

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 113, 109)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 113, 109) contains.

RGB(185, 113, 109)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(185, 113, 109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9716D
RGB	185, 113, 109
RGB Percent	73%, 44%, 43%
CMY	0.2745, 0.5569, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.41, 0.27
HSL	3°, 35%, 58%
HSV	3°, 41%, 73%
XYZ	28.6730, 23.2287, 17.4403
YIQ	134.0720, 44.1960, 14.0200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

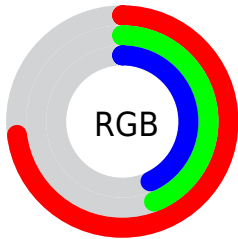
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 113, 109
Decimal	12153197
CIE _{Lab}	55.31, 27.98, 14.33
CIE _{LCh}	55, 31.434, 27.115
Yxy	23.2287, 0.4135, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290343277 (0xFFB9716D)
YUV	134.0720, -12.3605, 44.6639
Hunter-Lab	48.1961, 21.8507, 12.2825

Details

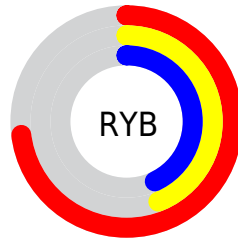
The RGB color **185, 113, 109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **109, 181, 185**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243, 166, 160**, and **129, 64, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 95, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 131, 128**.

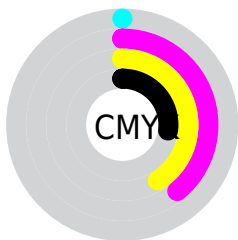
Distribution



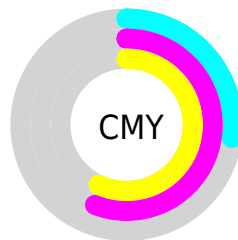
- Red (73%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 113, 109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 113, 109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 185, 113, 109

255, 255, 255

 243, 166, 160

 255, 193, 187

 255, 221, 215

 255, 250, 244

 185, 113, 109

 157, 88, 85

 129, 64, 62

 102, 40, 40

 76, 16, 19

 51, 0, 0


 18, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 185, 113, 109

 185, 95, 90

 185, 113, 109

 185, 131, 128

 185, 78, 72

 185, 148, 146

 185, 60, 54

 185, 166, 165

 185, 43, 35

 185, 183, 183

 185, 25, 16

 185, 201, 202

 185, 10, 0

 185, 218, 220

 185, 236, 238

 185, 253, 255

 185, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 111, 136



185, 113, 109



174, 120, 88

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 113, 109



93, 144, 102



88, 136, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 113, 109



109, 181, 185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38, 143, 177



185, 113, 109



56, 147, 129

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 113, 109



125, 138, 83



15, 147, 156



132, 126, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 113, 109



161, 127, 79



15, 147, 156



72, 139, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 113, 109



240, 212, 211



185, 109, 181



120, 104, 103



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 113, 109



240, 128, 122



185, 151, 109



92, 83, 83



156, 8, 0



28, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109, 181, 185



122, 234, 240



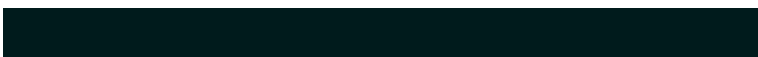
109, 143, 185



83, 91, 92



0, 147, 156



0, 27, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 113, 109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

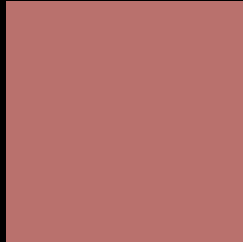
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 113, 109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 113, 109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 113, 109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 113, 109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
185, 113, 109

Protanopia
139, 132, 119

Deuteranopia
155, 128, 106



Tritanopia
186, 111, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color
185, 113, 109

Protanomaly
156, 125, 115

Deuteranomaly
166, 123, 107

Tritanomaly
186, 112, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color
185, 113, 109

Achromatopsia
134, 134, 134

Achromatomaly
153, 126, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 113, 109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 113, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 113, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 113, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 113, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 113, 109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 113, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 113, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 113, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 113, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 113, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 113,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 113, 109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 113, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
113, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor