

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 194, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 194, 194) contains.

RGB(185, 194, 194)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(185, 194, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9C2C2
RGB	185, 194, 194
RGB Percent	73%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.2745, 0.2392, 0.2392
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	180°, 7%, 74%
HSV	180°, 5%, 76%
XYZ	49.0370, 52.7929, 58.6445
YIQ	191.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

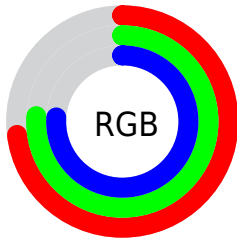
Format	Color
RYB	185, 190, 194
Decimal	12174018
CIELab	77.75, -3.09, -1.08
CIELCh	78, 3.271, 199.315
Yxy	52.7929, 0.3056, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290364098 (0xFFB9C2C2)
YUV	191.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	72.6587, -6.6841, 3.0068

Details

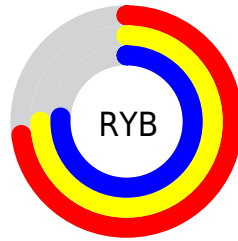
The RGB color **185, 194, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **194, 185, 185**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 250, 250**, and **132, 140, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166, 194, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 194, 194**.

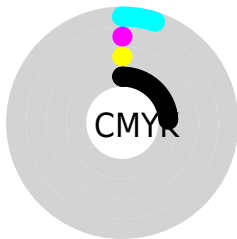
Distribution



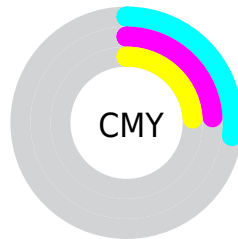
- Red (73%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 194, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 194, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 185, 194, 194

255, 255, 255

■ 241, 250, 250

■ 185, 194, 194

■ 158, 167, 167

■ 132, 140, 140

■ 107, 115, 115

■ 83, 90, 90

■ 59, 67, 67

■ 38, 45, 45

■ 17, 24, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 185, 194, 194

■ 185, 194, 194

■ 166, 194, 194

■ 204, 194, 194

■ 146, 194, 194

■ 224, 194, 194

■ 127, 194, 194

■ 243, 194, 194

■ 107, 194, 194

■ 255, 194, 194

■ 88, 194, 194

■ 69, 194, 194

■ 49, 194, 194

■ 30, 194, 194

■ 10, 194, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 194, 191



185, 194, 194



186, 194, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 194, 194



195, 191, 196



196, 192, 186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 194, 194



194, 185, 185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 191, 188



185, 194, 194



198, 190, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 194, 194



192, 192, 198



199, 190, 190



193, 193, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 194, 194



187, 193, 198



199, 190, 190



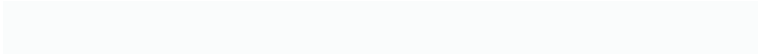
197, 191, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 194, 194



250, 252, 252



185, 194, 185



126, 128, 128



0, 0, 0



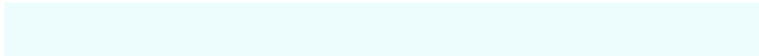
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 194, 194



237, 252, 252



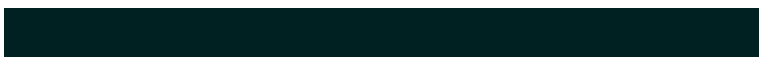
185, 189, 194



90, 97, 97



0, 161, 161



0, 33, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 185, 194



252, 237, 252



194, 189, 185



97, 90, 97



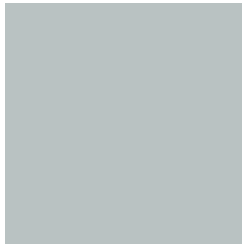
161, 0, 161



33, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 194, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

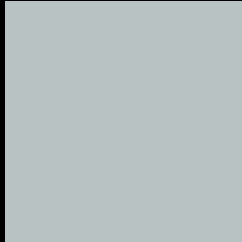
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 194, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

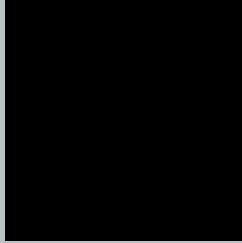
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

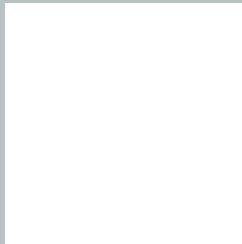
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 194, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 194, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 194, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
187, 192, 207

Trichromacy



Original Color

185, 194, 194

Protanomaly

191, 192, 193

Deuteranomaly

200, 189, 195

Tritanomaly

186, 193, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

185, 194, 194

Achromatopsia

191, 191, 191

Achromatomaly

189, 192, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 194, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 194, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 194, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 194, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 194, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 194, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

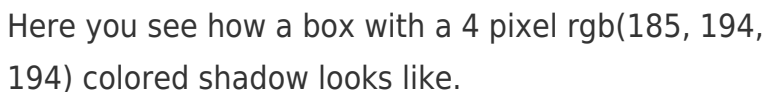
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 194, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 194, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 194, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 194, 194); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 194, 194); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 194, 194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 194, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 194, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
194, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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