

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 189, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 189, 177) contains.

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Color

RGB(185, 189, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9BDB1
RGB	185, 189, 177
RGB Percent	73%, 74%, 69%
CMY	0.2745, 0.2588, 0.3059
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.06, 0.26
HSL	80°, 8%, 72%
HSV	80°, 6%, 74%
XYZ	46.1410, 49.8838, 48.7916
YIQ	186.4360, 1.4680, -4.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

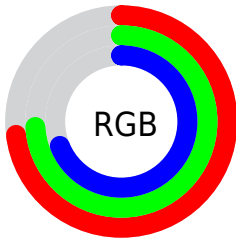
Format	Color
RYB	177, 189, 181
Decimal	12172721
CIELab	76.00, -3.58, 5.57
CIELCh	76, 6.620, 122.720
Yxy	49.8838, 0.3186, 0.3445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290362801 (0xFFB9BDB1)
YUV	186.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594
Hunter-Lab	70.6285, -6.9873, 8.4812

Details

The RGB color **185, 189, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **181, 177, 189**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 245, 233**, and **132, 136, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179, 189, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 189, 196**.

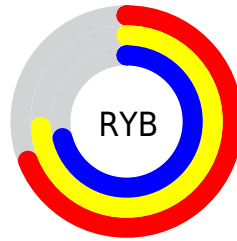
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (74%)

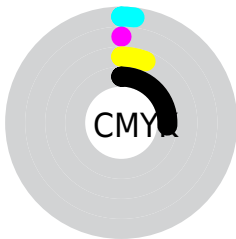
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (71%)

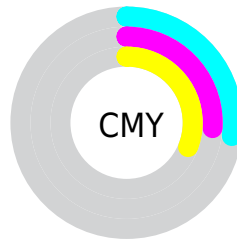


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 189, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 189, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 185, 189, 177

255, 255, 255

■ 241, 245, 233

■ 185, 189, 177

■ 158, 162, 150

■ 132, 136, 124

■ 107, 110, 100

■ 83, 86, 76

■ 60, 63, 53

■ 38, 41, 32

■ 17, 21, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 185, 189, 177

■ 185, 189, 177

■ 179, 189, 158

■ 191, 189, 196

■ 172, 189, 139

■ 198, 189, 215

■ 166, 189, 120

■ 204, 189, 234

■ 160, 189, 101

■ 210, 189, 253

■ 153, 189, 82

■ 217, 189, 255

■ 147, 189, 64

■ 223, 189, 255

■ 141, 189, 45

■ 229, 189, 255

■ 135, 189, 26

■ 235, 189, 255

■ 128, 189, 7

■ 242, 189, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 187, 175



185, 189, 177



178, 190, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 189, 177



176, 190, 198



200, 183, 187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 189, 177



181, 177, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 184, 193



185, 189, 177



182, 188, 199

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 189, 177



173, 191, 194



189, 186, 198



201, 184, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 189, 177



175, 191, 186



189, 186, 198



199, 183, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 189, 177



243, 245, 240



189, 181, 177



122, 122, 120



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 189, 177



238, 245, 225



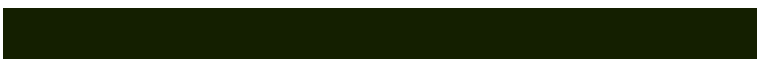
179, 189, 177



91, 94, 85



105, 158, 0



20, 31, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 177, 189



232, 225, 245



187, 177, 189



88, 85, 94



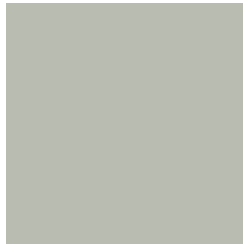
53, 0, 158



10, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 189, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 189, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

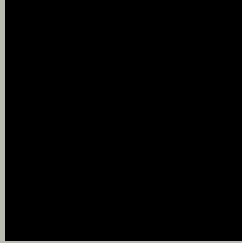
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

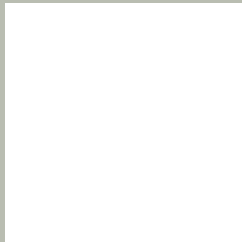
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 189, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 189, 177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 189, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
185, 189, 177

Protanopia
193, 187, 176

Deuteranopia
208, 181, 179



Tritanopia
189, 186, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color

185, 189, 177

Protanomaly

190, 188, 176

Deuteranomaly

200, 184, 178

Tritanomaly

188, 187, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color

185, 189, 177

Achromatopsia

186, 186, 186

Achromatomaly

186, 187, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 189, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(185, 189, 177) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 189, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 189, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 189, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 189, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 189, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 189, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 189, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 189, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 189, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 189, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
189, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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