

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 40, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 40, 126) contains.

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Color

RGB(184, 40, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8287E
RGB	184, 40, 126
RGB Percent	72%, 16%, 49%
CMY	0.2784, 0.8431, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 0.32, 0.28
HSL	324°, 64%, 44%
HSV	324°, 78%, 72%
XYZ	24.2919, 13.2143, 21.0090
YIQ	92.8600, 58.2180, 57.2740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

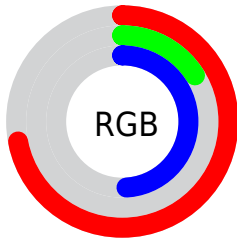
Format	Color
R_{YB}	184, 40, 126
Decimal	12068990
CIE _{Lab}	43.08, 62.63, -13.70
CIE _{LCh}	43, 64.112, 347.661
Yxy	13.2143, 0.4151, 0.2258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290259070 (0xFFB8287E)
YUV	92.8600, 16.3380, 79.9298
Hunter-Lab	36.3515, 55.6675, -8.8200

Details

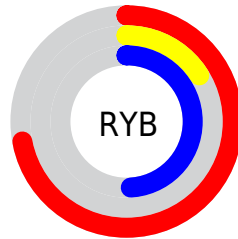
The RGB color **184, 40, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **40, 184, 98**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 101, 179**, and **126, 0, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **184, 22, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184, 58, 133**.

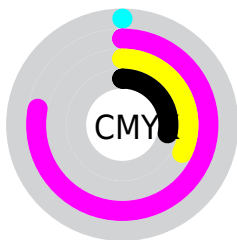
Distribution



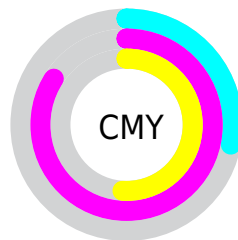
- Red (72%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 40, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 40, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



184, 40, 126



184, 40, 126

255, 255, 255



155, 0, 101



244, 101, 179



126, 0, 77



255, 129, 206



98, 0, 54



255, 157, 234



71, 0, 33



255, 186, 255



44, 0, 6



255, 215, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 245, 255



184, 40, 126



184, 40, 126



184, 22, 119



184, 58, 133

184, 3, 111

184, 77, 141

184, 0, 110

184, 95, 148

184, 114, 156

184, 132, 163

184, 150, 170

184, 169, 178

184, 187, 185

184, 206, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 70, 174



184, 40, 126



193, 38, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 40, 126



94, 109, 0



0, 123, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 40, 126



40, 184, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 125, 133



184, 40, 126



9, 119, 18

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 40, 126



142, 91, 0



0, 123, 77



0, 115, 206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 40, 126



184, 56, 39



0, 123, 77



0, 124, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 40, 126



240, 185, 217



98, 40, 184



120, 86, 106



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 40, 126



240, 14, 149



184, 40, 54



92, 83, 88



156, 0, 93



28, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184, 40, 126



240, 14, 149



40, 184, 170



92, 83, 88



156, 0, 93



28, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 40, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

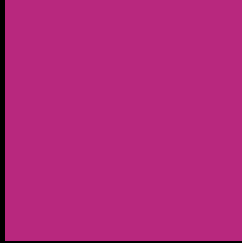
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 40, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 40, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 40, 126.

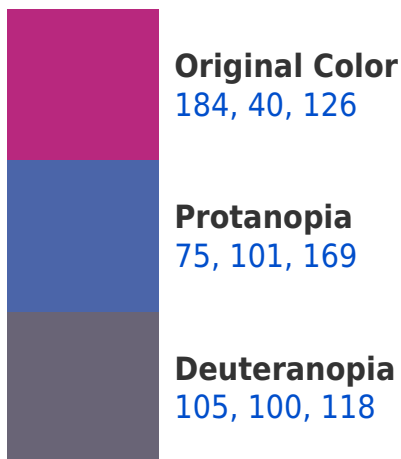


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 40, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
179, 60, 64

Trichromacy



Original Color

184, 40, 126



Protanomaly

115, 79, 153



Deuteranomaly

134, 78, 121



Tritanomaly

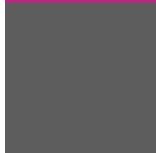
181, 53, 87

Monochromacy



Original Color

184, 40, 126



Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93



Achromatomaly

126, 74, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 40, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 40, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 40, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 40, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 40, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 40, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 40, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 40, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 40, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 40, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 40, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 40,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 40, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 40, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184, 40,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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