

Converting Colors

RGB(184, 55, 62)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(184, 55, 62) contains.

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Color

RGB(184, 55, 62)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8373E
RGB	184, 55, 62
RGB Percent	72%, 22%, 24%
CMY	0.2784, 0.7843, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.66, 0.28
HSL	357°, 54%, 47%
HSV	357°, 70%, 72%
XYZ	22.0029, 13.2705, 5.9592
YIQ	94.3690, 74.6370, 29.5250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

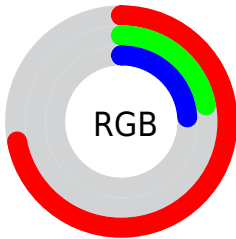
Format	Color
RYB	184, 55, 62
Decimal	12072766
CIELab	43.17, 51.97, 26.08
CIELCh	43, 58.150, 26.647
Yxy	13.2705, 0.5336, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290262846 (0xFFB8373E)
YUV	94.3690, -15.9579, 78.6064
Hunter-Lab	36.4287, 44.0632, 15.8011

Details

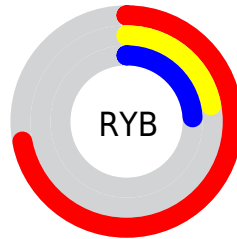
The RGB color **184, 55, 62** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **55, 184, 177**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **246, 110, 110**, and **124, 0, 20** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **184, 37, 45**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184, 73, 79**.

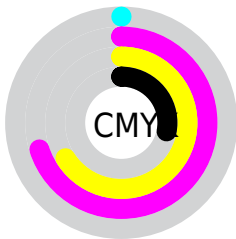
Distribution



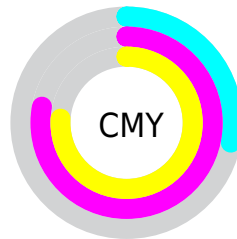
- Red (72%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 184, 55, 62 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 184, 55, 62 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



184, 55, 62



184, 55, 62

255, 255, 255



154, 23, 40



246, 110, 110



124, 0, 20



255, 137, 135



95, 0, 0



255, 165, 161



66, 0, 1



255, 194, 188



36, 0, 1



255, 222, 216



0, 0, 0



255, 252, 244



184, 55, 62



184, 55, 62



184, 37, 45




184, 73, 79

 184, 18, 27


 184, 92, 97

 184, 0, 10

 184, 110, 114

 184, 129, 132

 184, 147, 149

 184, 165, 166

 184, 184, 184

 184, 202, 201

 184, 221, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 48, 110



184, 55, 62



163, 78, 15

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184, 55, 62



0, 119, 45



0, 110, 199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184, 55, 62



55, 184, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 120, 182



184, 55, 62



0, 123, 95

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184, 55, 62



81, 112, 0



0, 123, 144



87, 92, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184, 55, 62



141, 92, 0



0, 123, 144



0, 114, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184, 55, 62



240, 189, 192



175, 55, 184



120, 90, 92



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184, 55, 62



240, 38, 49



184, 111, 55



92, 83, 83



156, 0, 8



28, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184, 55, 62



240, 38, 49



55, 128, 184



92, 83, 83



156, 0, 8



28, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 184, 55, 62 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

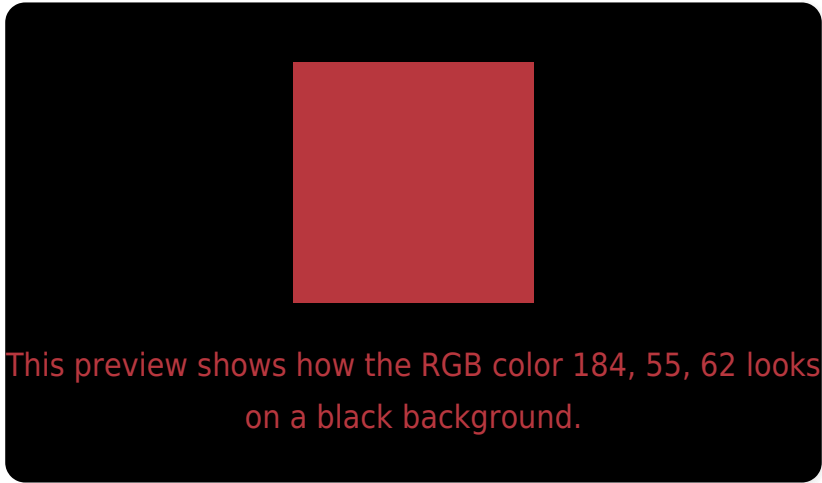
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 184, 55, 62 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 55, 62.

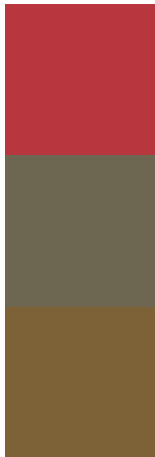


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 184, 55, 62.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
184, 55, 62

Protanopia
109, 103, 81

Deuteranopia
126, 98, 55



Tritanopia
184, 56, 58

Trichromacy



Original Color

184, 55, 62

Protanomaly

136, 86, 74

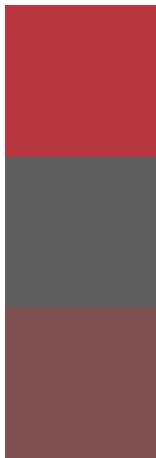
Deuteranomaly

147, 82, 58

Tritanomaly

184, 56, 59

Monochromacy



Original Color

184, 55, 62

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

127, 80, 82

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 184, 55, 62 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 55, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 55, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 55, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 55, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 184, 55, 62 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 55, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 55, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 55, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 55, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 55, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 55,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 184, 55, 62 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 55, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184, 55,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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