

# Converting Colors

RGB(185, 165, 206)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(185, 165, 206) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(185, 165, 206)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9A5CE
RGB	185, 165, 206
RGB Percent	73%, 65%, 81%
CMY	0.2745, 0.3529, 0.1922
CMYK	0.10, 0.20, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	269°, 29%, 73%
HSV	269°, 20%, 81%
XYZ	44.6033, 41.6808, 64.0869
YIQ	175.6540, -1.2410, 16.9910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

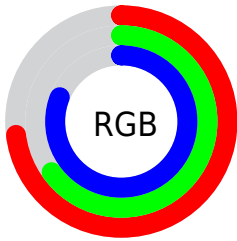
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">185, 165, 206</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12166606</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.65, 15.06, -18.21</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 23.631, 309.581</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.6808, 0.2966, 0.2772</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290356686 (0xFFB9A5CE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">175.6540, 14.9606, 8.1964</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.5607, 10.3399, -13.6624</a>

# Details

The RGB color **185, 165, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **186, 206, 165**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 220, 255**, and **132, 113, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 144, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 186, 206**.

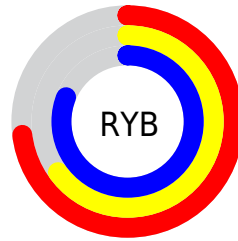
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (65%)

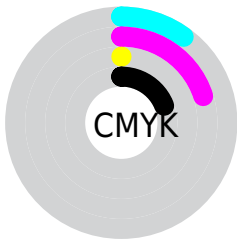
Blue (81%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (81%)

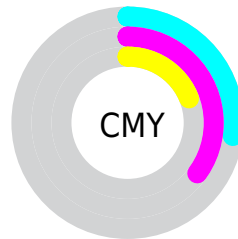


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 165, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 165, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 185, 165, 206

 185, 165, 206

255, 255, 255

 158, 139, 178

 241, 220, 255

 132, 113, 152


 255, 249, 255

 106, 89, 126

 82, 65, 101

 58, 43, 77

 36, 22, 54

 18, 0, 33

 0, 0, 5


 0, 0, 0

 185, 165, 206

 185, 165, 206

 174, 144, 206


 196, 186, 206

 164, 124, 206

 206, 206, 206

 153, 103, 206

 217, 227, 206

 143, 83, 206


 227, 247, 206

 132, 62, 206


 238, 255, 206

 122, 41, 206

 248, 255, 206

 111, 21, 206

 255, 255, 206

 101, 0, 206

 100, 0, 206

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 172, 215



185, 165, 206



206, 159, 188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 165, 206



202, 166, 133



115, 185, 179

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 165, 206



186, 206, 165

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134, 184, 157



185, 165, 206



182, 174, 130

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 165, 206



214, 160, 146



158, 180, 139



112, 184, 199

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 165, 206



214, 157, 174



158, 180, 139



120, 185, 172



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 165, 206



247, 240, 255



165, 186, 206



123, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 165, 206



224, 194, 255



205, 165, 206



97, 92, 102



81, 0, 166



19, 0, 38



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 165, 186



255, 194, 225



166, 206, 165



102, 92, 97



166, 0, 85

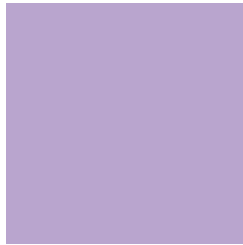


38, 0, 20



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 165, 206 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

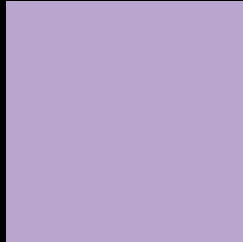
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 165, 206 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

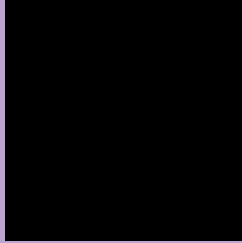
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 185, 165, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 165, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 165, 206.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
185, 165, 206

**Protanopia**  
164, 171, 210

**Deuteranopia**  
174, 169, 205



**Tritanopia**  
181, 169, 182

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
185, 165, 206

**Protanomaly**  
172, 169, 209

**Deuteranomaly**  
178, 168, 205

**Tritanomaly**  
182, 168, 191

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
185, 165, 206

**Achromatopsia**  
176, 176, 176

**Achromatomaly**  
179, 172, 187

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 165, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 165, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 165, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 165, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 165, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 165, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 165, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 165, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 165, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 165, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 165, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 165,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 165, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 165, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
165, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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