

# Converting Colors

RGB(185, 144, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(185, 144, 194) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(185, 144, 194)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B990C2
RGB	185, 144, 194
RGB Percent	73%, 56%, 76%
CMY	0.2745, 0.4353, 0.2392
CMYK	0.05, 0.26, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	289°, 29%, 66%
HSV	289°, 26%, 76%
XYZ	39.7184, 34.1558, 55.5383
YIQ	161.9590, 8.3860, 24.2420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

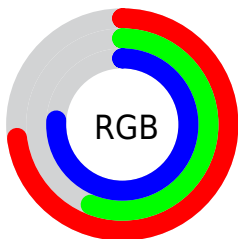
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	185, 144, 194
Decimal	12161218
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.09, 24.30, -20.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 31.472, 320.555
Yxy	34.1558, 0.3069, 0.2639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290351298 (0xFFB990C2)
YUV	161.9590, 15.7962, 20.2070
Hunter-Lab	58.4430, 19.0351, -15.4331

# Details

The RGB color **185, 144, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **153, 194, 144**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242, 198, 251**, and **131, 93, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 125, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 163, 194**.

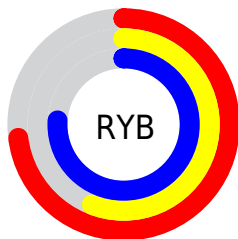
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (56%)

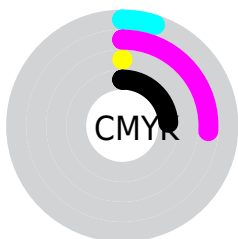
Blue (76%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (76%)

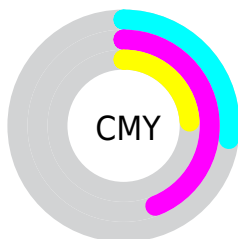


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 144, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 144, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 185, 144, 194

 185, 144, 194

255, 255, 255


 158, 118, 167

 242, 198, 251

 131, 93, 140

 255, 226, 255

 106, 69, 115

 81, 46, 90


 57, 24, 66

 35, 1, 44

 0, 0, 23


 0, 0, 0


 185, 144, 194

 185, 144, 194

 182, 125, 194


 188, 163, 194

 178, 105, 194

 192, 183, 194

 175, 86, 194


 195, 202, 194

 171, 66, 194

 199, 222, 194

 168, 47, 194

 202, 241, 194

 164, 28, 194

 206, 255, 194

 161, 8, 194

 209, 255, 194

 159, 0, 194

 213, 255, 194

 216, 255, 194

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 154, 210



185, 144, 194



207, 137, 168

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 144, 194



185, 153, 103



63, 173, 177

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 144, 194



153, 194, 144

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91, 173, 148



185, 144, 194



157, 162, 105

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 144, 194



205, 144, 116



125, 169, 121



67, 170, 201

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 144, 194



213, 137, 149



125, 169, 121



71, 173, 167



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 144, 194



249, 232, 252



144, 153, 194



125, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 144, 194



238, 174, 252



194, 144, 178



95, 87, 97



132, 0, 161



27, 0, 33



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 144, 153



252, 174, 188



144, 194, 160



97, 87, 89



161, 0, 29



33, 0, 6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 144, 194 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

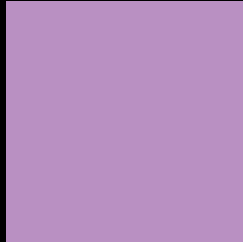
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 144, 194 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

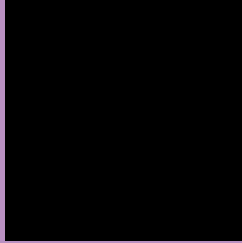
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 185, 144, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 144, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 144, 194.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
185, 144, 194

**Protanopia**  
146, 156, 203

**Deuteranopia**  
157, 155, 192



**Tritanopia**  
180, 150, 162

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

185, 144, 194

**Protanomaly**

160, 152, 200

**Deuteranomaly**

167, 151, 193

**Tritanomaly**

182, 148, 174

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

185, 144, 194

**Achromatopsia**

162, 162, 162

**Achromatomaly**

170, 155, 174

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 144, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 144, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 144, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 144, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 144, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 144, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 144, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 144, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 144, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 144, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 144, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 144,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 144, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 144, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
144, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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