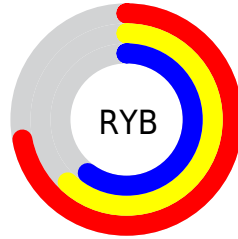
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (62%)

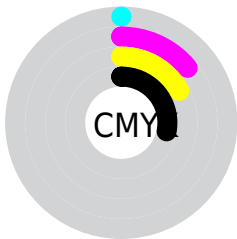
Blue (60%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (60%)

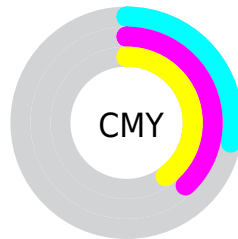


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 158, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 158, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 184, 158, 153

255, 255, 255

 240, 213, 207


 255, 241, 236

 184, 158, 153


 157, 132, 127

 131, 107, 102


 105, 82, 78


 81, 59, 55


 57, 38, 34

 36, 17, 12


 0, 0, 0

 184, 158, 153

 184, 143, 135

 184, 158, 153

 184, 173, 171

 184, 127, 116

 184, 189, 190

 184, 112, 98

 184, 204, 208

 184, 96, 79

 184, 220, 227

 184, 81, 61

 184, 235, 245

 184, 65, 43

 184, 251, 255

 184, 50, 24

 184, 255, 255

 184, 35, 6

 184, 30, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 157, 162



184, 158, 153



179, 160, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 158, 153



148, 169, 155



156, 164, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 158, 153



153, 179, 184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 167, 181



184, 158, 153



141, 169, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 158, 153



159, 166, 148



140, 169, 174



168, 161, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 158, 153



173, 162, 145



140, 169, 174



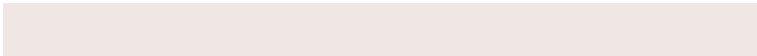
152, 165, 183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 158, 153



240, 230, 228



184, 153, 179



120, 114, 113



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 158, 153



240, 199, 192



184, 173, 153



92, 84, 83



156, 25, 0



28, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 179, 184



192, 232, 240



153, 164, 184



83, 90, 92



0, 130, 156



0, 24, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 158, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

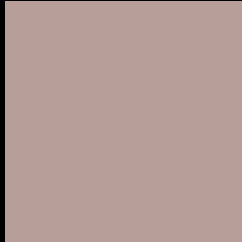
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 158, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

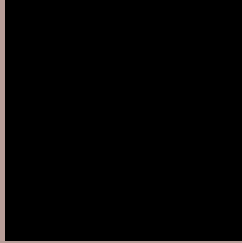
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 158, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 158, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 158, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


184, 158, 153

Protanopia

169, 163, 156

Deuteranopia

184, 158, 153



Tritanopia
186, 156, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color
184, 158, 153

Protanomaly
174, 161, 155

Deuteranomaly
184, 158, 153

Tritanomaly
185, 157, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
184, 158, 153

Achromatopsia
165, 165, 165

Achromatomaly
172, 162, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 158, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(184, 158, 153) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 158, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 158, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 158, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 158, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 158, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 158, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 158, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 158, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 158, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 158,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 158, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 158, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
158, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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