

# Converting Colors

RGB(184, 191, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(184, 191, 193) contains.

<b>RGB(184, 191, 193)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(184, 191, 193)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8BFC1
RGB	184, 191, 193
RGB Percent	72%, 75%, 76%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2510, 0.2431
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	193°, 7%, 74%
HSV	193°, 5%, 76%
XYZ	48.0236, 51.3022, 57.8233
YIQ	189.1350, -4.8140, -0.8620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

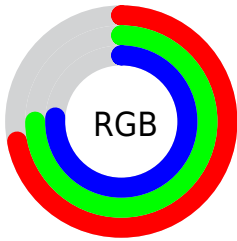
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 188, 193
Decimal	12107713
CIELab	76.86, -2.03, -1.85
CIElCh	77, 2.749, 222.438
Yxy	51.3022, 0.3056, 0.3265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290297793 (0xFFB8BFC1)
YUV	189.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034
Hunter-Lab	71.6256, -5.6638, 2.2731

# Details

The RGB color **184, 191, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **193, 186, 184**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240, 247, 249**, and **131, 138, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 187, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 195, 193**.

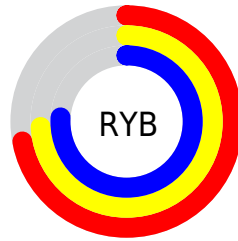
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (75%)

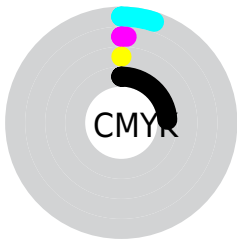
Blue (76%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (76%)

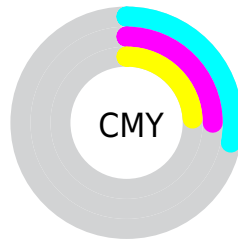


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 191, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 191, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 184, 191, 193

255, 255, 255

■ 240, 247, 249

■ 184, 191, 193

■ 157, 164, 166

■ 131, 138, 140

■ 106, 112, 114

■ 82, 88, 90

■ 59, 65, 66

■ 37, 43, 44

■ 16, 22, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 184, 191, 193

■ 184, 191, 193

■ 165, 187, 193

■ 203, 195, 193

■ 145, 182, 193

■ 223, 200, 193

■ 126, 178, 193

■ 242, 204, 193

■ 107, 174, 193

■ 255, 208, 193

■ 87, 170, 193

■ 255, 212, 193

■ 68, 165, 193

■ 255, 217, 193

■ 49, 161, 193

■ 255, 221, 193

■ 30, 157, 193

■ 255, 225, 193

■ 10, 152, 193

■ 255, 230, 193

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 191, 191



184, 191, 193



186, 190, 194

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 191, 193



194, 188, 191



191, 190, 185

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 191, 193



193, 186, 184

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193, 189, 185



184, 191, 193



195, 188, 189

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 191, 193



192, 189, 193



195, 188, 186



188, 191, 186

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 191, 193



187, 190, 195



195, 188, 186



192, 190, 185



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 191, 193



247, 249, 250



184, 193, 186



124, 125, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

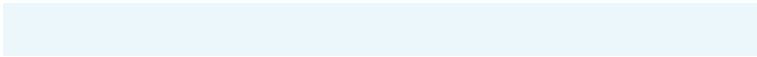


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 191, 193



235, 247, 250



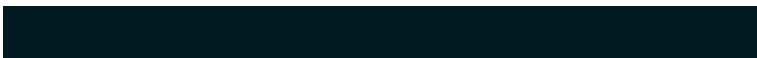
184, 187, 193



90, 95, 97



0, 125, 161



0, 26, 33



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 184, 191



250, 235, 247



193, 190, 184



97, 90, 95



161, 0, 125

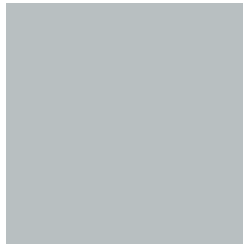


33, 0, 26



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 191, 193 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

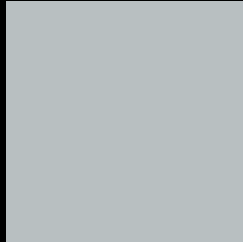
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 191, 193 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

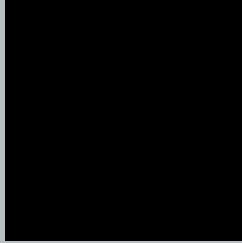
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

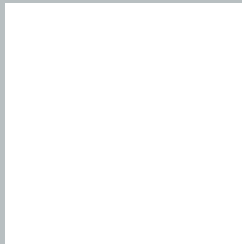
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 184, 191, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 191, 193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 191, 193.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

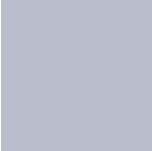
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
184, 191, 193

**Protanopia**  
192, 189, 192

**Deuteranopia**  
206, 184, 194



**Tritanopia**  
186, 189, 204

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

184, 191, 193

**Protanomaly**

189, 190, 192

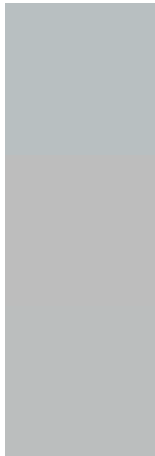
**Deuteranomaly**

198, 187, 194

**Tritanomaly**

185, 190, 200

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

184, 191, 193

**Achromatopsia**

189, 189, 189

**Achromatomaly**

187, 190, 190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 191, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(184, 191, 193) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 191, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 191, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 191, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 191, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 191, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 191, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 191, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 191, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 191, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 191,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 191, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 191, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
191, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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