

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 54, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 54, 201) contains.

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Color

RGB(184, 54, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B836C9
RGB	184, 54, 201
RGB Percent	72%, 21%, 79%
CMY	0.2784, 0.7882, 0.2118
CMYK	0.08, 0.73, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	293°, 58%, 50%
HSV	293°, 73%, 79%
XYZ	31.6289, 17.0457, 56.8815
YIQ	109.6280, 30.2930, 73.2770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

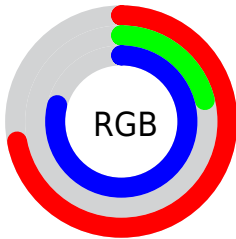
Format	Color
RYB	184, 54, 201
Decimal	12072649
CIELab	48.32, 69.25, -50.18
CIELCh	48, 85.526, 324.072
Yxy	17.0457, 0.2996, 0.1615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290262729 (0xFFB836C9)
YUV	109.6280, 45.0464, 65.2242
Hunter-Lab	41.2865, 64.4949, -52.7849

Details

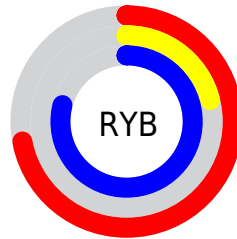
The RGB color **184, 54, 201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **71, 201, 54**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 113, 255**, and **127, 0, 146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 34, 201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 74, 201**.

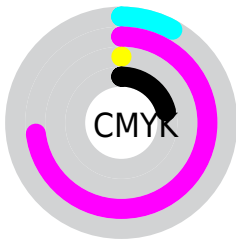
Distribution



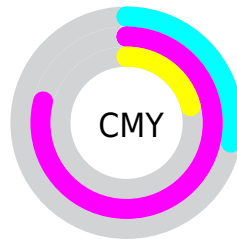
- Red (72%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 54, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 54, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 184, 54, 201

 184, 54, 201

255, 255, 255

 155, 12, 173


 243, 113, 255

 127, 0, 146

 255, 142, 255

 99, 0, 120

 255, 170, 255

 71, 0, 94

 255, 199, 255

 46, 0, 70

 255, 229, 255

 6, 0, 46

 0, 1, 25

 0, 0, 0

 184, 54, 201

 184, 54, 201

■ 182, 34, 201

■ 186, 74, 201

■ 179, 14, 201

■ 189, 94, 201

■ 178, 0, 201

■ 191, 114, 201

■ 193, 134, 201

■ 196, 155, 201

■ 198, 175, 201

■ 200, 195, 201

■ 203, 215, 201

■ 205, 235, 201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48, 102, 249



184, 54, 201



230, 0, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 54, 201



152, 107, 0



0, 144, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 54, 201



71, 201, 54

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 143, 98



184, 54, 201



83, 128, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 54, 201



203, 70, 0



0, 138, 4



0, 141, 233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 54, 201



236, 0, 85



0, 138, 4



0, 144, 148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 54, 201



249, 199, 255



54, 71, 201



124, 94, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 54, 201



229, 31, 255



201, 54, 145



98, 90, 99



144, 0, 163



32, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 54, 71



255, 31, 57



54, 201, 110



99, 90, 91



163, 0, 19



36, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 54, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

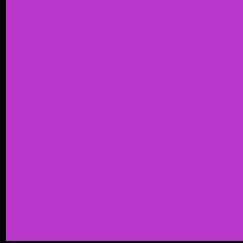
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 54, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

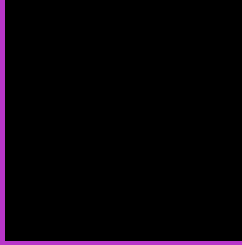
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 54, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 54, 201.

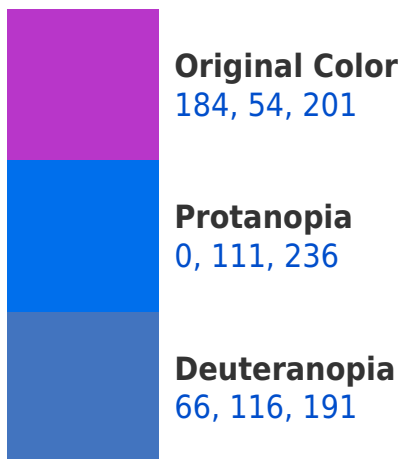



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 54, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
171, 91, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color
184, 54, 201



Protanomaly
67, 90, 223



Deuteranomaly
109, 93, 195



Tritanomaly
176, 78, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color
184, 54, 201



Achromatopsia
110, 110, 110



Achromatomaly
137, 90, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 54, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 54, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 54, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 54, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 54, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 54, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 54, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 54, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 54, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 54, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 54, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 54,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 54, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 54, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184, 54,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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