

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 133, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 133, 186) contains.

RGB(185, 133, 186)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(185, 133, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B985BA
RGB	185, 133, 186
RGB Percent	73%, 52%, 73%
CMY	0.2745, 0.4784, 0.2706
CMYK	0.01, 0.28, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	299°, 28%, 63%
HSV	299°, 28%, 73%
XYZ	37.2580, 30.6345, 50.4037
YIQ	154.5900, 13.9790, 27.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

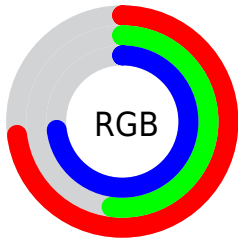
Format	Color
RYB	185, 133, 186
Decimal	12158394
CIELab	62.20, 28.87, -19.89
CIELCh	62, 35.058, 325.434
Yxy	30.6345, 0.3150, 0.2590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290348474 (0xFFB985BA)
YUV	154.5900, 15.4851, 26.6696
Hunter-Lab	55.3485, 23.2982, -15.2492

Details

The RGB color **185, 133, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **134, 186, 133**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242, 187, 242**, and **131, 83, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 114, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 152, 186**.

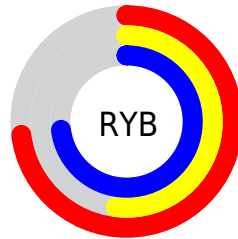
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (52%)

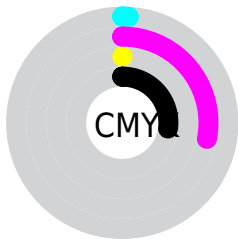
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (73%)

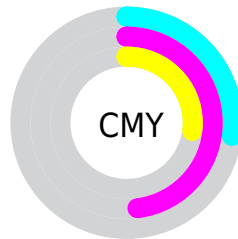


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 133, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 133, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 185, 133, 186


255, 255, 255


 242, 187, 242

 255, 215, 255

 255, 243, 255

 185, 133, 186

 158, 107, 159

 131, 83, 133

 105, 59, 107

 80, 35, 83

 56, 12, 60

 36, 0, 38

 0, 1, 15

 0, 0, 0


 185, 133, 186

 185, 133, 186

 185, 114, 186

 185, 152, 186

 184, 96, 186

 186, 170, 186

 184, 77, 186

 186, 189, 186

 184, 59, 186

 186, 207, 186

 183, 40, 186

 187, 226, 186

 183, 21, 186

 187, 245, 186

 183, 3, 186

 187, 255, 186

 182, 0, 186

 188, 255, 186

 188, 255, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 144, 206



185, 133, 186



207, 126, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 133, 186



175, 147, 88



8, 166, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 133, 186



134, 186, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65, 167, 144



185, 133, 186



144, 157, 93

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 133, 186



199, 136, 100



107, 163, 114



36, 163, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 133, 186



211, 126, 135



107, 163, 114



30, 167, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 133, 186



242, 220, 242



133, 135, 186



122, 109, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 133, 186



241, 160, 242



186, 133, 161



92, 83, 92



153, 0, 156



28, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 133, 134



242, 160, 161



133, 186, 158



92, 83, 83



156, 0, 3



28, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 133, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

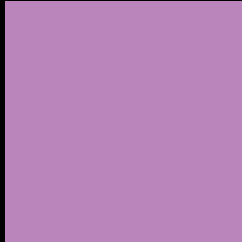
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 133, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

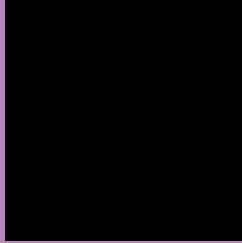
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 133, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 133, 186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 133, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
185, 133, 186

Protanopia
138, 149, 197

Deuteranopia
149, 147, 183



Tritanopia
180, 140, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color
185, 133, 186

Protanomaly
155, 143, 193

Deuteranomaly
162, 142, 184

Tritanomaly
182, 137, 164

Monochromacy



Original Color
185, 133, 186

Achromatopsia
155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly
166, 147, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 133, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 133, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 133, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 133, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 133, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 133, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 133, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 133, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 133, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 133, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 133, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 133,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 133, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 133, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
133, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor