

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 214, 192)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 214, 192) contains.

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Color

RGB(185, 214, 192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9D6C0
RGB	185, 214, 192
RGB Percent	73%, 84%, 75%
CMY	0.2745, 0.1608, 0.2471
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.10, 0.16
HSL	134°, 26%, 78%
HSV	134°, 14%, 84%
XYZ	53.5686, 62.2132, 59.0542
YIQ	202.8210, -10.2220, -12.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

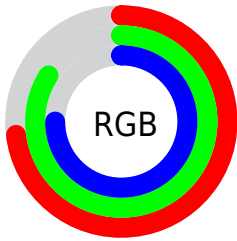
Format	Color
RYB	185, 208, 214
Decimal	12179136
CIELab	83.03, -13.83, 7.63
CIELCh	83, 15.796, 151.102
Yxy	62.2132, 0.3064, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290369216 (0xFFB9D6C0)
YUV	202.8210, -5.3348, -15.6290
Hunter-Lab	78.8753, -16.8027, 10.8222

Details

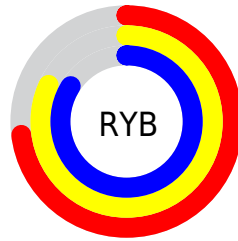
The RGB color **185, 214, 192** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 185, 207**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241, 255, 248**, and **132, 159, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 214, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206, 214, 208**.

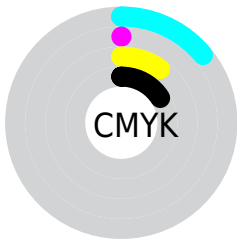
Distribution



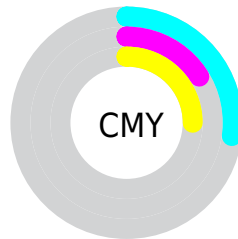
- Red (73%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 214, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 214, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 185, 214, 192

 185, 214, 192

255, 255, 255


 158, 186, 165

 241, 255, 248

 132, 159, 139

 106, 133, 113

 82, 108, 89

 58, 83, 65

 36, 60, 43

 15, 38, 23

 0, 19, 0

 0, 0, 0

 185, 214, 192

 185, 214, 192

 164, 214, 176

 206, 214, 208

 142, 214, 160

 228, 214, 224

 121, 214, 143

 249, 214, 241

 99, 214, 127

 255, 214, 255

 78, 214, 111

 57, 214, 95

 35, 214, 78

 14, 214, 62

 0, 214, 52

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 211, 181



185, 214, 192



173, 216, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 214, 192



191, 208, 236



238, 198, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 214, 192



214, 185, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



237, 197, 207



185, 214, 192



210, 203, 232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 214, 192



176, 212, 232



227, 199, 221



231, 201, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 214, 192



169, 215, 217



227, 199, 221



239, 197, 197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 214, 192



245, 255, 247



207, 214, 185



121, 128, 123



0, 0, 0



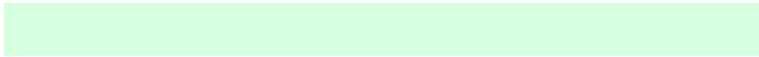
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 214, 192



214, 255, 224



185, 214, 206



96, 107, 99



0, 171, 41



0, 43, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 185, 207



255, 214, 245



214, 185, 193



107, 96, 105



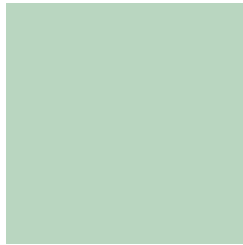
171, 0, 130



43, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 214, 192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

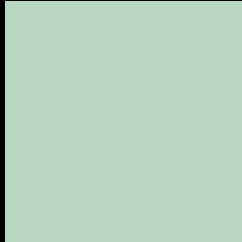
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 214, 192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

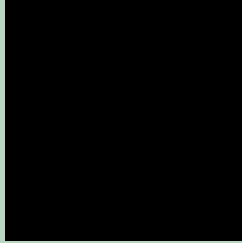
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

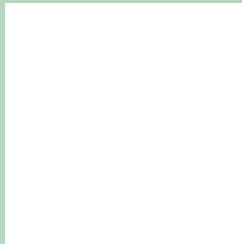
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 214, 192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 214, 192.

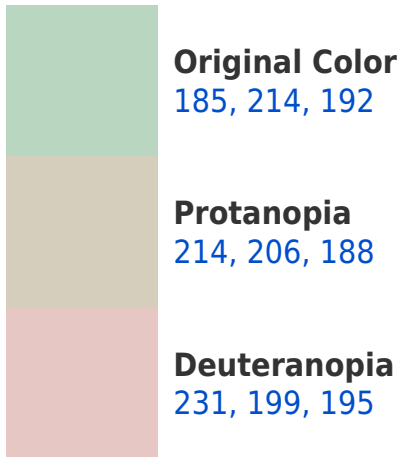


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 214, 192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
191, 209, 226

Trichromacy



Original Color
185, 214, 192

Protanomaly
203, 209, 189

Deuteranomaly
214, 204, 194

Tritanomaly
189, 211, 214

Monochromacy



Original Color
185, 214, 192

Achromatopsia
203, 203, 203

Achromatomaly
196, 207, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 214, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 214, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 214, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 214, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 214, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 214, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 214, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 214, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 214, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 214, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 214, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 214,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 214, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 214, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
214, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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