

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 67, 202)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 67, 202) contains.

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Color

RGB(185, 67, 202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B943CA
RGB	185, 67, 202
RGB Percent	73%, 26%, 79%
CMY	0.2745, 0.7373, 0.2078
CMYK	0.08, 0.67, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	292°, 56%, 53%
HSV	292°, 67%, 79%
XYZ	32.6754, 18.5929, 57.7437
YIQ	117.6720, 26.9930, 67.0010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

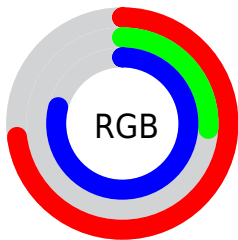
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 67, 202
Decimal	12141514
CIE _{Lab}	50.21, 64.89, -47.74
CIE _{LCh}	50, 80.556, 323.660
Yxy	18.5929, 0.2997, 0.1706
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290331594 (0xFFB943CA)
YUV	117.6720, 41.5737, 59.0467
Hunter-Lab	43.1194, 59.8062, -49.2150

Details

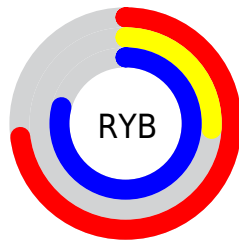
The RGB color **185, 67, 202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **84, 202, 67**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 124, 255**, and **128, 0, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 47, 202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 87, 202**.

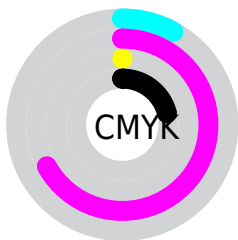
Distribution



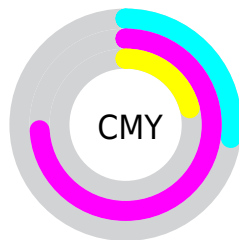
- Red (73%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 67, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 67, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 185, 67, 202

 185, 67, 202

255, 255, 255

 156, 35, 174

 244, 124, 255

 128, 0, 147

 255, 152, 255

 100, 0, 121

 255, 180, 255

 73, 0, 95

 255, 209, 255

 49, 0, 71

 255, 238, 255

 14, 0, 48

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0

 185, 67, 202

 185, 67, 202

■ 182, 47, 202

■ 188, 87, 202

■ 180, 27, 202

■ 190, 107, 202

■ 177, 6, 202

■ 193, 128, 202

■ 177, 0, 202

■ 195, 148, 202

■ 198, 168, 202

■ 200, 188, 202

■ 203, 208, 202

■ 205, 229, 202

■ 208, 249, 202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66, 108, 247



185, 67, 202



230, 0, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 67, 202



158, 112, 0



0, 148, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 67, 202



84, 202, 67

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 147, 102



185, 67, 202



93, 132, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 67, 202



206, 78, 0



0, 142, 23



0, 145, 230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 67, 202



236, 0, 92



0, 142, 23



0, 148, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 67, 202



249, 204, 255



67, 85, 202



124, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 67, 202



229, 51, 255



202, 67, 152



101, 92, 102



145, 0, 166



33, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 67, 84



255, 51, 77



67, 202, 117



102, 92, 93



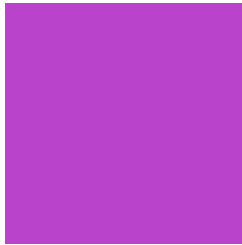
166, 0, 21



38, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 67, 202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

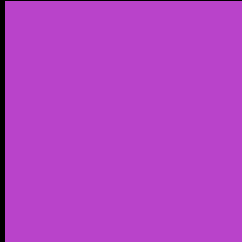
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 67, 202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

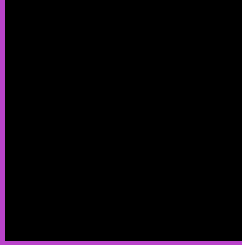
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 67, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 67, 202.

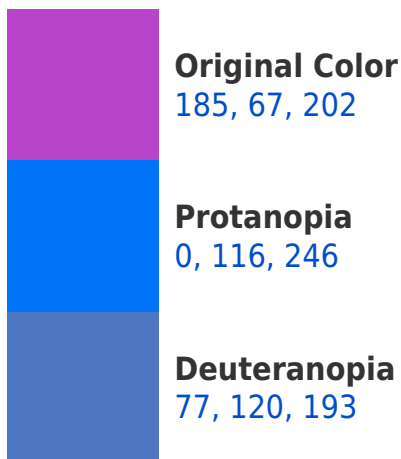


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 67, 202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
173, 98, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color
185, 67, 202



Protanomaly
67, 98, 230



Deuteranomaly
116, 101, 196



Tritanomaly
177, 87, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
185, 67, 202



Achromatopsia
118, 118, 118



Achromatomaly
142, 99, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 67, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 67, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 67, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 67, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 67, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 67, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 67, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 67, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 67, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 67, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 67, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 67,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 67, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 67, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185, 67,  
202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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