

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 181, 225)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 181, 225) contains.

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Color

RGB(184, 181, 225)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8B5E1
RGB	184, 181, 225
RGB Percent	72%, 71%, 88%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2902, 0.1176
CMYK	0.18, 0.20, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	244°, 42%, 80%
HSV	244°, 20%, 88%
XYZ	49.8816, 48.6743, 78.0002
YIQ	186.9130, -12.3360, 14.3200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

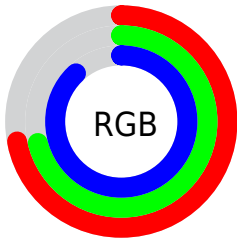
Format	Color
RYB	184, 181, 225
Decimal	12105185
CIELab	75.25, 10.00, -21.63
CIElCh	75, 23.828, 294.806
Yxy	48.6743, 0.2825, 0.2757
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290295265 (0xFFB8B5E1)
YUV	186.9130, 18.7769, -2.5547
Hunter-Lab	69.7670, 5.5308, -17.4499

Details

The RGB color **184, 181, 225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **222, 225, 181**, and the grayscale version is **187, 187, 187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 237, 255**, and **130, 128, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 159, 225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 204, 225**.

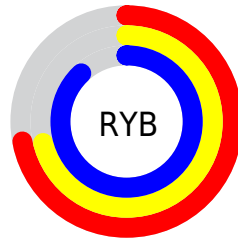
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (71%)

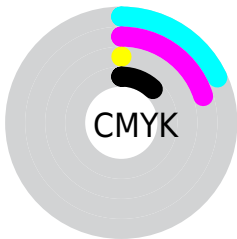
Blue (88%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (88%)

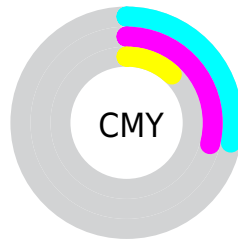


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 181, 225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 181, 225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 184, 181, 225

255, 255, 255

■ 240, 237, 255

■ 184, 181, 225

■ 157, 154, 197

■ 130, 128, 170

■ 105, 103, 143

■ 80, 79, 117

■ 56, 56, 93

■ 33, 35, 69

■ 11, 14, 46

■ 0, 1, 25

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 184, 181, 225

■ 184, 181, 225

■ 163, 159, 225

■ 205, 204, 225

■ 142, 136, 225

■ 226, 226, 225

■ 121, 114, 225

■ 247, 249, 225

■ 100, 91, 225

■ 255, 255, 225

■ 79, 69, 225

■ 58, 46, 225

■ 37, 24, 225

■ 16, 1, 225

■ 15, 0, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154, 188, 229



184, 181, 225



210, 174, 211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 181, 225



223, 175, 150



135, 198, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 181, 225



222, 225, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 195, 159



184, 181, 225



206, 183, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 181, 225



230, 171, 168



182, 190, 145



123, 197, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 181, 225



222, 171, 197



182, 190, 145



142, 197, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 181, 225



241, 240, 255



181, 222, 225



119, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 181, 225



200, 196, 255



206, 181, 225



102, 101, 112



12, 0, 176



3, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 181, 222



255, 196, 251



200, 225, 181



112, 101, 111



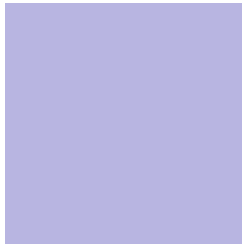
176, 0, 164



48, 0, 45

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 181, 225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

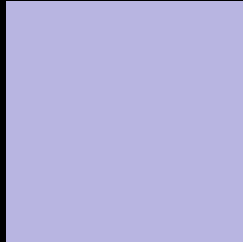
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 181, 225 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

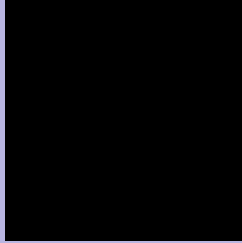
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 181, 225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 181, 225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 181, 225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

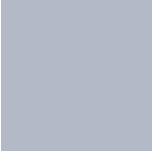
184, 181, 225

Protanopia

175, 183, 227

Deuteranopia

183, 181, 225



Tritanopia
180, 185, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color

184, 181, 225

Protanomaly

178, 182, 226

Deuteranomaly

183, 181, 225

Tritanomaly

181, 184, 209

Monochromacy



Original Color

184, 181, 225

Achromatopsia

187, 187, 187

Achromatomaly

186, 185, 201

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 181, 225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 181, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 181, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 181, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 181, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 181, 225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 181, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 181, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 181, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 181, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 181, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 181,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 181, 225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 181, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
181, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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