

Converting Colors

RGB(185, 68, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(185, 68, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(185, 68, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9447D
RGB	185, 68, 125
RGB Percent	73%, 27%, 49%
CMY	0.2745, 0.7333, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.32, 0.27
HSL	331°, 46%, 50%
HSV	331°, 63%, 73%
XYZ	25.7764, 15.9292, 21.1181
YIQ	109.4810, 51.4350, 42.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

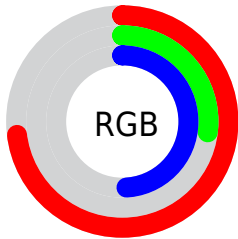
Format	Color
R _Y B	185, 68, 125
Decimal	12141693
CIE Lab	46.88, 52.60, -7.35
CIE LCh	47, 53.112, 352.042
Yxy	15.9292, 0.4103, 0.2536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290331773 (0xFFB9447D)
YUV	109.4810, 7.6509, 66.2302
Hunter-Lab	39.9114, 45.4375, -3.4338

Details

The RGB color **185, 68, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **68, 185, 128**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 122, 178**, and **128, 0, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 50, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 86, 134**.

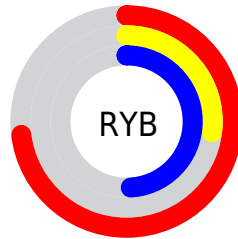
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (27%)

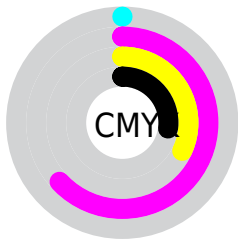
Blue (49%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (49%)

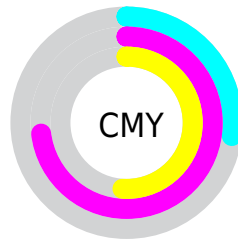


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 185, 68, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 185, 68, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



185, 68, 125



185, 68, 125

255, 255, 255



156, 39, 100



244, 122, 178



128, 0, 76



255, 150, 205



100, 0, 54



255, 178, 233



73, 0, 32



255, 206, 255



49, 0, 7



255, 236, 255



0, 0, 0



185, 68, 125



185, 68, 125



185, 50, 116



185, 86, 134



185, 31, 106



185, 105, 144


 185, 12, 97


 185, 124, 153

 185, 0, 90

 185, 142, 163

 185, 161, 172

 185, 179, 182

 185, 197, 191

 185, 216, 201

 185, 235, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 84, 167



185, 68, 125



190, 70, 80

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185, 68, 125



101, 119, 13



0, 129, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185, 68, 125



68, 185, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 132, 143



185, 68, 125



41, 127, 53

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185, 68, 125



143, 105, 5



0, 131, 97



0, 120, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185, 68, 125



182, 80, 53



0, 131, 97



0, 130, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185, 68, 125



240, 194, 216



127, 68, 185



120, 92, 106



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185, 68, 125



240, 58, 146



185, 68, 68



92, 83, 87



156, 0, 76



28, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 68, 125



240, 58, 146



68, 185, 185



92, 83, 87



156, 0, 76



28, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 68, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

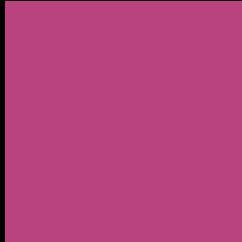
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 185, 68, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 185, 68, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 68, 125.

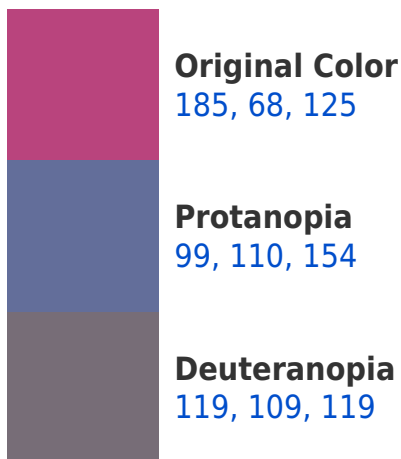


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 185, 68, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
182, 78, 83

Trichromacy



Original Color

185, 68, 125

Protanomaly

130, 95, 143

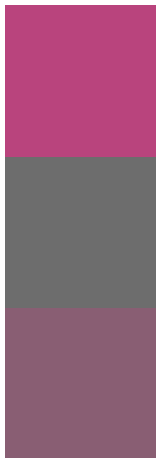
Deuteranomaly

143, 94, 121

Tritanomaly

183, 74, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color

185, 68, 125

Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109

Achromatomaly

137, 94, 115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 185, 68, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 68, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 68, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 68, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 68, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 185, 68, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 68, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 68, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 68, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 68, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 68, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 68, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 185, 68, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 68, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185, 68,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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