

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 169, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 169, 127) contains.

RGB(184, 169, 127)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(184, 169, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8A97F
RGB	184, 169, 127
RGB Percent	72%, 66%, 50%
CMY	0.2784, 0.3373, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.31, 0.28
HSL	44°, 29%, 61%
HSV	44°, 31%, 72%
XYZ	37.7859, 40.0986, 25.8269
YIQ	168.6970, 22.4220, -9.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

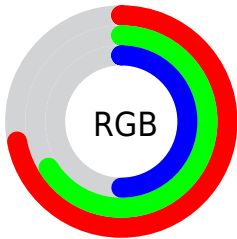
Format	Color
RYB	147, 184, 127
Decimal	12102015
CIELab	69.54, -1.06, 23.68
CIELCh	70, 23.702, 92.554
Yxy	40.0986, 0.3643, 0.3866
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290292095 (0xFFB8A97F)
YUV	168.6970, -20.5566, 13.4207
Hunter-Lab	63.3234, -4.3028, 20.1445

Details

The RGB color **184, 169, 127** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **127, 142, 184**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 224, 180**, and **130, 117, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **184, 164, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184, 174, 145**.

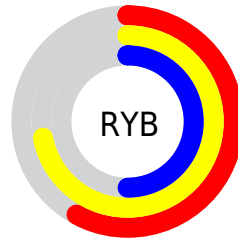
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (66%)

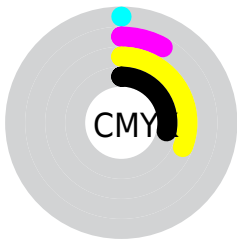
Blue (50%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (50%)

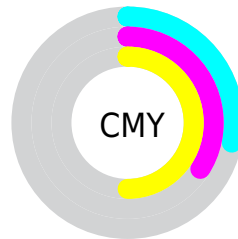


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (34%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 169, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 169, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 184, 169, 127

255, 255, 255

 241, 224, 180

 255, 253, 208

 255, 255, 236

 184, 169, 127

 157, 143, 102

 130, 117, 77


 104, 93, 54


 79, 69, 32


 56, 47, 10


 33, 26, 0

 0, 0, 0

 184, 169, 127

 184, 164, 109

 184, 169, 127

 184, 174, 145

184, 159, 90

184, 179, 164

184, 154, 72

184, 184, 182

184, 150, 53

184, 188, 201

184, 145, 35

184, 193, 219

184, 140, 17

184, 198, 237

184, 136, 0

184, 203, 255

184, 208, 255

184, 213, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 162, 132



184, 169, 127



161, 176, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 169, 127



108, 181, 192



199, 157, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 169, 127



127, 142, 184

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176, 164, 206



184, 169, 127



120, 177, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 169, 127



116, 182, 171



146, 171, 212



212, 154, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 169, 127



144, 179, 143



146, 171, 212



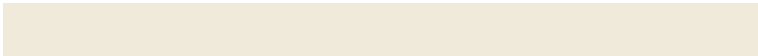
192, 159, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



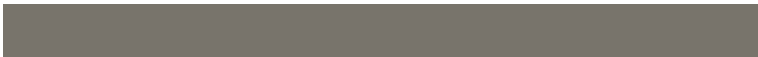
184, 169, 127



240, 234, 218



184, 127, 142



120, 116, 107



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 169, 127



240, 216, 151



171, 184, 127



92, 89, 83



156, 115, 0



28, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 142, 184



151, 174, 240



140, 127, 184



83, 85, 92



0, 41, 156



0, 7, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 169, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

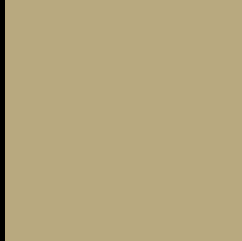
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 169, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

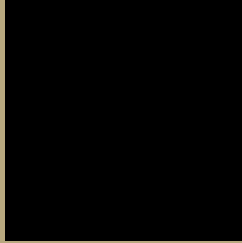
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 169, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 169, 127.

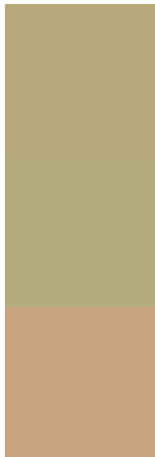


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 169, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
184, 169, 127

Protanopia
182, 170, 127

Deuteranopia
200, 163, 128



Tritanopia
190, 163, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color
184, 169, 127

Protanomaly
183, 170, 127

Deuteranomaly
194, 165, 128

Tritanomaly
188, 165, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color
184, 169, 127

Achromatopsia
169, 169, 169

Achromatomaly
174, 169, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 169, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 169, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 169, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 169, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 169, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 169, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 169, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 169, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 169, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 169, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 169, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 169,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 169, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 169, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
169, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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