

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 106, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 106, 129) contains.

RGB(185, 106, 129)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(185, 106, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B96A81
RGB	185, 106, 129
RGB Percent	73%, 42%, 51%
CMY	0.2745, 0.5843, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.30, 0.27
HSL	343°, 36%, 57%
HSV	343°, 43%, 73%
XYZ	29.1241, 22.2073, 23.5203
YIQ	132.2430, 39.7010, 23.9010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

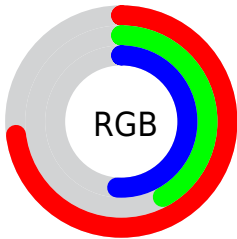
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 106, 129
Decimal	12151425
CIE _{Lab}	54.25, 34.30, 1.11
CIE _{LCh}	54, 34.319, 1.856
Yxy	22.2073, 0.3891, 0.2967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290341505 (0xFFB96A81)
YUV	132.2430, -1.5988, 46.2679
Hunter-Lab	47.1247, 27.8487, 3.3951

Details

The RGB color **185, 106, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **106, 185, 162**, and the grayscale version is **132, 132, 132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 159, 182**, and **130, 56, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 88, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 125, 142**.

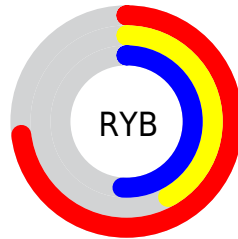
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (42%)

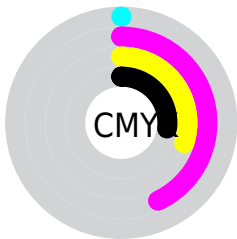
Blue (51%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (51%)

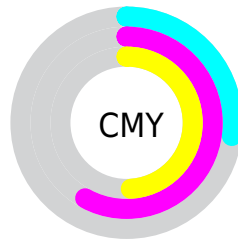


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 106, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 106, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 185, 106, 129

255, 255, 255

 243, 159, 182

 255, 186, 209

 255, 214, 238

 255, 243, 255

 185, 106, 129

 185, 88, 116

 185, 106, 129

 157, 81, 104

 130, 56, 80


 103, 31, 57


 77, 4, 36

 52, 0, 14

 21, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 185, 106, 129

 185, 125, 142

■ 185, 69, 103

■ 185, 143, 155

■ 185, 51, 90

■ 185, 162, 168

■ 185, 32, 77

■ 185, 180, 181

■ 185, 13, 63

■ 185, 198, 195

■ 185, 0, 54

■ 185, 217, 208

■ 185, 236, 221

■ 185, 254, 234

■ 185, 255, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168, 111, 158



185, 106, 129



185, 109, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 106, 129



116, 137, 78



11, 140, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 106, 129



106, 185, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 144, 160



185, 106, 129



79, 143, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 106, 129



147, 129, 70



28, 145, 131



87, 132, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 106, 129



177, 115, 84



28, 145, 131



0, 142, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 106, 129



240, 209, 218



161, 106, 185



120, 101, 106



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 106, 129



240, 117, 153



185, 122, 106



92, 83, 85



156, 0, 45



28, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 106, 129



240, 117, 153



106, 169, 185



92, 83, 85



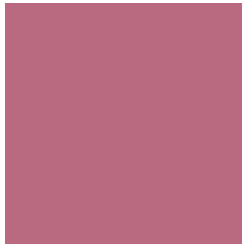
156, 0, 45



28, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 106, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

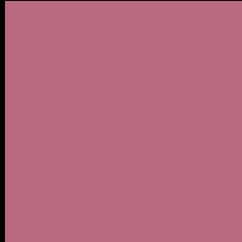
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 106, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

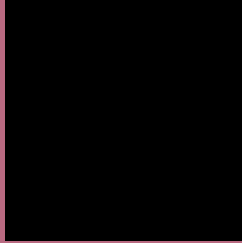
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 106, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 106, 129.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 106, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
184, 108, 116

Trichromacy



Original Color

185, 106, 129

Protanomaly

149, 121, 138

Deuteranomaly

159, 119, 127

Tritanomaly

184, 107, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

185, 106, 129

Achromatopsia

132, 132, 132

Achromatomaly

151, 123, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 106, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 106, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 106, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 106, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 106, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 106, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 106, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 106, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 106, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 106, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 106, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 106,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 106, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 106, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
106, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor